

CONDOMINIUM PUBLIC REPORT

Prepared &

Issued by: Developer ROOSEVELT RASTEGAR and ZSUZSA RASTEGAR
Address 336 Wailupe Circle, Honolulu, HI 96821

Project Name(*): Coco Court
Address: 607 Isenberg Street, Honolulu, HI 96826

Registration No. 3269 (conversion) Effective date: May 8, 1995
Expiration date: June 8, 1996

Preparation of this Report:

This report has been prepared by the Developer pursuant to the Condominium Property Act, Chapter 514A, Hawaii Revised Statutes, as amended. This report is not valid unless the Hawaii Real Estate Commission has issued a registration number and effective date for the report.

This report has not been prepared or issued by the Real Estate Commission or any other government agency. Neither the Commission nor any other government agency has judged or approved the merits or value, if any, of the project or of purchasing an apartment in the project.

Buyers are encouraged to read this report carefully, and to seek professional advice before signing a sales contract for the purchase of an apartment in the project.

Expiration Date of Reports. Preliminary Public Reports and Final Public Reports automatically expire thirteen (13) months from the effective date unless a Supplementary Public Report is issued or unless the Commission issues an order, a copy of which is attached to this report, extending the effective date for the report.

Exception: The Real Estate Commission may issue an order, a copy of which shall be attached to this report, that the final public report for a two apartment condominium project shall have no expiration date.

Type of Report:

 PRELIMINARY: The developer may not as yet have created the condominium but has filed with the Real Estate Commission minimal information sufficient for a Preliminary Public Report. A Final Public Report will be issued by the developer when complete information is filed.
(yellow)

 X FINAL: The developer has legally created a condominium and has filed complete information with the Commission.
(white) No prior reports have been issued.
 This report supersedes all prior public reports.
 This report must be read together with _____

 SUPPLEMENTARY: This report updates information contained in the:
(pink) Preliminary Public Report dated: _____
 Final Public Report dated: _____
 Supplementary Public Report dated: _____

And Supersedes all prior public reports
 Must be read together with _____
 This report reactivates the _____
 public report(s) which expired on _____

(*) Exactly as named in the Declaration

Disclosure Abstract: Separate Disclosure Abstract on this condominium project:

Required and attached to this report Not Required - disclosures covered in this report.

Summary of Changes from Earlier Public Reports:

This summary contains a general description of the changes, if any, made by the developer since the last public report was issued. It is not necessarily all inclusive. Prospective buyers should compare this public report with the earlier reports if they wish to know the specific changes that have been made.

No prior reports have been issued by the developer.

Changes made are as follows:

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General Information On Condominiums

A condominium is a special form of real property. To create a condominium in Hawaii, the requirements of the Condominium Property Act, Chapter 514A, Hawaii Revised Statutes, must be complied with. In addition, certain requirements and approvals of the County in which the project is located must be satisfied and obtained.

Some condominium projects are leasehold. This means that the land or the building(s) and other improvements are leased to the buyer. The lease for the land usually requires that at the end of the lease term, the lessees (apartment owners/tenants) deliver their interest in the land to the lessor (fee property owner). The lease also usually requires that the lessees either (1) convey to the lessor the building(s) and other improvements, including any improvements paid for by the lessees; or (2) remove or dispose of the improvements at the lessee's expense. Leases for individual apartments often require that at the end of the lease term, the lessee deliver to the lessor the apartment, including any improvements placed in the apartment by the lessee.

If you are a typical condominium apartment owner, you will have two kinds of ownership: (1) ownership in your individual apartment; and (2) an undivided interest in the common elements.

"Common elements" are the areas of the condominium project other than the individual apartments. They are owned jointly by all apartment owners and include the land, either in fee simple or leasehold, and those parts of the building or buildings intended for common use such as foundations, columns, roofs, halls, elevators, and the like. Your undivided interest in the common elements cannot be separated from ownership of your apartment.

In some condominium projects, some common elements are reserved for the exclusive use of the owners of certain apartments. These common elements are called "limited common elements" and may include parking stalls, patios, lanais, trash chutes, and the like.

You will be entitled to exclusive ownership and possession of your apartment. Condominium apartments may be individually bought, sold, rented, mortgaged or encumbered, and may be disposed of by will, gift, or operation of law.

Your apartment will, however, be part of the group of apartments that comprise the condominium project. Study the project's Declaration, Bylaws, and House Rules. These documents contain important information on the use and occupancy of apartments and the common elements as well as the rules of conduct for owners, tenants, and guests.

Operation of the Condominium Project

The Association of Apartment Owners is the entity through which apartment owners may take action with regard to the administration, management, and operation of the condominium project. Each apartment owner is automatically a member of the Association.

The Board of Directors is the governing body of the Association. Unless you serve as a board member or an officer, or are on a committee appointed by the board, your participation in the administration and operation of the condominium project will in most cases be limited to your right to vote as an apartment owner. The Board of Directors and officers can take certain actions without the vote of the owners. For example, the board may hire and fire employees, increase or decrease maintenance fees, borrow money for repair and improvements and set a budget. Some of these actions may significantly impact the apartment owners.

