

CONDOMINIUM PUBLIC REPORT

Prepared & Issued by: Developer K. WU CORPORATION, -and- Nils William Boe, Jr. and Barbara Jean Luke-Boe
Address c/o 66-219 Waialua Beach Road, Waialua, Hawaii 96712

Project Name(*): 66-219 & 66-225 WAIALUA BEACH ROAD
Address: 66-219 & 66-225 Waialua Beach Road, Waialua, Hawaii 96712

(Partial)
Registration No. 4173 Conversion Effective date: July 28, 1999
Expiration date: August 28, 2000

Preparation of this Report:

This report has been prepared by the Developer pursuant to the Condominium Property Act, Chapter 514A, Hawaii Revised Statutes, as amended. This report is not valid unless the Hawaii Real Estate Commission has issued a registration number and effective date for the report.

This report has not been prepared or issued by the Real Estate Commission or any other governmental agency. Neither the Commission nor any other government agency has judged or approved the merits or value, if any, of the project or of purchasing an apartment in the project.

Buyers are encouraged to read this report carefully, and to seek professional advice before signing a sales contract for the purchase of an apartment in the project.

Expiration Date of Reports. Preliminary Public Reports and Final Public Reports automatically expire thirteen (13) months from the effective date unless a Supplementary Public Report is issued or unless the Commission issues an order, a copy of which is attached to this report, extending the effective date for the report.

Exception: The Real Estate Commission may issue an order, a copy of which shall be attached to this report, that the final public report for a two apartment condominium project shall have no expiration date.

Type of Report:

 PRELIMINARY: The developer may not as yet have created the condominium but
(yellow) has filed with the Real Estate Commission minimal information sufficient for a Preliminary Public Report. A Final Public Report will be issued when complete information is filed.

 X **FINAL:** The developer has legally created a condominium and has filed
(white) complete information with the Commission.

- No prior reports have been issued
- This report supersedes all prior public reports
- This report must be read together with _____

 SUPPLEMENTARY: Updates information contained in the
(pink) Prelim. Public Report dated _____
 Final Public Report dated _____
 Supp. Public Report dated _____

- And Supersedes all prior public reports
- Must be read together with _____
- This report reactivates the _____
public report(s) which expired on _____

(*) Exactly as named in the Declaration

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General Information on Condominiums

A condominium is a special form of real property. To create a condominium in Hawaii, the requirements of the Condominium Property Act, Chapter 514A, Hawaii Revised Statutes, must be complied with. In addition, certain requirements and approvals of the County in which the project is located must be satisfied and obtained.

Some condominium projects are leasehold. This means that the land or the building(s) and other improvements are leased to the buyer. The lease for the land usually requires that at the end of the lease term, the lessees (apartment owners/tenants) deliver their interest in the land to the lessor (fee property owner). The lease also usually requires that the lessees either (1) convey to the lessor the building(s) and other improvements, including any improvements paid for by the lessees; or (2) remove or dispose of the improvements at the lessee's expense. Leases for individual apartments often require that at the end of the lease term, the lessee deliver to the lessor the apartment, including any improvements placed in the apartment by the lessee.

If you are a typical condominium apartment owner, you will have two kinds of ownership: (1) ownership in your individual apartment; and (2) an undivided interest in the common elements.

"Common elements" are the areas of the condominium project other than the individual apartments. They are owned jointly by all apartment owners and include the land, either in fee simple or leasehold, and those parts of the building or buildings intended for common use such as foundations, columns, roofs, halls, elevators, and the like. Your undivided interest in the common elements cannot be separated from ownership of your apartment.

In some condominium projects, some common elements are reserved for the exclusive use of the owners of certain apartments. These common elements are called "limited common elements" and may include parking stalls, patios, lanais, trash chutes, and the like.

You will be entitled to exclusive ownership and possession of your apartment. Condominium apartments may be individually bought, sold, rented, mortgaged, or encumbered, and may be disposed of by will, gift, or operation of law.

Your apartment will, however, be part of the group of apartments that comprise the condominium project. Study the project's Declaration, Bylaws, and House Rules. These documents contain important information on the use and occupancy of apartments and the common elements as well as the rules of conduct for owners, tenants, and guests.

Operation of the Condominium Project

The Association of Apartment Owners is the entity through which apartment owners may take action with regard to the administration, management, and operation of the condominium project. Each apartment owner is automatically a member of the Association.

The Board of Directors is the governing body of the Association. Unless you serve as a board member or an officer, or are on a committee appointed by the board, your participation in the administration and operation of the condominium project will in most cases be limited to your right to vote as an apartment owner. The Board of Directors and officers can take certain actions without the vote of the owners. For example, the board may hire and fire employees, increase or decrease maintenance fees, borrow money for repair and improvements and set a budget. Some of these actions may significantly impact the apartment owners.

Until there is a sufficient number of purchasers of apartments to elect a majority of the Board of Directors, it is likely that the developer will effectively control the affairs of the Association. It is frequently necessary for the developer to do so during the early stages of development and the developer may reserve certain special rights to do so in the Declaration and Bylaws. Prospective buyers should understand that it is important to all apartment owners that the transition of control from the developer to apartment owners be accomplished in an orderly manner and in a spirit of cooperation.

