

CONDOMINIUM PUBLIC REPORT

Prepared &

Issued by: Developer Christopher (NMN) Boyles
Address P.O. Box 44674, Kamuela, HI 96743

Project Name(*): KOHALA ESTATES, LOT 72-B
Address: North Kohala, Hawaii

Registration No. 2830 (Conversion) Effective date: June 10, 1993
Expiration date: July 10, 1994

Preparation of this Report:

This report has been prepared by the Developer pursuant to the Condominium Property Act, Chapter 514A, Hawaii Revised Statutes, as amended. This report is not valid unless the Hawaii Real Estate Commission has issued a registration number and effective date for the report.

This report has not been prepared or issued by the Real Estate Commission or any other government agency. Neither the Commission nor any other government agency has judged or approved the merits or value, if any, of the project or of purchasing an apartment in the project.

Buyers are encouraged to read this report carefully, and to seek professional advice before signing a sales contract for the purchase of an apartment in the project.

Expiration Date of Reports. Preliminary Public Reports and Final Public Reports automatically expire thirteen (13) months from the effective date unless a Supplementary Public Report is issued or unless the Commission issues an order, a copy of which is attached to this report, extending the effective date for the report.

Exception: The Real Estate Commission may issue an order, a copy of which shall be attached to this report, that the final public report for a two apartment condominium project shall have no expiration date.

Type of Report:

PRELIMINARY: The developer may not as yet have created the condominium but has filed with the Real Estate Commission minimal information sufficient for a Preliminary Public Report. A Final Public Report will be issued by the developer when complete information is filed.

X FINAL: The developer has legally created a condominium and has filed complete information with the Commission.
[X] No prior reports have been issued.
[] This report supersedes all prior public reports.
[] This report must be read together with

SUPPLEMENTARY: This report updates information contained in the:
[] Preliminary Public Report dated:
[] Final Public Report dated:
[] Supplementary Public Report dated:

And [] Supersedes all prior public reports
[] Must be read together with
[] This report reactivates the public report(s) which expired on

(*) Exactly as named in the Declaration

Disclosure Abstract: Separate Disclosure Abstract on this condominium project:

Required and attached to this report Not Required - disclosures covered in this report.

Summary of Changes from Earlier Public Reports:

This summary contains a general description of the changes, if any, made by the developer since the last public report was issued. It is not necessarily all inclusive. Prospective buyers should compare this public report with the earlier reports if they wish to know the specific changes that have been made.

No prior reports have been issued by the developer.

Changes made are as follows:

SPECIAL NOTICE:

THERE ARE COUNTY RESTRICTIONS ON THE NUMBER OF RESIDENTIAL DWELLING UNITS, OR OTHER STRUCTURES, WHICH MAY BE BUILT UPON THE PROPERTY. THEREFORE, UNLESS THE PURCHASER IS PURCHASING AN EXISTING RESIDENTIAL DWELLING, THERE IS NO ASSURANCE THAT THE PURCHASER WILL BE ABLE TO BUILD A RESIDENTIAL DWELLING UNIT ON THE PROPERTY. THERE IS ALSO NO ASSURANCE THAT THE PURCHASER WILL BE ABLE TO CONVERT AN EXISTING NON-RESIDENTIAL STRUCTURE TO A RESIDENTIAL USE. THE PURCHASER SHOULD CONSULT WITH THE APPROPRIATE COUNTY AGENCIES TO DETERMINE WHETHER THE PURCHASER MAY BUILD A RESIDENTIAL DWELLING UNIT, OR ANY OTHER TYPE OF STRUCTURE, UPON THE PROPERTY.

1. This Public Report does not constitute an approval of the project nor that all County codes, ordinances and subdivision requirements have been complied with. Subsequent development and use shall comply with all applicable County Codes and ordinances.
2. This project does not involve the sale of individual subdivided lots. Dotted lines within the interior boundaries of the lot as they appear on the Condominium Map denote the areas designated as limited common elements and do not indicate subdivided lots.
3. Facilities and improvements normally associated with County approved subdivisions, such as fire protection devices, County street lighting, electricity, upgraded water facilities, improved access for owner and emerging traffic, drainage facilities, etc., may not necessarily be provided for, and services such as County street maintenance and trash collection will not be available for interior roads and driveways.