Until there is a sufficient number of purchasers of apartments to elect a majority of the Board of Directors, it is likely that the developer will effectively control the affairs of the Association. It is frequently necessary for the developer to do so during the early stages of development and the developer may reserve certain special rights to do so in the Declaration and Bylaws. Prospective buyers should understand that it is important to all apartment owners that the transition of control from the developer to the apartment owners be accomplished in an orderly manner and in a spirit of cooperation.

I. PERSONS CONNECTED WITH THE PROJECT

Developer: Roosevelt Rastegar and
Zsuzsa Rastegar Phone: 373-2942
Name (Business)
336 Wailupe Circle
Business Address
Honolulu, Hawaii 96821

Names of officers or general partners of developers who are corporations or partnerships:

n/a

Real Estate Broker: Creative Industries, Inc. Phone: 531-9818
Name (Business)
1040 Richards Street, Suite 311
Business Address
Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

Escrow: First Hawaii Title Corp. Phone: 521-3411
Name (Business)
201 Merchant Street, #2000
Business Address
Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

General Contractor: n/a Phone: _____
Name (Business)

Business Address

Condominium Managing Agent: Century 21 Realty Specialists Corp. Phone: 949-6322
Name (Business)
1585 Kapiolani Blvd., #1530
Business Address
Honolulu, Hawaii 96826

Attorney for Developer: Richard G. MacMillan Phone: 538-0399
Name (Business)
820 Mililani Street, Suite 711
Business Address
Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

**II. CREATION OF THE CONDOMINIUM;
CONDOMINIUM DOCUMENTS**

A condominium is created by recording in the Bureau of Conveyances and/or filing with the Land Court a Declaration of Condominium Property Regime, a Condominium Map (File Plan), and the Bylaws of the Association of Apartment Owners. The Condominium Property Act (Chapter 514A, HRS), the Declaration, Bylaws, and House Rules control the rights and obligations of the apartment owners with respect to the project and the common elements, to each other, and to their respective apartments. The provisions of these documents are intended to be, and in most cases are, enforceable in a court of law.

- A. Declaration of Condominium Property Regime contains a description of the land, buildings, apartments, common elements, limited common elements, common interests, and other information relating to the condominium project.

The Declaration for this condominium is:

Proposed
 Recorded - Bureau of Conveyances: Document No. 94-200908
Book _____ Page _____
 Filed - Land Court: Document No. _____

The Declaration referred to above has been amended by the following instruments [state name of document, date and recording/filing information]:

- B. Condominium Map (File Plan) shows the floor plan, elevation and layout of the condominium project. It also shows the floor plan, location, apartment number, and dimensions of each apartment.

The Condominium Map for this condominium project is:

Proposed
 Recorded - Bureau of Conveyances Condo Map No. 2164
 Filed - Land Court Condo Map No. _____

The Condominium Map has been amended by the following instruments [state name of document, date and recording/filing information]:

- C. Bylaws of the Association of Apartment Owners govern the operation of the condominium project. They provide for the manner in which the Board of Directors of the Association of Apartment Owners is elected, the powers and duties of the Board, the manner in which meetings will be conducted, whether pets are prohibited or allowed and other matters which affect how the condominium project will be governed.

The Bylaws for this condominium are:

Proposed
 Recorded - Bureau of Conveyances: Document No. 94-200909
Book _____ Page _____
 Filed - Land Court: Document No. _____

The Bylaws referred to above have been amended by the following instruments [state name of document, date and recording/filing information]:

D. House Rules. The Board of Directors may adopt House Rules to govern the use and operation of the common elements and limited common elements. House Rules may cover matters such as parking regulations, hours of operation for common facilities such as recreation areas, use of lanais and requirements for keeping pets. These rules must be followed by owners, tenants, and guests. They do not need to be recorded or filed to be effective. The initial House Rules are usually adopted by the developer.

The House Rules for this condominium are:

Proposed Adopted Developer does not plan to adopt House Rules

E. Changes to Condominium Documents

Changes to the Declaration, Condominium Map, and Bylaws are effective only if they are duly adopted and recorded and/or filed. Changes to House Rules do not need to be recorded or filed to be effective.

1. Apartment Owners: Minimum percentage of common interest which must vote for or give written consent to changes:

	<u>Minimum Set by Law</u>	<u>This Condominium</u>
Declaration (and Condo Map)	75%*	<u>75%</u>
Bylaws	65%	<u>75%</u>
House Rules	---	<u>-0-</u>

* The percentages for individual condominium projects may be more than the minimum set by law for projects with five or fewer apartments.

2. Developer:

No rights have been reserved by the developer to change the Declaration, Condominium Map, Bylaws or House Rules.

Developer has reserved the following rights to change the Declaration, Condominium Map, Bylaws or House Rules:

Developer may amend said documents in any lawful manner prior to the first conveyance of an apartment.