I. PEOPLE CONNECTED WITH THE PROJECT

K. Wu Corporation -and-
Developer: Nils William Boe, Jr. and Barbara Jean
Name Luke-Boe
66-219 Waialua Beach Road
Business Address
Waialua, Hawaii 96712

Phone: (808) 637-9077
(Business)

Names of officers or general partners of developers who are corporations or partnerships:

Chien Yu-In Chu - President
Hong-Sung Chu - Secretary and Treasurer

Real Estate

Broker: The Developer will only sell Unit 66-219
Name as Owner
Business Address

Phone: (808)
(Business)

Escrow: Hawaii Escrow & Title, Inc.
Name
700 Bishop Street
Business Address
Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

Phone: (808) 532-2977
(Business)

General Contractor: N/A
Name
Business Address

Phone: _____
(Business)

Condominium Managing Agent: Self-Managed by the Association
Name of Apartment Owners
Business Address

Phone: _____
(Business)

Attorney for Developer: Jeffrey S. Grad
Name
841 Bishop Street, Suite 1800
Business Address
Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

Phone: (808) 521-4757
(Business)

II. CREATION OF THE CONDOMINIUM;
CONDOMINIUM DOCUMENTS

A condominium is created by recording in the Bureau of Conveyances and/or filing with the Land Court a Declaration of Condominium Property Regime, a Condominium Map (File Plan), and the bylaws of the Association of Apartment Owners. The Condominium Property Act (Chapter 514A, HRS), the Declaration, Bylaws, and House Rules control the rights and obligations of the apartment owners with respect to the project and the common elements, to each other, and to their respective apartments. The provisions of these documents are intended to be, and in most cases are, enforceable in a court of law.

- A. Declaration of Condominium Property Regime contains a description of the land, buildings, apartments, common elements, limited common elements, common interests, and other information relating to the condominium project.

The Declaration for this condominium is:

- Proposed
 Recorded - Bureau of Conveyances - Document No. 99-065517
Book _____ Page _____
 Filed - Land Court - Document No. _____

The Declaration referred to above has been amended by the following instruments [state name of document, date and recording/filing information]:

Amendment No. 1 to Declaration recorded as Document No. 99-116271

- B. Condominium Map (File Plan) shows the floor plan, elevation and layout of the condominium project. It also shows the floor plan, location, apartment number, and dimensions of each apartment.

The Condominium Map for this condominium project is:

- Proposed
 Recorded - Bureau of Conveyances Condo Map No. 2895
 Filed - Land Court Condo Map No. _____

The Condominium Map has been amended by the following instruments [state name of document, date and recording/filing information]:

- C. Bylaws of the Association of Apartment Owners govern the operation of the condominium project. They provide for the manner in which the Board of Directors of the Association of Apartment Owners is elected, the powers and duties of the Board, the manner in which meetings will be conducted, whether pets are prohibited or allowed and other matters which affect how the condominium project will be governed.

The Bylaws for this condominium are:

- Proposed
 Recorded - Bureau of Conveyances - Document No. 99-065518
 Filed - Land Court Condo Map No. _____

The Bylaws referred to above have been amended by the following instruments [state name of document, date and recording/filing information]:

D. House Rules. The Board of Directors may adopt house rules to govern the use and operation of the common elements and limited common elements. House rules may cover matters such as parking regulations, hours of operation for common facilities such as recreation areas, use of lanais and requirements for keeping pets. These rules must be followed by owners, tenants, and guests. They do not need to be recorded or filed to be effective. The initial House Rules are usually adopted by the developer.

The House Rules for this condominium are:

Proposed Adopted Developer does not plan to adopt house rules.

E. Changes to Condominium Documents

Changes to the Declaration, Condominium Map, and Bylaws are effective only if they are duly adopted and recorded and/or filed. Changes to House Rules do not need to be recorded or filed to be effective.

1. Apartment Owners: Minimum percentage of common interest which must vote for or give written consent to changes:

	<u>Minimum Set by Law</u>	<u>This Condominium</u>
Declaration (and Condo Map)	75% *	<u>75%</u>
Bylaws	65%	<u>65%</u>
House Rules	--	<u>n/a</u>

* The percentages for individual condominium projects may be more than the minimum set by law for projects with five or fewer apartments.

2. Developer:

No rights have been reserved by the developer to change the Declaration, Condominium Map, Bylaws or House Rules.

Developer has reserved the following rights to change the Declaration, Condominium Map, Bylaws or House Rules.

See attached Exhibit "A"

[] Other:

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ON LEASEHOLD CONDOMINIUM PROJECTS

The information contained in this report is a summary of the terms of the lease. For more detailed information, you should secure a copy of the lease documents and read them thoroughly.

If you have any legal questions about leasehold property, the lease documents or the terms of the lease and the consequences of becoming a lessee, you should seek the advice of an attorney.

There are currently no statutory provisions for the mandatory conversion of leasehold condominiums and there are no assurances that such measures will be enacted in the future.

In leasehold condominium projects, the buyer of an apartment will acquire the right to occupy and use the apartment for the time stated in the lease agreement. The buyer will not acquire outright or absolute fee simple ownership of the land. The land is owned by the lessor or the leased fee owner. The apartment owner or lessee must make lease rent payments and comply with the terms of the lease or be subject to the lessor's enforcement actions. The lease rent payments are usually fixed at specific amounts for fixed periods of time, and are then subject to renegotiation. Renegotiation may be based on a formula, by arbitration set in the lease agreement, by law or by agreement between the lessor and lessee. The renegotiated lease rents may increase significantly. At the end of the lease, the apartment owners may have to surrender the apartments, the improvements and the land back to the lessor without any compensation (surrender clause).

When leasehold property is sold, title is normally conveyed by means of an assignment of lease, the purpose of which is similar to that of a deed. The legal and practical effect is different because the assignment conveys only the rights and obligations created by the lease, not the property itself.

The developer of this condominium project may have entered into a master ground lease with the fee simple owner of the land in order to develop the project. The developer may have then entered into a sublease or a new lease of the land with the lessee (apartment owner). The developer may lease the improvements to the apartment owner by way of an apartment lease or sublease, or sell the improvements to the apartment owners by way of a condominium conveyance or apartment deed.