THE PROSPECTIVE PURCHASER IS CAUTIONED TO CAREFULLY REVIEW THE CONDOMINIUM DOCUMENTS FOR FURTHER INFORMATION WITH REGARD TO THE FOREGOING.

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General Information On Condominiums

A condominium is a special form of real property. To create a condominium in Hawaii, the requirements of the Condominium Property Act, Chapter 514A, Hawaii Revised Statutes, must be complied with. In addition, certain requirements and approvals of the County in which the project is located must be satisfied and obtained.

Some condominium projects are leasehold. This means that the land or the building(s) and other improvements are leased to the buyer. The lease for the land usually requires that at the end of the lease term, the lessees (apartment owners/tenants) deliver their interest in the land to the lessor (fee property owner). The lease also usually requires that the lessees either (1) convey to the lessor the building(s) and other improvements, including any improvements paid for by the lessees; or (2) remove or dispose of the improvements at the lessee's expense. Leases for individual apartments often require that at the end of the lease term, the lessee deliver to the lessor the apartment, including any improvements placed in the apartment by the lessee.

If you are a typical condominium apartment owner, you will have two kinds of ownership: (1) ownership in your individual apartment; and (2) an undivided interest in the common elements.

"Common elements" are the areas of the condominium project other than the individual apartments. They are owned jointly by all apartment owners and include the land, either in fee simple or leasehold, and those parts of the building or buildings intended for common use such as foundations, columns, roofs, halls, elevators, and the like. Your undivided interest in the common elements cannot be separated from ownership of your apartment.

In some condominium projects, some common elements are reserved for the exclusive use of the owners of certain apartments. These common elements are called "limited common elements" and may include parking stalls, patios, lanais, trash chutes, and the like.

You will be entitled to exclusive ownership and possession of your apartment. Condominium apartments may be individually bought, sold, rented, mortgaged or encumbered, and may be disposed of by will, gift, or operation of law.

Your apartment will, however, be part of the group of apartments that comprise the condominium project. Study the project's Declaration, Bylaws, and House Rules. These documents contain important information on the use and occupancy of apartments and the common elements as well as the rules of conduct for owners, tenants, and guests.

Operation of the Condominium Project

The Association of Apartment Owners is the entity through which apartment owners may take action with regard to the administration, management, and operation of the condominium project. Each apartment owner is automatically a member of the Association.

The Board of Directors is the governing body of the Association. Unless you serve as a board member or an officer, or are on a committee appointed by the board, your participation in the administration and operation of the condominium project will in most cases be limited to your right to vote as an apartment owner. The Board of Directors and officers can take certain actions without the vote of the owners. For example, the board may hire and fire employees, increase or decrease maintenance fees, borrow money for repair and improvements and set a budget. Some of these actions may significantly impact the apartment owners.

Until there is a sufficient number of purchasers of apartments to elect a majority of the Board of Directors, it is likely that the developer will effectively control the affairs of the Association. It is frequently necessary for the developer to do so during the early stages of development and the developer may reserve certain special rights to do so in the Declaration and Bylaws. Prospective buyers should understand that it is important to all apartment owners that the transition of control from the developer to the apartment owners be accomplished in an orderly manner and in a spirit of cooperation.

I. PERSONS CONNECTED WITH THE PROJECT

Developer: Christopher (NMN) Boyles Phone: 882-7697
Name (Business)
P.O. Box 44674
Business Address
Kamuela, HI 96743

Names of officers or general partners of developers who are corporations or partnerships:

Real Estate
Broker: Developer as Owner Phone: _____
Name (Business)
Business Address

Escrow: Title Guaranty Escrow Services, Inc. Phone: 521-0211
Name (Business)
235 Queen Street
Business Address
Honolulu, HI 96813

General
Contractor: N/A Phone: _____
Name (Business)
Business Address

Condominium
Managing
Agent: Self Managed by the Association of Phone: _____
Name Apartment Owners (Business)
Business Address