III. THE CONDOMINIUM PROJECT

A. Interest to be Conveyed to Buyer:

- Fee Simple: Individual apartments and the common elements, which include the underlying land, will be in fee simple.
- Leasehold or Subleasehold: Individual apartments and the common elements, which include the underlying land will be leasehold.

Leases for the individual apartments and the underlying land usually require that at the end of the lease term, the lessee (apartment owner/tenant) deliver to the lessor (fee property owner) possession of the leased premises and all improvements, including improvements paid for by the lessee.

Exhibit _____ contains further explanations regarding the manner in which the renegotiated lease rents will be calculated and a description of the surrender clause provision(s).

Lease Term Expires: _____

Rent Renegotiation Date(s): _____

Lease Rent Payable: Monthly Quarterly
 Semi-Annually Annually

Exhibit _____ contains a schedule of the lease rent for each apartment per Month Year

For Subleaseholds:

- Buyer's sublease may be canceled if the master lease between the sublessor and fee owner is:
 - Canceled Foreclosed
- As long as the buyer is not in default, the buyer may continue to occupy the apartment and/or land on the same terms contained in the sublease even if the master lease is canceled or foreclosed.

Individual Apartments in Fee Simple; Common Interest in the Underlying Land in Leasehold or Subleasehold:

Leases for the underlying land usually require that at the end of the lease term, the lessees (apartment owners/tenants) deliver to the lessor (fee property owner) their interest in the land and that they either (1) remove or dispose of the building(s) and other improvements at the lessee's expense; or (2) convey the building(s) and improvements to the lessor, often at a specified price.

Exhibit _____ contains further explanations regarding the manner in which the renegotiated lease rents will be calculated and a description of the surrender clause provision(s).

Lease Term Expires: _____

Rent Renegotiation Date(s): _____

Lease Rent Payable: Monthly Quarterly
 Semi-Annually Annually

Exhibit _____ contains a schedule of the lease rent for each apartment per Month Year

[] Other:

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ON LEASEHOLD CONDOMINIUM PROJECTS

The information contained in this report is a summary of the terms of the lease. For more detailed information, you should secure a copy of the lease documents and read them thoroughly.

If you have any legal questions about leasehold property, the lease documents or the terms of the lease and the consequences of becoming a lessee, you should seek the advice of an attorney.

There are currently no statutory provisions for the mandatory conversion of leasehold condominiums and there are no assurances that such measures will be enacted in the future.

In leasehold condominium projects, the buyer of an apartment will acquire the right to occupy and use the apartment for the time stated in the lease agreement. The buyer will not acquire outright or absolute fee simple ownership of the land. The land is owned by the lessor or the leased fee owner. The apartment owner or lessee must make lease rent payments and comply with the terms of the lease or be subject to the lessor's enforcement actions. The lease rent payments are usually fixed at specific amounts for fixed periods of time, and are then subject to renegotiation. Renegotiation may be based on a formula, by arbitration set in the lease agreement, by law or by agreement between the lessor and lessee. The renegotiated lease rents may increase significantly. At the end of the lease, the apartment owners may have to surrender the apartments, the improvements and the land back to the lessor without any compensation (surrender clause).

When leasehold property is sold, title is normally conveyed by means of an assignment of lease, the purpose of which is similar to that of a deed. The legal and practical effect is different because the assignment conveys only the rights and obligations created by the lease, not the property itself.

The developer of this condominium project may have entered into a master ground lease with the fee simple owner of the land in order to develop the project. The developer may have then entered into a sublease or a new lease of the land with the lessee (apartment owner). The developer may lease the improvements to the apartment owner by way of an apartment lease or sublease, or sell the improvements to the apartment owners by way of a condominium conveyance or apartment deed.

B. Underlying Land:

Address: 607 Isenberg Street Tax Map Key: (1) 2-7-12-:40
Honolulu, Hawaii 96826 (TMK)

[] Address [] TMK is expected to change because _____

Land Area: 5,271 [XX] square feet [] acre(s) Zoning: A-4

Lessor
(Fee Owner): Roosevelt Rastegar and Zsuzsa Rastegar

Name
336 Wailupe Circle
Address
Honolulu, Hawaii 96821

Sublessor:
Name
Address

C. Buildings and Other Improvements:

1. New Building(s) Conversion of Existing Building(s) Both New Building(s) and Conversion

2. Number of Buildings: 2 Floors Per Building 2

Exhibit A contains further explanations.

3. Principal Construction Material:

Concrete Hollow Tile Wood

Other _____

4. Permitted Uses by Zoning:

	No. of Apts.	Use Permitted By Zoning		No. of Apts.	Use Determined By Zoning
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Residential	<u>8</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Ohana	___	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
<input type="checkbox"/> Commercial	___	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Industrial	___	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
<input type="checkbox"/> Mix Res/Comm	___	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Agricultural	___	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
<input type="checkbox"/> Hotel	___	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Recreational	___	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
<input type="checkbox"/> Timeshare	___	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____	___	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No

Is/Are this/these use(s) specifically permitted by the project's Declaration or Bylaws?
 Yes No

5. Special Use Restrictions:

The Declaration and Bylaws may contain restrictions on the use and occupancy of the apartments. Restrictions for this condominium project include but are not limited to:

- Pets: _____
- Number of Occupants: _____
- Other: No transient rentals or time sharing
- There are no special use restrictions.