B. Underlying Land:

Address: 66-219 & 66-225 Waiialua Beach Road Tax Map Key (TMK): (1) 6-6-20-4
Waiialua, Hawaii 96712

[] Address [] TMK is expected to change because _____

Land Area: 11.026 [] square feet [X] acre(s) Zoning: **AG-1**

(Fee Owner) K. Wu Corporation -and-
Nils William Boe, Jr. and Barbara Jean Luke-Boe
Name

66-219 & 66-225 Waiialua Beach Road
Address

Waiialua, Hawaii 96712

Lessor: _____
Name

Address

C. Buildings and Other Improvements:

1. [] New Building(s) [] Conversion of Existing Building(s)
[x] Both New Building(s) and Conversion

2. Number of Buildings: 2 Floors Per Building 2
[] Exhibit _____ contains further explanations.

3. Principal Construction Material:

[] Concrete [] Hollow Tile [x] Wood
[] Other _____

4. Permitted Uses by Zoning:

	No. of Apts.	Use Permitted By Zoning	No. of Apts.	Use Permitted By Zoning
[X] Residential	<u>2</u>	[X] Yes [] No [] Ohana	_____	[] Yes [] No
[] Commercial	_____	[] Yes [] No [] Industrial	_____	[] Yes [] No
[] Mix Res/Comm	_____	[] Yes [] No [] Agricultural	_____	[] Yes [] No
[] Hotel	_____	[] Yes [] No [] Recreational	_____	[] Yes [] No
[] Timeshare	_____	[] Yes [] No [] Other	_____	[] Yes [] No

Is/Are this/these use(s) specifically permitted by the project's Declaration or Bylaws?
[x] Yes [] No

5. Special Use Restrictions:

The Declaration, Bylaws, and House Rules may contain restrictions on the use and occupancy of the apartments. Restrictions for this condominium project include but are not limited to:

[] Pets: _____

[] Number of Occupants: _____

[] Other: _____

[x] There are no special use restrictions.

6. Interior (fill in appropriate numbers):

Elevators -0- Stairways -2- Trash Chutes -0-

Apt. Type	Quantity	BR/Bath	Net Living Area(sf)*	Lanai/Patio(sf)	Net Other Area (sf)	(Identify)
<u>Unit</u> 66-219	<u>1</u>	<u>4/3</u>	<u>2,542</u>	<u>261</u>	<u>528</u>	<u>carport</u>
<u>Unit</u> 66-225	<u>1</u>	<u>2/3</u>	<u>3,722</u>	<u>377</u>		
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____

Total Apartments: 2

*Net Living Area is the floor area of the apartment measured from the interior surface of the apartment perimeter walls.

Other documents and maps may give floor area figures which differ from those above because a different method of determining the floor area may have been used.

Boundaries of Each Apartment:

The outside surfaces of the exterior walls and roof and the bottom surfaces of the footings and foundations of each Unit.

Permitted Alterations to Apartments:

See attached Exhibit "B"

11. Conformance to Present Zoning Code

- a. No variances to zoning code have been granted.
 Variance(s) to zoning code was/were granted as follows:

b. Conforming/Non-Conforming Uses, Structures, Lot

In general, a non-conforming use, structure, or lot is a use, structure, or lot which was lawful at one time but which does not now conform to present zoning requirements.

	<u>Conforming</u>	<u>Non-Conforming</u>	<u>Illegal</u>
Uses	<u> X </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Structures	<u> X </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Lot	<u> X </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

If a variance has been granted or if uses, improvements or lot are either non-conforming or illegal, buyer should consult with county zoning authorities as to possible limitations which may apply.

Limitations may include restrictions on extending, enlarging, or continuing the non-conformity, and restrictions on altering and repairing structures. In some cases, a non-conforming structure that is destroyed or damaged cannot be reconstructed.

The buyer may not be able to obtain financing or insurance if the condominium project has a non-conforming or illegal use, structure, or lot.

D. Common Elements, Limited Common Elements, Common Interest:

1. Common Elements: Common Elements are those parts of the condominium project other than the individual apartments. Although the common elements are owned jointly by all apartment owners, those portions of the common elements which are designated as limited common elements (see paragraph 2 below) may be used only by those apartments to which they are assigned. The common elements for this project, as described in the Declaration, are:

described in Exhibit C .

as follows:

2. Limited Common Elements: Limited Common Elements are those common elements which are reserved for the exclusive use of the owners of certain apartments.

There are no limited common elements in this project.

The limited common elements and the apartments which use them, as described in the Declaration, are:

described in Exhibit D

as follows:

Note: Reference to said Exhibit D to "Dwelling Areas" 66-219 and 66-225 does not mean legally subdivided lots.

3. Common Interest: Each apartment will have an undivided fractional interest in all of the common elements. This interest is called the "common interest." It is used to determine each apartment's share of the maintenance fees and other common profits and expenses of the condominium project. It may also be used for other purposes, including voting on matters requiring action by apartment owners. The common interests for the apartments in this project, as described in the Declaration, are:

described in Exhibit _____.

as follows:

Unit 66-219	-	50%
Unit 66-225	-	50%

E. Encumbrances Against Title: An encumbrance is a claim against or a liability on the property or a document affecting the title or use of the property. Encumbrances may have an adverse effect on the property or your purchase and ownership of an apartment in the project.

Exhibit F describes the encumbrances against the title contained in the title report dated April 13, 1999 and issued by Hawaii Escrow & Title, Inc.

Blanket Liens:

A blanket lien is an encumbrance (such as a mortgage) on the entire condominium project that secures some type of monetary debt (such as a loan) or other obligation. A blanket lien is usually released on an apartment-by-apartment basis upon payment of specified sums so that individual apartments can be conveyed to buyers free and clear of the lien.

- [] There are no blanket liens affecting title to the individual apartments.
- [x] There are blanket liens which may affect title to the individual apartments.

Blanket liens (except for improvement district or utility assessments) must be released before the developer conveys the apartment to a buyer. The Buyer's interest will be affected if the developer defaults and the lien is foreclosed prior to conveying the apartment to buyer.

<u>Type of Lien</u>	<u>Effect on Buyer's Interest and Deposit if Developer Defaults or Lien is Foreclosed Prior to Conveyance</u>
Mortgages	Buyer's interest may be terminated by mortgagee but Buyer shall be entitled to return of his deposit, less escrow cancellation fees.

F. Construction Warranties:

Warranties for individual apartments and the common elements, including the beginning and ending dates for each warranty, are as follows:

1. Building and Other Improvements:

Purchaser understands that Unit 66-219 was built in 1996. Seller is selling Unit together with the appliances and other personal property in "as is" condition. The Seller is giving no warranties to Purchaser with respect to the construction, materials or workmanship of Unit 66-219. Seller is giving a one year warranty from date of substantial completion on Unit 66-225.