Attorney for
Developer: N/A Phone: _____
Name (Business)
Business Address

**II. CREATION OF THE CONDOMINIUM;
CONDOMINIUM DOCUMENTS**

A condominium is created by recording in the Bureau of Conveyances and/or filing with the Land Court a Declaration of Condominium Property Regime, a Condominium Map (File Plan), and the Bylaws of the Association of Apartment Owners. The Condominium Property Act (Chapter 514A, HRS), the Declaration, Bylaws, and House Rules control the rights and obligations of the apartment owners with respect to the project and the common elements, to each other, and to their respective apartments. The provisions of these documents are intended to be, and in most cases are, enforceable in a court of law.

- A. Declaration of Condominium Property Regime contains a description of the land, buildings, apartments, common elements, limited common elements, common interests, and other information relating to the condominium project.

The Declaration for this condominium is:

- Proposed
 Recorded - Bureau of Conveyances: Document No. _____
Book _____ Page _____
 Filed - Land Court: Document No. 1974502

The Declaration referred to above has been amended by the following instruments [state name of document, date and recording/filing information]:

First Amendment to the Declaration of Condominium Property Regime dated April 27, 1993, filed as Land Court Document Number 2026608 on 5/21/93

- B. Condominium Map (File Plan) shows the floor plan, elevation and layout of the condominium project. It also shows the floor plan, location, apartment number, and dimensions of each apartment.

The Condominium Map for this condominium project is:

- Proposed
 Recorded - Bureau of Conveyances Condo Map No. _____
 Filed - Land Court Condo Map No. 939

The Condominium Map has been amended by the following instruments [state name of document, date and recording/filing information]:

- C. Bylaws of the Association of Apartment Owners govern the operation of the condominium project. They provide for the manner in which the Board of Directors of the Association of Apartment Owners is elected, the powers and duties of the Board, the manner in which meetings will be conducted, whether pets are prohibited or allowed and other matters which affect how the condominium project will be governed.

The Bylaws for this condominium are:

- Proposed
 Recorded - Bureau of Conveyances: Document No. _____
Book _____ Page _____
 Filed - Land Court: Document No. 1974503

The Bylaws referred to above have been amended by the following instruments [state name of document, date and recording/filing information]:

D. House Rules. The Board of Directors may adopt House Rules to govern the use and operation of the common elements and limited common elements. House Rules may cover matters such as parking regulations, hours of operation for common facilities such as recreation areas, use of lanais and requirements for keeping pets. These rules must be followed by owners, tenants, and guests. They do not need to be recorded or filed to be effective. The initial House Rules are usually adopted by the developer.

The House Rules for this condominium are:

Proposed Adopted Developer does not plan to adopt House Rules

E. Changes to Condominium Documents

Changes to the Declaration, Condominium Map, and Bylaws are effective only if they are duly adopted and recorded and/or filed. Changes to House Rules do not need to be recorded or filed to be effective.

1. Apartment Owners: Minimum percentage of common interest which must vote for or give written consent to changes:

	<u>Minimum Set by Law</u>	<u>This Condominium</u>
Declaration (and Condo Map)	75%*	<u>100%</u>
Bylaws	65%	<u>65%</u>
House Rules	—	<u>N/A</u>

* The percentages for individual condominium projects may be more than the minimum set by law for projects with five or fewer apartments.

2. Developer:

No rights have been reserved by the developer to change the Declaration, Condominium Map, Bylaws or House Rules.

Developer has reserved the following rights to change the Declaration, Condominium Map, Bylaws or House Rules:

III. THE CONDOMINIUM PROJECT

A. Interest to be Conveyed to Buyer:

- Fee Simple: Individual apartments and the common elements, which include the underlying land, will be in fee simple.
- Leasehold or Subleasehold: Individual apartments and the common elements, which include the underlying land will be leasehold.

Leases for the individual apartments and the underlying land usually require that at the end of the lease term, the lessee (apartment owner/tenant) deliver to the lessor (fee property owner) possession of the leased premises and all improvements, including improvements paid for by the lessee.