6. Interior (fill in appropriate numbers):

Elevators: 0 Stairways: 4 Trash Chutes: 0

<u>Apt. Type</u>	<u>Quantity</u>	<u>BR/Bath</u>	<u>Net Living Area (sf)*</u>	<u>Lanai/Patio (sf)</u>
<u>A</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>1/1</u>	<u>440</u>	<u> </u>
<u>B</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>1/1</u>	<u>375</u>	<u>64 or 72</u>
<u>C</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1/1</u>	<u>490</u>	<u> </u>
<u>D</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2/1</u>	<u>510</u>	<u> </u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Total Apartments: 8

***Net Living Area is the floor area of the apartment measured from the interior surface of the apartment perimeter walls.**

Other documents and maps may give floor area figures which differ from those above because a different method of determining the floor area may have been used.

Boundaries of Each Apartment:

See Exhibit B

Permitted Alterations to Apartments:

See Exhibit C

11. Conformance to Present Zoning Code

a. No variances to zoning code have been granted.

Variance(s) to zoning code was/were granted as follows:

b. Conforming/Non-Conforming Uses, Structures, Lot

In general, a non-conforming use, structure, or lot is a use, structure, or lot which was lawful at one time but which does not now conform to present zoning requirements.

	<u>Conforming</u>	<u>Non-Conforming</u>	<u>Illegal</u>	
Uses	X	_____	_____	* There are not enough parking stalls under present codes. see page 20.
Structures	_____	_____	_____	
Lot	X	_____	_____	

If a variance has been granted or if uses, improvements or lot are either non-conforming or illegal, buyer should consult with county zoning authorities as to possible limitations which may apply.

Limitations may include restrictions on extending, enlarging, or continuing the non-conformity, and restrictions on altering and repairing structures. In some cases, a non-conforming structure that is destroyed or damaged cannot be reconstructed.

The buyer may not be able to obtain financing or insurance if the condominium project has a non-conforming or illegal use, structure, or lot.

D. Common Elements, Limited Common Elements, Common Interest:

1. Common Elements: Common Elements are those parts of the condominium project other than the individual apartments. Although the common elements are owned jointly by all apartment owners, those portions of the common elements which are designated as limited common elements (see paragraph 2 below) may be used only by those apartments to which they are assigned. The common elements for this project, as described in the Declaration, are:

described in Exhibit D .

as follows:

2. Limited Common Elements: Limited Common Elements are those common elements which are reserved for the exclusive use of the owners of certain apartments.

There are no limited common elements in this project.

The limited common elements and the apartments which use them, as described in the Declaration, are:

described in Exhibit E.

as follows:

3. Common Interest: Each apartment will have an undivided fractional interest in all of the common elements. This interest is called the "common interest." It is used to determine each apartment's share of the maintenance fees and other common profits and expenses of the condominium project. It may also be used for other purposes, including voting on matters requiring action by apartment owners. The common interests for the apartments in this project, as described in the Declaration, are:

described in Exhibit _____.

as follows:

<u>Apartment No.</u>	<u>Common Interest</u>	<u>Apartment No.</u>	<u>Common Interest</u>
1	13.00%	5	14.5%
2	13.00%	6	15.10%
3	11.10%	7	11.10%
4	11.10%	8	11.10%

E. Encumbrances Against Title: An encumbrance is a claim against or a liability on the property or a document affecting the title or use of the property. Encumbrances may have an adverse effect on the property or your purchase and ownership of an apartment in the project.

Exhibit F describes the encumbrances against the title contained in the title report dated 12/2/94 and issued by First Hawaii Title Corporation.

Blanket Liens:

A blanket lien is an encumbrance (such as a mortgage) on the entire condominium project that secures some type of monetary debt (such as a loan) or other obligation. A blanket lien is usually released on an apartment-by-apartment basis upon payment of specified sums so that individual apartments can be conveyed to buyers free and clear of the lien.

~~XXX~~ There are no blanket liens affecting title to the individual apartments.

[] There are blanket liens which may affect title to the individual apartments.

Blanket liens (except for improvement district or utility assessments) must be released before the developer conveys the apartment to a buyer. The buyer's interest will be affected if the developer defaults and the lien is foreclosed prior to conveying the apartment to buyer.

<u>Type of Lien</u>	<u>Effect on Buyer's Interest and Deposit if Developer Defaults or Lien is Foreclosed Prior to Conveyance</u>
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F. Construction Warranties:

Warranties for individual apartments and the common elements, including the beginning and ending dates for each warranty, are as follows:

1. Building and Other Improvements:

No warranties. Sold "as is".