2. Appliances:

Purchaser shall have the direct benefit of any manufacturer's or dealer's warranties covering the furnishings and appliances in the Apartments.

G. Status of Construction and Date of Completion or Estimated Date of Completion:

Unit 66-219 was constructed in 1996.
Unit 66-225 was completed in January, 1999.

Note: The contractor named in the building permit for Unit 66-226 was the owner-builder. Section 444-2(7), Hawaii Revised Statutes, provides an owner-builder exemption from the contracting law. The exemption, among other things, prohibits the sale or lease of the structure within one year from completion.

H. Project Phases:

The developer [] has [x] has not reserved the right to add to, merge, or phase this condominium.

Summary of Developer's plans or right for future development (such as additions, mergers or phasing):

Each Unit Owner has certain rights without the necessity of the consent of any other Owner (a) to subdivide from the common land of the Project ("Land") a portion of the Dwelling Area appurtenant to his Unit in accordance with Paragraph 19.2 of the Declaration; (b) to add additional units until December 31, 2020 on the Dwelling Area appurtenant to the Owner's Unit in accordance with Paragraph 19.3 of the Declaration; and (c) to subdivide the Land into the same number, location and size of the then existing dwelling area, and to cancel the condominium project regime.

The Owner's right to subdivide from the Owner's Dwelling Area would require the requisite governmental permits. After subdivision, the subdivided land could be transferred free of the Declaration to the Owner or his designee, although easements for the benefit of the subdivided land may be created over the remainder of the Land.

The Owner's rights to add additional units on the Owner's Dwelling Area would also require requisite governmental permits, and would be subject to the restriction that the number of such units and their developmental rights could not exceed such Owner's share (50%) of the development rights and entitlements allocated to the entire Land. Any Units added to the Owner's Dwelling Area would share in the common expenses allocable to the Owner's Unit on such basis as the Owner may decide.

The Owner's right to cancel the condominium regime can only be accomplished if the Land can be legally subdivided generally in the same number, size and shape as the Dwelling lots (together with the improvements located thereon) appeared on the Condominium Map immediately prior to such subdivision. The intended purpose of such provision is to allow the Project to be converted to a fee simple subdivision from a condominium if legally permissible and if one of the Owner's desires that result.

Any of the foregoing changes would require amendments to the Declaration and Condominium Map, which may be undertaken by the Owner seeking to make the change. The other Owner is required to join in such amendment if requested, or his signature may be made by the Owner seeking the change pursuant to a power of attorney contained within the Declaration. In all events, the changes would also require the consent by holders of all liens affecting the Unit of the Owner seeking to make the change. A prospective buyer is encouraged to read the applicable provisions in the Declaration.

IV. CONDOMINIUM MANAGEMENT

A. Management of the Common Elements: The Association of Apartment Owners is responsible for the management of the common elements and the overall operation of the condominium project. The Association may be permitted, and in some cases may be required, to employ or retain a condominium managing agent to assist the Association in managing the condominium project.

Initial Condominium Managing Agent: When the developer or the developer's affiliate is the initial condominium managing agent, the management contract must have a term of one year or less and the parties must be able to terminate the contract on notice of 60 days or less.

The initial condominium managing agent for this project, named on page five (5) of this report, is:

- not affiliated with the Developer
- the developer or the Developer's affiliate
- self-managed by the Association of Apartment Owners
- other _____

B. Estimate of Initial Maintenance Fees:

The Association will make assessments against your apartment to provide funds for the operation and maintenance of the condominium project. If you are delinquent in paying the assessments, a lien may be placed on your apartment and the apartment may be sold through a foreclosure proceeding.

Initial maintenance fees are difficult to estimate and tend to increase as the condominium ages. Maintenance fees may vary depending on the services provided.

Exhibit H contains a schedule of estimated initial maintenance fees and maintenance fee disbursements (subject to change).

See attached Disclosure Abstract (Exhibit H)

C. Utility Charges for Apartments:

Each apartment will be billed separately for utilities except for the following checked utilities which are included in the maintenance fees:

- None Electricity (__ Common Elements only __ Common Elements & Apartments)
- Gas (__ Common Elements only __ Common Elements & Apartments)
- Water Sewer Television Cable
- Other _____

V. MISCELLANEOUS

A. Sales Documents Filed With the Real Estate Commission:

Sales documents on file with the Real Estate Commission include but are not limited to:

[] Notice to Owner Occupants

[x] Specimen Sales Contract

Exhibit F contains a summary of the pertinent provisions of the sales contract.

[x] Escrow Agreement dated May 4, 1999

Exhibit G contains a summary of the pertinent provisions of the escrow agreement.

[] Other _____

B. Buyer's Right to Cancel Sales Contract:

1. Rights Under the Condominium Property Act (Chapter 514A, HRS):

Preliminary Report: Sales made by the developer are not binding on the prospective buyer. Sales made by the Developer may be binding on the developer unless the Developer clearly states in the sales contract that sales are not binding. A prospective buyer who cancels the sales contract is entitled to a refund of all moneys paid, less any escrow cancellation fee up to \$250.00

Supplementary Report to a Preliminary Report: Same as for Preliminary Report.

Final Report, Supplementary Report to a Final Report: Sales made by the Developer are binding if:

- A) The Developer delivers to the buyer a copy of:
 - 1) Either the Final Public Report OR the Supplementary Public Report which has superseded the Final Public Report for which an effective date has been issued by the Real Estate Commission; AND
 - 2) Any other public report issued by the developer prior to the date of delivery, if the report was not previously delivered to the buyer and if the report has not been superseded;
- B) The buyer is given an opportunity to read the report(s); AND
- C) One of the following has occurred:
 - 1) The buyer has signed a receipt for the report(s) and waived the right to cancel; or
 - 2) Thirty (30) days have passed from the time the report(s) were delivered to the buyer; or
 - 3) The apartment is conveyed to the buyer within 30 days from the date the report(s) were delivered to the buyer.