Exhibit _____ contains further explanations regarding the manner in which the renegotiated lease rents will be calculated and a description of the surrender clause provision(s).

Lease Term Expires: _____

Rent Renegotiation Date(s): _____

Lease Rent Payable: Monthly Quarterly
 Semi-Annually Annually

Exhibit _____ contains a schedule of the lease rent for each apartment per Month Year

For Subleaseholds:

- Buyer's sublease may be canceled if the master lease between the sublessor and fee owner is:
 Canceled Foreclosed

- As long as the buyer is not in default, the buyer may continue to occupy the apartment and/or land on the same terms contained in the sublease even if the master lease is canceled or foreclosed.

Individual Apartments in Fee Simple; Common Interest in the Underlying Land in Leasehold or Subleasehold:

Leases for the underlying land usually require that at the end of the lease term, the lessees (apartment owners/tenants) deliver to the lessor (fee property owner) their interest in the land and that they either (1) remove or dispose of the building(s) and other improvements at the lessee's expense; or (2) convey the building(s) and improvements to the lessor, often at a specified price.

Exhibit _____ contains further explanations regarding the manner in which the renegotiated lease rents will be calculated and a description of the surrender clause provision(s).

Lease Term Expires: _____

Rent Renegotiation Date(s): _____

Lease Rent Payable: Monthly Quarterly
 Semi-Annually Annually

Exhibit _____ contains a schedule of the lease rent for each apartment per Month Year

Other:

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ON LEASEHOLD CONDOMINIUM PROJECTS

The information contained in this report is a summary of the terms of the lease. For more detailed information, you should secure a copy of the lease documents and read them thoroughly.

If you have any legal questions about leasehold property, the lease documents or the terms of the lease and the consequences of becoming a lessee, you should seek the advice of an attorney.

There are currently no statutory provisions for the mandatory conversion of leasehold condominiums and there are no assurances that such measures will be enacted in the future.

In leasehold condominium projects, the buyer of an apartment will acquire the right to occupy and use the apartment for the time stated in the lease agreement. The buyer will not acquire outright or absolute fee simple ownership of the land. The land is owned by the lessor or the leased fee owner. The apartment owner or lessee must make lease rent payments and comply with the terms of the lease or be subject to the lessor's enforcement actions. The lease rent payments are usually fixed at specific amounts for fixed periods of time, and are then subject to renegotiation. Renegotiation may be based on a formula, by arbitration set in the lease agreement, by law or by agreement between the lessor and lessee. The renegotiated lease rents may increase significantly. At the end of the lease, the apartment owners may have to surrender the apartments, the improvements and the land back to the lessor without any compensation (surrender clause).

When leasehold property is sold, title is normally conveyed by means of an assignment of lease, the purpose of which is similar to that of a deed. The legal and practical effect is different because the assignment conveys only the rights and obligations created by the lease, not the property itself.

The developer of this condominium project may have entered into a master ground lease with the fee simple owner of the land in order to develop the project. The developer may have then entered into a sublease or a new lease of the land with the lessee (apartment owner). The developer may lease the improvements to the apartment owner by way of an apartment lease or sublease, or sell the improvements to the apartment owners by way of a condominium conveyance or apartment deed.

B. Underlying Land:

Address: Kohala Estates Subdivision Tax Map Key: (3) 5-9-006-023
North Kohala, Hawaii (TMK)

Address TMK is expected to change because _____

Land Area: 3.026 square feet acre(s) Zoning: Ag - 3

Lessor

(Fee Owner): Christopher (NMN) Boyles

Name _____

P. O. Box 44674

Address _____

Kamuela, HI 96743

Sublessor:

Name _____

Address _____

C. Buildings and Other Improvements:

1. New Building(s) Conversion of Existing Building(s) Both New Building(s) and Conversion

2. Number of Buildings: 3 Floors Per Building 1

Exhibit _____ contains further explanations.