2. Appliances:

No warranties. Sold "as is".

G. Status of Construction and Estimated Completion Date:

The two buildings of the Project were constructed in 1950 and 1951.

H. Project Phases:

The developer [] has [] has not reserved the right to add to, merge, or phase this condominium.

Summary of Developer's plans or right to perform for future development (such as additions, mergers or phasing):

V. MISCELLANEOUS

A. Sales Documents Filed With the Real Estate Commission:

Sales documents on file with the Real Estate Commission include but are not limited to:

Notice to Owner Occupants

Specimen Sales Contract

Exhibit H contains a summary of the pertinent provisions of the sales contract.

Escrow Agreement dated January 6, 1995.

Exhibit _____ contains a summary of the pertinent provisions of the escrow agreement.

Other _____

B. Buyer's Right to Cancel Sales Contract:

1. Rights Under the Condominium Property Act (Chapter 514A, HRS):

Preliminary Report: Sales made by the developer are not binding on the prospective buyer. Sales made by the developer may be binding on the developer unless the developer clearly states in the sales contract that sales are not binding. A prospective buyer who cancels the sales contract is entitled to a refund of all moneys paid, less any escrow cancellation fee up to \$250.00.

Supplementary Report to a Preliminary Report: Same as for Preliminary Report.

Final Report or Supplementary Report to a Final Report: Sales made by the developer are binding if:

A) The Developer delivers to the buyer a copy of:

1) Either the Final Public Report OR the Supplementary Public Report which has superseded the Final Public Report for which an effective date has been issued by the Real Estate Commission;

AND

2) Any other public report issued by the developer prior to the date of delivery, if the report was not previously delivered to the buyer and if the report has not been superseded;

B) The buyer is given an opportunity to read the report(s); AND

C) One of the following has occurred:

1) The buyer has signed a receipt for the report(s) and waived the right to cancel; or

2) Thirty (30) days have passed from the time the report(s) were delivered to the buyer; or

3) The apartment is conveyed to the buyer within 30 days from the date the report(s) were delivered to the buyer.

Material Change: Binding contracts with the Developer may be rescinded by the buyer if:

A) There is a material change in the project which directly, substantially, and adversely affects (1) the use or value of the buyer's apartment or its limited common elements; or (2) the amenities available for buyer's use; AND

B) The buyer has not waived the right to rescind.

If the buyer rescinds a binding sales contract because there has been a material change, the buyer is entitled to a full and prompt refund of any moneys the buyer paid.

2. Rights Under the Sales Contract: Before signing the sales contract, prospective buyers should ask to see and carefully review all documents relating to the project. If these documents are not in final form, the buyer should ask to see the most recent draft. These include but are not limited to the:
- A) Condominium Public Reports issued by the developer which have been given an effective date by the Hawaii Real Estate Commission.
 - B) Declaration of Condominium Property Regime.
 - C) Bylaws of the Association of Apartment Owners.
 - D) House Rules.
 - E) Condominium Map.
 - F) Escrow Agreement.
 - G) Hawaii's Condominium Property Act (Chapter 514A, HRS, as amended) and Hawaii Administrative Rules, (Chapter 16-107, adopted by the Real Estate Commission, as amended).
 - H) Other _____

Copies of the condominium and sales documents and amendments made by the developer are available for review through the developer and are on file at the Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs. Reprints of Hawaii's Condominium Property Act (Chapter 514A, HRS) and Hawaii Administrative Rules, Chapter 16-107, are available at the Cashier's Office, Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs, 1010 Richards Street, 3rd Floor, Honolulu, Hawaii, mailing address: P. O. Box 541, Honolulu, HI 96809, at a nominal cost.

This Public Report is a part of Registration No. 3269 filed with the Real Estate Commission on Jan. 10, 1995

Reproduction of Report. When reproduced, this report must be on:

yellow paper stock white paper stock pink paper stock

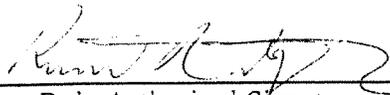
C. Additional Information Not Covered Above

THERE MAY BE, AMONG OTHER REQUIREMENTS, ZONING CODES, BUILDING CODES AND LAND USE LAWS PRECLUDING THE PURCHASER OR THE PROSPECTIVE PURCHASER FROM REBUILDING OR MAKING CHANGES TO THE PROPERTY SUBMITTED HEREIN FOR REGISTRATION AS A CONDOMINIUM PROJECT. PURCHASER OR PROSPECTIVE PURCHASER SHOULD ACQUAINT HIMSELF WITH SUCH REQUIREMENTS AT THE APPROPRIATE CITY AND COUNTY AGENCIES.

D. The developer hereby certifies that all the information contained in this Report and the Exhibits attached to this Report and all documents to be furnished by the developer to buyers concerning the project have been reviewed by the developer and are, to the best of the developer's knowledge, information and belief, true, correct and complete.