Material Change: Binding contracts with the Developer may be rescinded by the buyer if:

- A) There is a material change in the condominium which directly, substantially, and adversely affects (1) the use or value of the buyer's apartment or its limited common elements; or (2) the amenities available for buyer's use; AND
- B) The buyer has not waived the right to rescind.

If the buyer rescinds a binding sales contract because there has been a material change, the buyer is entitled to a full and prompt refund of any moneys the buyer paid.

2. Rights Under the Sales Contract: Before signing the sales contract, prospective buyers should ask to see and carefully review all documents relating to the project. If these documents are not in final form, the buyer should ask to see the most recent draft. These include but are not limited to the:

- A) Condominium Public Reports issued by the Developer which have been given an effective date by the Hawaii Real Estate Commission.
- B) Declaration of Condominium Property Regime, as amended.
- C) Bylaws of the Association of Apartment Owners, as amended.
- D) House Rules, if any.
- E) Condominium Map, as amended.
- F) Escrow Agreement.
- G) Hawaii's Condominium Law (Chapter 514A, HRS, as amended) and Hawaii Administrative Rules, Chapter 16-107, adopted by the Real Estate Commission, as amended).
- H) Other _____

Copies of the condominium and sales documents and amendments made by the developer are available for review through the developer and are on file at the Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs. Reprints of Hawaii's Condominium Property Act (Chapter 514A, HRS) and Hawaii Administrative Rules, Chapter 16-107, are available at the Cashier's Office, Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs, 1010 Richards Street, 3rd Floor, Honolulu, Hawaii, mailing address: P.O. Box 541 Honolulu, HI 96809, at a nominal cost.

This Public Report is a part of Registration No. 4173 filed with the Real Estate Commission on May 5, 1999.

Reproduction of Report. When reproduced, this report must be on:

[] yellow paper stock [X] white paper stock [] pink paper stock

C. Additional Information Not Covered Above

SPECIAL NOTATION

The specimen Sales Contract provides in part that the Purchaser understand that Unit 66-219 is being sold in "as is" condition. The existence of any defect in the Unit or anything installed thereon shall not excuse the Purchaser's obligation to perform all of his obligations under his contract.

The Specimen Sales Contract further states that the Purchasers will not have any right to file an lawsuit for damages against the Seller for any defects in Unit 66-219.

Unit 66-225

Unit 66-225 was constructed by the developer Hong-Sung Chu, as an owner-builder, pursuant to sections 444-2(7) and 44-9.1, Hawaii Revised Statutes ("HRS"). Construction of Unit 66-225 was completed in 1999 with an affidavit of completion publication on January 16 and 23, 1999. Should the Unit be sold within one year after completion, such could be in violation of the law, and the relevant parties will be in violation of Chapter 444, Hawaii Revised Statutes. This could subject seller and others associated with the sale to penalties of up to a \$10,000 fine and one year imprisonment. Unit 66-225 may not be sold until an additional supplementary public report has been issued for this Project, specifically authorizing sale of Unit 66-225 after the passage of a one year period of time from completion of construction of the improvements on Unit 66-225. Further, note that Hong-Sung Chu is an officer of the developer K. Chu Corporation, see disclosure below.

Disclosure regarding selection of Real Estate Broker

The Developer, K. Wu Corporation, does not presently intend to use a real estate broker for the sale of apartments in the project.

In the event the Developer chooses to use a real estate broker for the sale of an apartment, prior to entering into a binding contract for such sale, the Developer shall (1) submit to the Real Estate Commission a duly executed copy of a broker listing agreement with a Hawaii-licensed real estate broker, together with a duly executed disclosure abstract identifying the designated broker and (2) provide a copy of the disclosure abstract to the purchaser together with a copy of this public report.

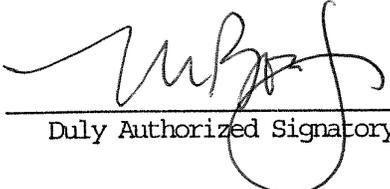
D. The developer hereby certifies that all the information contained in this Report and the Exhibits attached to this Report and all documents to be furnished by the developer to buyers concerning the project have been reviewed by the developer and are, to the best of the developer's knowledge, information and belief, true, correct and complete.

K. WU CORPORATION -AND-
NILS WILLIAM BOE, JR. and BARBARA JEAN LUKE-BOE

Name of Developer

By 
Duly Authorized Signatory

April 6, 1999
Date

By 
Duly Authorized Signatory

April 6, 1999
Date

Chien Yu-In Chu, President

print name & title of person signing above

Nils William Boe, Jr.

print name & title of person signing above

Distribution:

Department of Finance, City and County of Honolulu
Planning Department, City and County of Honolulu
Federal Housing Administration

EXHIBIT "A"

DEVELOPER'S RESERVED RIGHTS

The Developer (Declarant) has reserved the following rights to change the Declaration, Condominium Map, By-Laws or House Rules:

Paragraph 20 of the Declaration states:

"Except as otherwise provided herein, this Declaration may be amended by vote of one hundred percent (100%) of the Unit Owners, effective only upon the recording of an instrument setting forth such amendment and vote duly executed by such Owners or by the proper officers of the Association. In addition, the approval of eligible holders of first mortgages on Units to which are appurtenant at least 51% of the common interest of the project shall be required for any material amendment to the Declaration or any amendment of a provision for the express benefit of holders or insurers of first mortgages on Dwellings. An eligible holder is a holder of a first mortgage on a Unit which has made a written request to the Association that it receive notices of proposed changes to the Declaration. A material amendment to the Declaration is one which establishes, provides for, governs or regulates any of the following: (1) voting; (2) assessments, assessment liens, or subordination of such liens; (3) reserves for maintenance, repair and replacement of the common elements; (4) insurance or fidelity bonds; (5) rights to use of the common elements; (6) responsibility for maintenance and repair of the project; (7) expansion or contraction of the project for the addition, annexation or withdrawal of property to or from the project; (8) boundaries of any Unit; (9) the interest in the common elements; (10) convertibility of Units into common elements or of common elements into Units; (11) leasing of Units; (12) imposition of any right of first refusal or similar restriction on the right of a Unit Owner to sell, transfer or otherwise convey his or her interest in the Unit; or (13) establishment of self management by the Association after professional management has previously been required by any of the mortgage holders.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, however, if (1) at any time prior to the first filing in the Recording Office of a conveyance of a Dwelling, the Declarants may amend this Declaration (including all exhibits) and the By-Laws in any manner, without the consent of any Unit purchaser; and (2) at any time thereafter, the Declarants may amend this Declaration (and when applicable, the Condominium Map) to file the "As Built" verified statement required by Section 514A-12 of the Act (i) so long as such statement is merely a verified statement of a registered architect or professional engineer certifying that the final plan thereto filed fully and accurately depicts layout, location, apartment numbers, and the dimensions of an improvement or change in a Unit as built; or (ii) so long as the plans filed therewith involve only immaterial changes to the layout, location, or dimensions of the apartments as built or any change in any apartment number.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Owner of any Unit shall have the right without the consent or joinder of any other person to amend this Declaration and the Condominium Map to reflect the changes made to a Unit in

accordance with Paragraph 19.1 of this Declaration. Promptly upon completion of such changes, the Owner of the changed Unit shall duly record with the Recording Office an amendment to this Declaration and to the Condominium Map, together with a complete set of the floor plans of the Project as so altered, certified as built by a registered architect or professional engineer. All existing Unit Owners and all future Unit Owners and their mortgagees, by accepting an interest in a Dwelling, shall be deemed to have given each Unit Owner a Power of Attorney to execute an amendment to the Declaration solely for the purpose of describing the changes to his respective Unit on the Declaration so that each Unit Owner shall hereafter have a Power of Attorney from all the other Unit Owners to execute such amendment to the Declaration. This Power of Attorney shall be deemed coupled with each Owner's interest in his Unit (including his common interest) and shall be irrevocable."

EXHIBIT "B"

PERMITTED ALTERATIONS TO APARTMENTS.

1. Sub-paragraph 19.1 of the Declaration states:

"Each Unit Owner, with the consent of any holder of any mortgage affecting the Owner's Unit (if required by such mortgage holder), shall have the right at his sole option at any time and from time to time without the consent of anyone to improve, renovate, remodel, make additions to, enlarge, remove, replace or restore the improvements to or in his Unit or portions thereof or to make improvements upon the Dwelling Area appurtenant to the Unit (collectively, the foregoing are referred to "changes") subject to the following conditions:

(i) All building plans for any such changes shall be prepared by a licensed architect or professional engineer, such changes shall conform with County building and zoning laws and other applicable State and County laws and ordinances; and all requisite building permits shall have been obtained.

(ii) Any change to a Unit must be made within the Dwelling Area which is appurtenant to such Unit.

(iii) No change to a Unit will be made if the effect of such change would be to exceed the Unit's proportionate share of the allowable floor area or lot area coverage for the Land or number of Units, as defined by the zoning and building codes applicable to the Land in effect when the change is to be made. The "proportionate share" for each Unit shall be fifty percent (50%).

(iv) All such changes shall be at the expense of the Unit Owner making the change and shall be expeditiously made and in a manner that will not unreasonably interfere with the other Unit Owner's use of his Dwelling area.

(v) During the entire course of such construction, the Unit Owner making such change will cause to be maintained at his expense builder's all-risk insurance in prudent amounts and coverages. The Association shall be named as an additional insured, if requested by the Association;

(vi) The Owner of the changed Unit shall have the right to utilize, relocate and realign existing and/or to develop additional, central and appurtenant installations for services to the Unit affected by such change for electricity, sewer and other utilities and services and when applicable, to add, delete, relocate, realign, designate and grant easement and rights-of-way over, under and on the common elements as necessary or desirable in connection therewith; provided that the same shall not cause any interruption in the service of such utilities to any other part of the project;

(vii) If the consent or joinder of another Owner is required by the Act, then each Owner hereby consents in advance to such change and to deliver his consent or joinder if requested to do so by the Owner making the change to his Unit.

(viii) Each and every conveyance, lease and mortgage or other lien made or created on any Unit and all common interests and other appurtenances thereto shall be subject to the provisions of this paragraph and any lease of a Unit Area shall reserve to all Owners the rights set forth in this paragraph."

EXHIBIT "C"

COMMON ELEMENTS. Paragraph 4 of the Declaration designates certain portions of the Project as "common elements", including specifically but not limited to:

1. The Land in fee simple;
2. The roadway labeled "Common Element Area = 0.134 Acres)" on the condominium Map;
3. All other portions of the Land and improvements not specifically heretofore designated as Units, but which are intended for common use and all other devices and installations existing for or rationally of common use or necessary to the existence, upkeep and safety of the Condominium Property Regime.

EXHIBIT "D"

LIMITED COMMON ELEMENTS. Paragraph 5 of the Declaration designates:

Certain parts of the common elements, herein called the "Limited Common Elements", are hereby designated and set aside for the exclusive use of each Unit, and each Unit shall have appurtenant thereto exclusive easements for the use of such limited common elements. Unless otherwise specified, all costs of every kind pertaining to each limited common element, including, but not limited to, costs of landscaping, maintenance, repair, replacement and improvement, shall be borne immediately by the Unit to which it is appurtenant. The limited common elements so set aside and reserved are as follows:

(a) The site on which Unit 66-219 is located, consisting of the land beneath and immediately adjacent to Unit 66-219, as shown and delineated on the Condominium Map as "Dwelling Area 66-219" (including the airspace above such site) is for the exclusive benefit of Unit 66-219.

(b) The site on which Unit 66-225 is located, consisting of the land beneath and immediately adjacent to Unit 66-225, as shown and delineated on the Condominium Map as "Dwelling Area 66-225" (including the airspace above such site) is for the exclusive benefit of Unit 66-225.

Note: The "Dwelling Areas" herein described are not legally subdivided lots.