3. Principal Construction Material:

Concrete Hollow Tile Wood

Other _____

4. Permitted Uses by Zoning:

	No. of <u>Apts.</u>	Use Permitted <u>By Zoning</u>	No. of <u>Apts.</u>	Use Determined <u>By Zoning</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> Residential	_____	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ohana	<u>1</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
<input type="checkbox"/> Commercial	_____	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Industrial	_____	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
<input type="checkbox"/> Mix Res/Comm	_____	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Agricultural	<u>1</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
<input type="checkbox"/> Hotel	_____	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Recreational	_____	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
<input type="checkbox"/> Timeshare	_____	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No

Is/Are this/these use(s) specifically permitted by the project's Declaration or Bylaws?

Yes No

5. Special Use Restrictions:

The Declaration and Bylaws may contain restrictions on the use and occupancy of the apartments. Restrictions for this condominium project include but are not limited to:

[] Pets: _____

[] Number of Occupants: _____

[] Other: _____

[X] There are no special use restrictions.

6. Interior (fill in appropriate numbers):

Elevators: 0 Stairways: 0 Trash Chutes: 0

<u>Apt.</u> <u>Type</u>	<u>Quantity</u>	<u>BR/Bath</u>	<u>Net</u> <u>Living Area (sf)*</u>	<u>Lanai/Patio (sf)</u>	<u>Garage/Office</u>
<u>Unit 1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>4/3</u>	<u>2,497 sf</u>	<u>26 sf</u>	<u>1,280 sf</u>
<u>Unit 2</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>3/3</u>	<u>1,300 sf</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>400 sf</u>
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____

Total Apartments: 2

*Net Living Area is the floor area of the apartment measured from the interior surface of the apartment perimeter walls.

Other documents and maps may give floor area figures which differ from those above because a different method of determining the floor area may have been used.

Boundaries of Each Apartment:

See Exhibit "A"

Permitted Alterations to Apartments:

As noted in the Declaration, individual unit owners may, at their sole discretion and at their own expense, remodel, expand or otherwise alter their unit, provided said alterations are done in complete accordance with all applicable ordinances, codes, rules, regulations and other requirements in force at the time of said construction.

11. Conformance to Present Zoning Code

a. No variances to zoning code have been granted.

Variance(s) to zoning code was/were granted as follows:

b. Conforming/Non-Conforming Uses, Structures, Lot

In general, a non-conforming use, structure, or lot is a use, structure, or lot which was lawful at one time but which does not now conform to present zoning requirements.

	<u>Conforming</u>	<u>Non-Conforming</u>	<u>Illegal</u>
Uses	<u> X </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Structures	<u> X </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Lot	<u> X </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

If a variance has been granted or if uses, improvements or lot are either non-conforming or illegal, buyer should consult with county zoning authorities as to possible limitations which may apply.

Limitations may include restrictions on extending, enlarging, or continuing the non-conformity, and restrictions on altering and repairing structures. In some cases, a non-conforming structure that is destroyed or damaged cannot be reconstructed.

The buyer may not be able to obtain financing or insurance if the condominium project has a non-conforming or illegal use, structure, or lot.

D. Common Elements, Limited Common Elements, Common Interest:

1. Common Elements: Common Elements are those parts of the condominium project other than the individual apartments. Although the common elements are owned jointly by all apartment owners, those portions of the common elements which are designated as limited common elements (see paragraph 2 below) may be used only by those apartments to which they are assigned. The common elements for this project, as described in the Declaration, are:

described in Exhibit A .

as follows:

2. Limited Common Elements: Limited Common Elements are those common elements which are reserved for the exclusive use of the owners of certain apartments.

There are no limited common elements in this project.

The limited common elements and the apartments which use them, as described in the Declaration, are:

described in Exhibit A.

as follows:

3. Common Interest: Each apartment will have an undivided fractional interest in all of the common elements. This interest is called the "common interest." It is used to determine each apartment's share of the maintenance fees and other common profits and expenses of the condominium project. It may also be used for other purposes, including voting on matters requiring action by apartment owners. The common interests for the apartments in this project, as described in the Declaration, are:

described in Exhibit _____.

as follows:

Each unit and its owner(s) shall have appurtenant thereto a one-half (1/2) fractional interest (50.0 percentage interest) in the common elements of the Project, for all purposes including voting, said interest being referred to as the "common interest".