ROOSEVELT RASTEGAR

Name of Developer

By: 

Duly Authorized Signatory

12-23-95
Date

Roosevelt Rastegar, Developer

print name & title of person signing above

Distribution:

- Department of Finance, City & County of Honolulu.
- Planning Department, City & County of Honolulu.
- Federal Housing Administration

EXHIBIT A

IMPROVEMENTS

1. BUILDINGS. The Project consists of two (2) two-story buildings (designated herein as Buildings "A" and "B") without basements, each of which contains four (4) Apartments (the "Apartments"). The first floor of each building contains two (2) Apartments and two (2) exterior stairways. There are also two (2) Apartments on the second floor of both of the buildings. Building A is located on the front of the lot closest to Isenberg Street, and Building B is to the rear of Building A. A parking area containing six (6) stalls is situated adjacent to Building A fronting Isenberg Street. A picnic area is located behind Building B.

2. APARTMENTS. (i) Apartment Nos. 1 and 2 are Type A units and contain five rooms, consisting specifically of a living/dining room, one bedroom, one bathroom, kitchen and dressing room. The approximate net area of these Apartments is 440 square feet.

(ii) Apartment Nos. 3, 4, 7 and 8 are Type B units and contain four (4) rooms, consisting specifically of a living room, one bedroom, one bathroom and kitchen. The approximate net area of these Apartments is 375 square feet. Apartments 3 and 4 have an adjacent exterior lanais containing approximately 64 square feet while the lanai for Apartments Nos. 7 and 8 contains approximately 72 square feet.

(iii) Apartment No. 5 is the only Type C unit of the Project. It contains six (6) rooms, consisting specifically of a living room, dining room, two bedrooms, one bathroom and kitchen. The net area of this Apartment is approximately 490 square feet.

(iv) Apartment No. 6 is the only Type D unit of the Project. It contains six (6) rooms, consisting specifically of a living room, dining room, one bedroom, dressing room, one bathroom and kitchen. The net area of this Apartment is approximately 510 square feet. Apartment Nos. 1 and 2 are located on the ground floor of Building A and Apartment Nos. 3 and 4 are located on the second floor of the building. Apartment Nos. 5 and 6 are on the first floor of Building B and Nos. 7 and 8 are located on the second level.

EXHIBIT B

Boundaries of Apartments. The respective Apartments shall not be deemed to include (a) the undecorated or unfurnished surface of the perimeter or party walls or the interior load bearing walls; (b) the exterior surfaces of all perimeter doors, door frames and window frames; (c) the undecorated or unfurnished surfaces of the floors and ceilings surrounding each Apartment; or (d) any pipes, wires, conduits or other utility lines running through such Apartment; all of the same being deemed common elements as are hereinafter provided. Subject to the foregoing, each Apartment shall be deemed to include (i) all of the walls and partitions which are not load-bearing within its perimeter or party walls; (ii) glass windows or panels; (iii) doors (except for the exterior surface of any door located on perimeter walls); (iv) the inner finished surfaces of all walls, floors and ceilings, door frames and window frames; (v) the air space within the perimeter; and (vi) any fixtures and appliances originally installed therein.

End of Exhibit B

EXHIBIT C

PERMITTED ALTERATIONS. The owner of any Apartment shall have the right at any time, and from time to time, with the consent of his mortgagees (if such consent is required), but without the consent or joinder of any other Apartment Owner, to make alterations within his Apartment, or to cause or permit such alterations to be made by his tenants and lessees, in accordance with the provisions herein set forth. Specifically, but without limiting the generality of the foregoing, any such Apartment Owner may, or may cause to permit his tenants or lessees, to install, maintain, remove and rearrange partitions and other structures from time to time within such Apartment and to paint, paper, panel, plaster, tile, finish and to do or cause to be done such work within such Apartment, and to finish, alter or substitute any plumbing, electrical or other fixtures therein as such Apartment Owner shall deem necessary in his sole discretion; provided, that any such alterations and/or substitutions shall not adversely affect the sewage, plumbing, electrical and other common utility systems of the Project.

(a) Covenants and Restrictions Applicable to All Alterations. Any and all alterations, whether exterior or interior, shall comply with the following terms and conditions:

(1) No alterations shall encroach upon the common elements or the limited common elements appurtenant to the other Apartments;

(2) All alterations, the aggregate cost of which shall exceed \$10,000.00 shall be constructed or installed in accordance with plans and specifications prepared by a licensed architect or professional engineer;

(3) All such alterations shall be at the sole cost and expense of the Apartment Owner making the alterations and shall be completed expeditiously and in such manner as shall cause the least practicable annoyance to and interference with the other Owner's use of his Apartment. The Owner making such alterations shall procure and shall maintain, during the course of the construction, a builders all-risk insurance policy naming the Association and collectively all Owners, as additional insured. Evidence of such insurance shall be deposited with the Board prior to the commencement of construction;