EXHIBIT "E"

ENCUMBRANCES AGAINST TITLE

1. For Real Property Taxes that may be due and owing, reference is made to the Office of the Tax Assessor, City and County of Honolulu.
2. Title to all minerals and metallic mines reserved to the State of Hawaii.
3. The rights of the United States of America, State of Hawaii, the municipality and the public, in and to that part of the premises in question falling in the bed of Paukauila Stream; also the rights of the riparian owners in and to the free and unobstructed flow of the water of said stream, if any.
4. Designation of Easement "D-2" for drainage purposes, as shown on tax map, being more particularly described in Deed dated October 13, 1995, recorded as Document No. 95-147618.
5. Designation of Easement "F" for flowage purposes, as shown on tax map, being more particularly described in Deed dated October 13, 1995, recorded as Document No. 95-147618.
6. Final Order of Condemnation dated June 13, 1985, filed in the Circuit Court of the First Circuit, State of Hawaii, Civil No. 7702, dated June 19, 1985, recorded June 27, 1985, in Liber 18738, Page 459, in the Bureau of Conveyances of the State of Hawaii, City and County of Honolulu, a municipal corporation, "Plaintiff", vs. Alvin F. Lopez, Lorraine C. Lopez, et al., "Defendant"; re Easement for Right of Way are Condemned for Public Use.
7. Covenants and agreements in that certain Building Permit Affidavit dated May 5, 1994, recorded as Document No. 94-074964.
8. Covenants and agreements in that certain Building Permit Affidavit dated August 12, 1996, recorded as Document No. 96-115784.
9. Easement in favor of Hawaiian Electric Company, Inc., a Hawaii corporation, and GTE Hawaiian Telephone Company Incorporated, a Hawaii corporation, for utility purposes, dated January 23, 1997, recorded as Document No. 97-064221.
10. Mortgage dated August 13, 1996, recorded in said Bureau as Document No. 96-119135, in favor of International Savings and Loan Association, Limited.
11. Declaration of Condominium Property Regime dated April 6, 1999, recorded in said Bureau as Document No. 99-065517 and Amendment No. 1 thereto recorded as Document No. 99-116271 (Project covered by Condominium Map No. 2895). By-Laws dated April 6, 1999, filed as Document No. 99-065518.

EXHIBIT "F"

SUMMARY OF THE PROVISIONS OF THE SALES CONTRACT (consisting of Standard DROA Form and attached "Special Provisions to the "DROA")

1. Description of the Property to be Conveyed: Fee simple title to the Apartment, together with the furnishings and appliances and an undivided interest in the common elements.

2. Purchase Price and Terms. The purchase price set forth on page 1 of the DROA is to be paid as follows:

- a. An initial deposit;
- b. An additional cash deposit, if any;
- c. The balance of the purchase price is to be paid to escrow by purchaser before closing.

3. Financing of Purchase. Paragraph 16 of the Special Provisions provides if Buyer desires financing, a loan application must be made within ten (10) days and if Buyer's application is not approved within forty-five (45) days after the application, then either Seller or Buyer may cancel the Sales Contract. Upon such cancellation, Buyer's deposits will be refunded by escrow without interest.

4. Closing Costs. Pursuant to Paragraph 14 of the Special Provisions, the Buyer is required to pay at closing all escrow fees, Buyer's notary fees and all recording fees. Buyer's proportionate share of any liability insurance premium, real property taxes, maintenance fees and any other charges with respect to the Property shall be pro-rated between Seller and Buyer as of the date of final closing.

5. Closing. Seller has agreed to cause the Apartment to be sold to the Buyer within the time period set forth on page 1 of the DROA, which is expected to occur within 90 days of the date of the DROA.

6. Seller's Rights to Cancel Sales Contract. The Seller may cancel the Sales Contract with the Buyer if (a) Buyer fails to qualify for a permanent loan (paragraph 14 of the Special Provisions); (b) Buyer defaults under the Sales Contract (paragraph 5.2 of the Special Provisions); or (c) Buyer dies prior to Closing Date (paragraph 5.1 of the Special Provisions). Pursuant to Paragraph 5.2 of the Special Provisions, If Buyer fails to close as required, then after ten (10) days following Seller's notice of Buyer's default, if Buyer has not cured his default under the Sales Contract, the Seller may cancel the Sales Contract and all sums previously paid by Buyer will belong absolutely to the Seller as liquidated damages. Additionally, Seller may pursue any other remedy, and all costs, including reasonable attorney's fees, incurred by reason of default by the Buyer shall be borne by the Buyer. Time is the essence of the Sales Agreement.

7. No Present Transfer and Subordination to Construction Loan.

(a) The Sales Contract may be subject to existing loans, and any security interest now or hereafter obtained by Lender is or will be prior and senior to any rights arising under the Sales Contract. This obligation to subordinate the purchaser's right under the Sales Contract to loans now or hereafter made by the Seller is set forth in Paragraph 4 of the Special Provisions.

(b) Seller may also assign by way of security all of its interest in the Sales Contract, as collateral for the repayment of the loan and if the Lender acquires the Seller's interest in the Sales Contract, then the Buyer is obligated to perform the Sales Contract, and to attorn to and recognize the Lender as the seller under the Sales Contract.

8. Rights of Buyer to Cancel the Sales Contract. The Buyer has the right to cancel the Sales Contract under the following conditions:

a. At any time within thirty (30) days following the date the Final Public Report is delivered to Buyer. If Buyer so cancels, Buyer will be entitled to receive refund of any deposits, less any escrow cancellation fees and other costs up to \$250. If Buyer does not act within the thirty (30) day period, or if the Apartment is conveyed to the Buyer, Buyer will be deemed to have executed the receipt for the Final Public Report and to have waived his right to cancel (paragraphs 6.1 and 6.3 of the Special Provisions).

b. The Buyer may cancel his purchase if there is a material change in the Project which directly, substantially and adversely affects the use or value of the Buyer's Apartment or the amenities available for the Buyer's use (paragraph 7.1 of the Special Provisions).

c. Buyer fails to qualify for permanent financing (paragraph 16 of the Special Provisions).