E. Encumbrances Against Title: An encumbrance is a claim against or a liability on the property or a document affecting the title or use of the property. Encumbrances may have an adverse effect on the property or your purchase and ownership of an apartment in the project.

Exhibit B describes the encumbrances against the title contained in the title report dated JAN 7 1993 and issued by TITLE GUARANTY OF HAWAII.

Blanket Liens:

A blanket lien is an encumbrance (such as a mortgage) on the entire condominium project that secures some type of monetary debt (such as a loan) or other obligation. A blanket lien is usually released on an apartment-by-apartment basis upon payment of specified sums so that individual apartments can be conveyed to buyers free and clear of the lien.

[X] There are no blanket liens affecting title to the individual apartments.

[] There are blanket liens which may affect title to the individual apartments.

Blanket liens (except for improvement district or utility assessments) must be released before the developer conveys the apartment to a buyer. The buyer's interest will be affected if the developer defaults and the lien is foreclosed prior to conveying the apartment to buyer.

<u>Type of Lien</u>	<u>Effect on Buyer's Interest and Deposit if Developer Defaults or Lien is Foreclosed Prior to Conveyance</u>
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F. Construction Warranties:

Warranties for individual apartments and the common elements, including the beginning and ending dates for each warranty, are as follows:

1. Building and Other Improvements:

All improvements are sold "as is" and there are no implied or expressed warranties of any type other than those which the developer expressly states in a contract to sell.

2. Appliances:

All appliances are sold "as is" and there are no implied or expressed warranties of any type. If any manufacturers' warranties still in effect can be passed to the new owner, the developer shall do so.

G. Status of Construction and Estimated Completion Date:

The project is the conversion of existing structures. The developer represents that Unit 1 was completed in 1990 and Unit 2 in 1992

H. Project Phases:

The developer [] has [x] has not reserved the right to add to, merge, or phase this condominium.

Summary of Developer's plans or right to perform for future development (such as additions, mergers or phasing):

IV. CONDOMINIUM MANAGEMENT

- A. **Management of the Common Elements:** The Association of Apartment Owners is responsible for the management of the common elements and the overall operation of the condominium project. The Association may be permitted, and in some cases may be required, to employ or retain a condominium managing agent to assist the Association in managing the condominium project.

Initial Condominium Managing Agent: When the developer or the developer's affiliate is the initial condominium managing agent, the management contract must have a term of one year or less and the parties must be able to terminate the contract on notice of 60 days or less.

The initial condominium managing agent for this project, named on page five (5) of this report, is:

- not affiliated with the Developer the Developer or the Developer's affiliate.
 self-managed by the Association of Apartment Owners other _____

- B. **Estimate of Initial Maintenance Fees:**

The Association will make assessments against your apartment to provide funds for the operation and maintenance of the condominium project. If you are delinquent in paying the assessments, your apartment may be liened and sold through a foreclosure proceeding.

Initial maintenance fees are difficult to estimate and tend to increase as the condominium ages. Maintenance fees may vary depending on the services provided.

Exhibit * contains a schedule of estimated initial maintenance fees and maintenance fee disbursements (subject to change).

* See Page 20

- C. **Utility Charges for Apartments:**

Each apartment will be billed separately for utilities except for the following checked utilities which are included in the maintenance fees:

- None Electricity Gas Water
 Sewer Television Cable Other _____

V. MISCELLANEOUS

A. Sales Documents Filed With the Real Estate Commission:

Sales documents on file with the Real Estate Commission include but are not limited to:

- Notice to Owner Occupants
- Specimen Sales Contract Hawaii Association of Realtors' form of Deposit Receipt, Offer Exhibit D contains a summary of the pertinent provisions of the sales contract. & Acceptance ("DROA")
- Escrow Agreement dated January 5, 1993 Exhibit C contains a summary of the pertinent provisions of the escrow agreement.
- Other _____

B. Buyer's Right to Cancel Sales Contract:

1. Rights Under the Condominium Property Act (Chapter 514A, HRS):

Preliminary Report: Sales made by the developer are not binding on the prospective buyer. Sales made by the developer may be binding on the developer unless the developer clearly states in the sales contract that sales are not binding. A prospective buyer who cancels the sales contract is entitled to a refund of all moneys paid, less any escrow cancellation fee up to \$250.00.