(4) Before the commencement of construction of the construction of any alteration, the aggregate cost of which shall exceed \$10,000.00, the Owner making such alteration shall secure a performance and payment bond issued by a surety licensed to do business in the State of Hawaii, naming the other Apartment Owners, as their interests may appear, in a penal sum of not less than one hundred percent (100%) of the cost of the construction of said alteration, guaranteeing completion thereof free and clear of all mechanic's and materialman's liens;

(5) The Owner making the alteration shall have the right to utilize, relocate and realign or develop existing or new central and appurtenant installations for services to the Apartment affected by such alteration for electricity, sewer and other utilities and services, and when applicable, to add, delete, relocate, realign, designate and grant easements and rights-of-way over, under and on the common elements as necessary or desirable in connection therewith; provided that the same shall not cause any interruption or interference in the service of such utilities to the other Apartment Owner or otherwise impair his rights hereunder.

(6) If any alteration shall require the amendment of this Declaration or the Condominium File Plan, the Owner making the alteration shall pay all costs and expenses incurred in preparing and filing such amendments.

End of Exhibit C

EXHIBIT D

COMMON ELEMENTS

The common elements of the Project will include the limited common elements described in Exhibit F and all portions of the Project other than the Units, including specifically, but not limited to:

- (a) All the land of the Project, in fee simple;
- (b) All septic tanks, sewer lines, pipes, wiring and other central and appurtenant transmission facilities and installations.
- (c) The common fence separating the two Units.
- (d) Any and all other structures, apparatus and installations of common use, and all other parts of the Project necessary or convenient to its existence, maintenance and safety, or normally in common use.

EXHIBIT E

LIMITED COMMON ELEMENTS

Certain parts of the common elements, called and designated "limited common elements", are set aside and reserved for the exclusive use of certain Units, and such Units shall have appurtenant thereto exclusive easements for the use of such limited common elements. The limited common elements so set aside and reserved are listed below. Unless otherwise provided herein, all costs of every kind pertaining to each limited common element, including but not limited to the costs of security, maintenance, repair, replacement, additions and improvements, shall be borne entirely by the Unit or Units to which they are appurtenant. The limited common elements so set aside and reserved are as follows:

a) The site of each Unit, consisting of the land immediately beneath the improvements comprising the Unit, shall be for the exclusive use of such Unit; and

b) The adjacent private land area reserved for each Unit, as shown and delineated on said Condominium File Plan, including all driveways, walls, walkways, stairways and other improvements and landscaping within such private area, shall be for the exclusive use of such Unit.

EXHIBIT F

ENCUMBRANCES AGAINST TITLE

1. For any taxes that may be due, references should be made to the Department of Finance of the City and County of Honolulu.
2. Reservation in favor of the State of Hawaii of all mineral and metallic mines.
3. AGREEMENT dated August 16, 1989, recorded on August 23, 1989 in the Bureau of Conveyances of the State of Hawaii 23553 Page 483, to which reference is hereby made.
4. Declaration of Condominium Property Regime, dated October 6, 1994, recorded on December 8, 1994 in the Bureau of Conveyances as Document No. 94-200908.
5. Condominium Map dated October 6, 1994, and recorded on December 12, 1994 in the Bureau of Conveyances, as Condo Map No. 2164.
6. Bylaws of the Association of Apartment Owners, dated October 6, 1994, and recorded December 8, 1994, in the Bureau of Conveyances, as Document No. 94-200909.

EXHIBIT G

ESTIMATE OF INITIAL MAINTENANCE FEES
AND
ESTIMATE OF MAINTENANCE FEE DISBURSEMENTS

Estimate of Initial Maintenance Fees:

<u>Apartment</u>	<u>Monthly Fee x 12 months = Yearly Total</u>		
1	102.96	x	1,235.52
2	102.96	x	1,235.52
3	87.91	x	1,054.92
4	87.91	x	1,054.92
5	114.84	x	1,378.08
6	119.59	x	1,435.10
7	87.91	x	1,054.92
8	87.91	x	1,054.92
	<hr/>		<hr/>
	791.99		9,503.88

The Real Estate Commission has not reviewed the estimates of maintenance fee assessments and disbursements for their accuracy or sufficiency.

EXHIBIT H

SUMMARY OF THE PROVISIONS OF THE SALES CONTRACT

1. Description of the Property to be Conveyed: Fee simple interest in the Apartment, together with the furnishings and appliances.

2. Purchase Price and Terms. The purchase price set forth on page 1 of the Sales Contract is to be paid as follows:

a. An initial deposit;

b. The balance of the purchase price is to be paid to escrow by purchaser on the Closing Date.

3. Financing of Purchase. If Purchaser desires financing, a loan application must be made within ten (10) days and if Purchaser's application is not approved within forty-five (45) days after the application, then either Seller or Purchaser may cancel the Sales Contract. Upon such cancellation, Purchaser's deposits will be refunded by escrow without interest.