9. Paragraph 10 of the Special Provisions provides that the Buyer acknowledges that he or she has examined (and agrees to be bound) by the following:

- (a) The floor plans for the Project;
- (b) Escrow Agreement;
- (c) The Declaration of Condominium Property Regime, By-Laws of the Association of Apartment Owners;
- (d) The Apartment Deed;
- (e) Disclosure Abstract; and
- (e) The Final or Supplementary Public Report

EXHIBIT "G"

SUMMARY OF THE MATERIAL PROVISIONS OF THE ESCROW AGREEMENT

Summary of the Condominium Escrow Agreement between the Developer and Hawaii Escrow & Title, Inc..

1. All deposits will be paid to Escrow. A copy of each Sales Contract and all payments made to purchase an Apartment shall be turned over to the Escrow Agent.

2. Refunds. A Buyer shall be entitled to a return of his funds, and Escrow shall pay such funds to such Buyer, without interest, in accordance with the Sales Contract if any of the following has occurred:

(a) Developer and the purchaser shall have requested Escrow in writing to return to purchaser the funds of purchaser held hereunder by Escrow; or

(b) Developer shall have notified Escrow of Developer's exercise of the option to cancel or rescind the sales contract pursuant to any right of cancellation or rescission provided therein or otherwise available to Developer; or

(c) With respect to a purchaser whose funds were obtained prior to the issuance of the Final Report, the purchaser has exercised his right to cancel the contract pursuant to Section 514A-62, Hawaii Revised Statutes, as amended; or

(d) A purchaser has exercised his right to rescind the contract pursuant to Section 514A-63, Hawaii Revised Statutes, as amended.

Upon such refund, Escrow Agent shall be entitled to a reasonable fee not less than \$25 or a fee commensurate with the work done by Escrow prior to cancellation.

3. Requirements Prior to Disbursement of Buyer's Funds. Escrow Agent shall make no disbursements of Buyer's funds, pursuant to paragraph 5 of the Escrow Agreement until all of the following have occurred:

(a) the Real Estate Commission has issued a final public report (the "Final Report") on the Project;

(b) Seller or Seller's attorney has given a written opinion to Escrow stating that all of the requirements of Sections 514A-39, 514A-62 and 514A-63 of the Hawaii Revised Statutes, then applicable to the Project, have been satisfied and if the project is a conversion project, that the requirement of Section 514A-38 have been met.

(c) Seller shall have given Escrow a written waiver of any option reserved in any sales contract to cancel such sales contract;

4. Purchaser's Default. Seller must notify Escrow in writing if Purchaser defaults, and must certify that Seller has cancelled the Purchaser's Sales Contract. After such cancellation Escrow will treat the Purchaser's funds less Escrow's cancellation fees as belonging to the Seller.

EXHIBIT "H"

DISCLOSURE ABSTRACT

1. (a) PROJECT: 66-219 & 66-225 WAIALUA BEACH ROAD
66-219 & 66-225 Waialua Beach Road
Waialua, Hawaii 96712
 - (b) DEVELOPER: K. Wu Corporation -and-
Nils William Boe, Jr. and Barbara Jean Luke-Boe
66-219 Waialua Beach Road
Waialua, Hawaii 96712

Telephone: (808) 637-9077
 - (c) MANAGING
AGENT: Self-Managed by the Association
of Apartment Owners
2. Breakdown of annual maintenance fees and monthly estimate costs for each unit are more fully described on Exhibit "1" attached hereto (revised and updated every twelve (12) months and certified to have been based on generally accepted accounting principles).
- Note: Developers disclose that no reserve study was done in accordance with Chapter 514A-83.6, HRS, and replacement reserve rules, Subchapter 6, Title 16, Chapter 107, Hawaii Administrative Rules, as amended.
3. DESCRIPTION OF ALL WARRANTIES COVERING THE DWELLINGS AND COMMON ELEMENTS:
- The Developer is not making any warranties relating to the materials and workmanship of Unit 66-219 and Unit 66-225.
4. USE OF UNITS. The 66-219 & 66-225 WAIALUA BEACH ROAD Condominium Project will consist of two (2) units which will be used for residential purposes by the respective owners thereof, their tenants, families and domestic servants and social guests, and for other purpose permitted by the zoning ordinance for the City and County of Honolulu then in effect.

EXHIBIT "1"
ESTIMATED OPERATING EXPENSES
For Period May 1, 1999 to April 30, 2000
As Prepared by Developer

Estimated Annual Expenses

Ground Maintenance	
Water/Sewer	\$-0-
* Electricity:	\$-0-
**Fire/Liability Insurance:	\$-0-
Management Fee:	\$-0-
Miscellaneous:	\$-0-
 TOTAL ANNUAL EXPENSES	 \$-0-

Estimated Monthly Expenses \$-0-

Estimated Monthly Maintenance Fee
for Each Apartment: \$-0-

Note: * All utilities will be separately metered or otherwise charged, and the common elements will incur no separate utility charges.

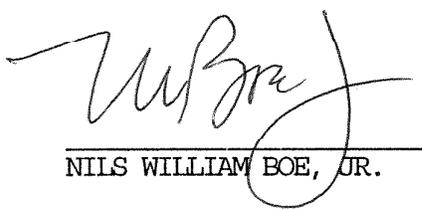
** Section 514A-86, Hawaii Revised Statutes, requires the Association of Apartment Owners to purchase fire insurance to cover the improvements of the Project, and that premiums be common expenses. Developer anticipates that the Association may elect to permit individual apartment owners to obtain and maintain separate policies of fire insurance and name the Association as an additional insured. In such case, fire insurance premiums will be the responsibility of individual apartment owners and not common expenses.

The Developer certifies that the maintenance fees and costs as estimated by the Developer is based on generally accepted accounting principles.

K. WU CORPORATION

By


Chien Yu-In Chu
Its President


NILS WILLIAM BOE, JR.


BARBARA JEAN LUKE-BOE

"Developer"