Supplementary Report to a Preliminary Report: Same as for Preliminary Report.

Final Report or Supplementary Report to a Final Report: Sales made by the developer are binding if:

- A) The Developer delivers to the buyer a copy of:
 - 1) Either the Final Public Report OR the Supplementary Public Report which has superseded the Final Public Report for which an effective date has been issued by the Real Estate Commission;
AND
 - 2) Any other public report issued by the developer prior to the date of delivery, if the report was not previously delivered to the buyer and if the report has not been superseded;
- B) The buyer is given an opportunity to read the report(s); AND
- C) One of the following has occurred:
 - 1) The buyer has signed a receipt for the report(s) and waived the right to cancel; or
 - 2) Thirty (30) days have passed from the time the report(s) were delivered to the buyer; or
 - 3) The apartment is conveyed to the buyer within 30 days from the date the report(s) were delivered to the buyer.

Material Change: Binding contracts with the Developer may be rescinded by the buyer if:

- A) There is a material change in the project which directly, substantially, and adversely affects (1) the use or value of the buyer's apartment or its limited common elements; or (2) the amenities available for buyer's use; AND
- B) The buyer has not waived the right to rescind.

If the buyer rescinds a binding sales contract because there has been a material change, the buyer is entitled to a full and prompt refund of any moneys the buyer paid.

2. Rights Under the Sales Contract: Before signing the sales contract, prospective buyers should ask to see and carefully review all documents relating to the project. If these documents are not in final form, the buyer should ask to see the most recent draft. These include but are not limited to the:
- A) Condominium Public Reports issued by the developer which have been given an effective date by the Hawaii Real Estate Commission.
 - B) Declaration of Condominium Property Regime.
 - C) Bylaws of the Association of Apartment Owners.
 - D) House Rules.
 - E) Condominium Map.
 - F) Escrow Agreement.
 - G) Hawaii's Condominium Property Act (Chapter 514A, HRS, as amended) and Hawaii Administrative Rules, (Chapter 16-107, adopted by the Real Estate Commission, as amended).
 - H) Other _____

Copies of the condominium and sales documents and amendments made by the developer are available for review through the developer and are on file at the Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs. Reprints of Hawaii's Condominium Property Act (Chapter 514A, HRS) and Hawaii Administrative Rules, Chapter 16-107, are available at the Cashier's Office, Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs, 1010 Richards Street, 3rd Floor, Honolulu, Hawaii, mailing address: P. O. Box 541, Honolulu, HI 96809, at a nominal cost.

This Public Report is a part of Registration No. 2830 filed with the Real Estate Commission on March 11, 199

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C. Additional Information Not Covered Above

Maintenance Fees:

All costs of every kind pertaining to each apartment and its respective limited common element, including but not limited to the cost of landscaping, maintenance, repair, replacement and improvement, shall be borne entirely by the respective apartment owner.

Section 514A-86, Hawaii Revised Statutes, requires the Association of Apartment Owners to purchase fire insurance to cover the improvements of the Project, and that premiums be common expenses. Developer anticipates that the Association will elect to permit individual apartment owners to obtain and maintain separate policies of fire insurance and name the Association as an additional insured. In such case, fire insurance premiums will be the responsibility of individual apartment owners and not a common expense.

- D. The developer hereby certifies that all the information contained in this Report and the Exhibits attached to this Report and all documents to be furnished by the developer to buyers concerning the project have been reviewed by the developer and are, to the best of the developer's knowledge, information and belief, true, correct and complete.