4. Closing Costs. In addition to the purchase price, the Purchaser is required to pay at closing all escrow fees, notary and recording fees, cost of credit report, if any, any loan fee and the cost for preparing any notes and mortgages, the cost of any required title insurance, and appraisal fees and any obligations of purchaser to his mortgage lender. In addition to the foregoing, the Purchaser may be required to prepay insurance premiums for as much as one year in advance, and prepay real property taxes for the remainder of the tax year.

5. Closing. Seller has agreed to cause the Apartment to be sold to the Purchaser within the time period set forth on page 1 of the Sales Contract, which is expected to occur within 90 days of the date of the Sales Contract. If Purchaser fails to close as required, then after ten (10) days following Seller's default under the Sales Contract, the Seller may cancel the Sales Contract and all sums previously paid by Purchaser will belong absolutely to the Seller as liquidated damages. Additionally, Seller may pursue any other remedy, and all costs, including reasonable attorney's fees, incurred by reason of default by the Purchaser shall be borne by the Purchaser.

6. Seller's Rights to Cancel Sales Contract. The Seller may cancel the Sales Contract with the Purchaser if (a) Purchaser fails to qualify for a permanent loan (paragraph 16); (b) Purchaser defaults under the Sales Contract (paragraph 5,2); or (c) Purchaser dies prior to Closing Date (paragraph 5.1). If Seller cancels the Sales Contract, Escrow will return to Purchaser all of Purchaser's funds earlier deposited in the escrow, without interest.

7. No Present Transfer and Subordination to Construction Loan. The Sales Contract may be subject to existing loans and any security interest obtained by Lender is prior and senior to any rights arising under the Sales Contract. Seller may assign by way of security all of its interest in the Sales Contract, as collateral for the repayment of the loan and if the Lender acquires the Seller's interest in the Sales Contract, then the Purchaser is obligated to perform the Sales Contract, and to attorn to and recognize the Lender as the seller under the Sales Contract.

8. Rights of Purchaser to Cancel the Sales Contract. The Purchaser has the right to cancel the Sales Contract under the following conditions:

a. At any time within thirty (30) days following the date the Final Public Report is delivered to Purchaser. If Purchaser so cancels, Purchaser will be entitled to receive refund of any deposits, less any escrow cancellation fees and other costs up to \$250. If Purchaser does not act within the thirty (30) day period, or if the Apartment is conveyed to the Purchaser, Purchaser will be deemed to have executed the receipt for the Final Public Report and to have waived his right to cancel (paragraphs 6.1 and 6.3).

b. The Purchaser may cancel his purchase if there is a material change in the Project which directly, substantially and adversely affects the use or value of the Purchaser's Apartment or the amenities available for the Purchaser's use (paragraph 7.1).

c. Purchaser fails to qualify for permanent financing (paragraph 16).

EXHIBIT I

SUMMARY OF THE MATERIAL PROVISIONS OF THE ESCROW AGREEMENT

Summary of the Condominium Escrow Agreement between the Developer and Title Guaranty of Hawaii, Inc.

1. All deposits will be paid to Escrow. A copy of each Sales Contract and all payments made to purchase an Apartment shall be turned over to the Escrow Agent.

2. Refunds. A Buyer shall be entitled to a return of his funds, and Escrow shall pay such funds to such Buyer, without interest, in accordance with the Sales Contract if any of the following has occurred:

(a) Developer and the purchaser shall have requested Escrow in writing to return to purchaser the funds of purchaser held hereunder by Escrow; or

(b) Developer shall have notified Escrow of Developer's exercise of the option to cancel or rescind the sales contract pursuant to any right of cancellation or rescission provided therein or otherwise available to Developer; or

(c) With respect to a purchaser whose funds were obtained prior to the issuance of the Final Report, the purchaser has exercised his right to cancel the contract pursuant to Section 514A-62, Hawaii Revised Statutes, as amended; or

(d) A purchaser has exercised his right to rescind the contract pursuant to Section 514A-63, Hawaii Revised Statutes, as amended.

Upon such refund, Escrow Agent shall be entitled to a reasonable fee not less than \$25 or a fee commensurate with the work done by Escrow prior to cancellation.

3. Requirements Prior to Disbursement of Buyer's Funds. Escrow Agent shall make no disbursements of Buyer's funds, pursuant to paragraph 5 of the Escrow Agreement until all of the following have occurred:

(a) the Real Estate Commission has issued a final public report (the "Final Report") on the Project;

(b) Seller or Seller's attorney has given a written opinion to Escrow stating that all of the requirements of Sections 514A-39, 514A-62 and 514A-63 of the Hawaii Revised Statutes, then applicable to the Project, have been satisfied and if the project is a conversion project, that the requirement of Section 514A-38 have been met.

(c) Seller shall have given Escrow a written waiver of any option reserved in any sales contract to cancel such sales contract;

4. Purchaser's Default. Seller must notify Escrow in writing if Purchaser defaults, and must certify that Seller has cancelled the Purchaser's Sales Contract. After such cancellation Escrow will treat the Purchaser's funds less Escrow's cancellation fees as belonging to the Seller.