Christopher (NMN) Boyles

Name of Developer

By: 
Duly Authorized Signatory

6/6/93
Date

Christopher (NMN) Boyles, Developer

print name & title of person signing above

Distribution:

Department of Finance, County of Hawaii
Planning Department, County of Hawaii
Federal Housing Administration

Exhibit "A"

Common Elements and Limited Common Elements

Common Elements:

1. The land in fee simple;
2. All ducts, electrical equipment, wiring and other central and appurtenant installation for common services, if any, including power, light, sewage, irrigation and telephone;
3. Any and all other elements and facilities rationally in common use or necessary to the existence, upkeep and safety of the Project.

Limited Common Elements:

Unit 1: That certain land area upon and around which Unit 1 is located, shown and designated on the Condominium Map, being approximately 2.026 acres, is deemed a limited common element appurtenant to and for the exclusive use of Unit 1.

Unit 2: That certain land area upon and around which Unit 2 is located, shown and designated on the Condominium Map, being approximately 1.0 acre, is deemed a limited common element appurtenant to and for the exclusive use of Unit 2.

NOTE: Land areas referenced herein are not legally subdivided lots.

EXHIBIT "B"

ENCUMBRANCES AGAINST TITLE

1. Real Property Taxes, as may be due and owing. Refer to the Director of Finance, County of Hawaii for further information.
2. DESIGNATION OF EASEMENT "622" (20 feet wide)

PURPOSE : Drainage
SHOWN : on Map 57, as set forth by Land Court Order No. 97158, filed March 9, 1990
3. The restrictions on use and other restrictions and all other of the covenants, agreements, obligations, conditions, reservations, easements and other provisions set forth in Declaration of Condominium Property regime dated October 29, 1992, recorded in the Bureau of Conveyances of the State of Hawaii as Document No. 1974502, as the same may hereafter be amended in accordance with law or with said Declaration. (Project covered by Condominium Map No. 939.)
4. By-Laws of the Association of Apartment Owners of the Condominium Project known as "KOHALA ESTATES, LOT 72-B" dated October 29, 1992, recorded in the Bureau of Conveyances of the State of Hawaii as Document No. 1974503, as the same may hereafter be amended.

NOTE: The Declaration in Item 3. (Three) was subsequently amended. See page 6 of this report.

End of EXHIBIT "B"

EXHIBIT "C"

Summary of Escrow Agreement

The Escrow Agreement sets up an agreement under which the deposits which a purchaser makes under a Sales Contract will be held by a neutral party ("Escrow"). Under the Escrow Agreement, these things will or may happen:

- (a) Escrow will let purchasers know when payments are due.
- (b) Escrow will arrange for purchasers to sign all necessary documents.
- (c) The Escrow Agreement says under what conditions a refund will be made to the purchaser.
- (d) The Escrow Agreement says what will happen to a purchaser's funds upon a default under the Sales Contract.

The Escrow Agreement contains various other provisions and establishes certain charges with which the purchaser should become acquainted.

EXHIBIT "C"

Exhibit "D"

SUMMARY OF THE SALES CONTRACT

The Seller intends to use the Hawaii Association of Realtors' form of Deposit Receipt, Offer and Acceptance ("DROA") as the sales contract for the sale of apartments in the Project. The sales contract contains the purchase price, description and location of the apartment and other terms and conditions under which a Buyer will agree to buy an apartment.

Among other things, the sales contract:

1. Provides a section for financing to be completed and agreed to by the parties which will set forth how Buyer will pay the purchase price.

2. Identifies the escrow agent and states that Buyer's deposit will be held in escrow until the sales contract is closed or cancelled.

3. Requires that Buyer must close the purchase at a certain date and pay closing costs, in addition to the purchase price.

4. Provides the following remedies, in the event of default under the sales contract:

by Buyer:

- a. Seller may bring an action against Buyer for breach of contract;
- b. Seller may retain Buyer's initial deposit;
- c. Buyer shall be responsible for expenses incurred.

by Seller:

- a. Buyer may bring an action against Seller for breach of contract;
- b. Buyer may bring an action compelling Seller to perform under contract;
- c. Seller shall be responsible for expenses incurred.

Any awards to the prevailing party in any action are subordinate to escrow's expenses.

5. Allocation of payment of closing costs.

The sales contract contains various other provisions which Buyer should become acquainted with.