DEVELOPER'S PUBLIC REPORT
FOR A CONDOMINIUM

CONDOMINIUM PROJECT NAME	2113 & 2115 HUNNEWELL CONDOMINIUM
Project Address	2113 & 2115 Hunnewell Street Honolulu, HI 96822
Registration Number	6494
Effective Date of Report	**December 17, 2007**
Developer(s)	HELEN LINH THIEU HOANG ON SUI YING CHIU

Preparation of this Report

The Developer prepared this report to disclose relevant information, including "material facts", that are reasonably known to the Developer about the condominium project covered by this report. This report has been prepared pursuant to the Condominium Property Act, Chapter 514B, Hawaii Revised Statutes, as amended from time to time. The law defines "material facts" to mean "any fact, defect, or condition, past or present that to a reasonable person, would be expected to measurably affect the value of the project, unit, or property being offered or proposed to be offered for sale."

This report has not been prepared or issued by the Real Estate Commission or any other governmental agency. The issuance by the Commission of an effective date for this Developer's Public Report (1) does not mean that the Commission approves or disapproves of the project; (2) does not mean that the Commission thinks that either all material facts or all pertinent changes, or both, about the project have been fully or adequately disclosed; and (3) is not the Commission's judgment of the value or merits of the project.

This report may be used by the Developer for promotional purposes only if it is used in its entirety. No person shall advertise or represent that the Commission has approved or recommended the project, this report or any of the documents submitted with Developer's application for registration of this project.

This report will be amended if, after the effective date of this report, any changes, either material or pertinent changes, or both, occur regarding the information contained in or omitted from this report. In that case, the Developer is required to submit immediately to the Commission an amendment to this report or an amended Developer's Public Report, clearly reflecting the changes, including any omitted material facts, together with such supporting information as may be required by the Commission. In addition, the Developer may choose at any time to change or update the information in this report. Annually, at least thirty days prior to the anniversary date of the Effective Date of this report, the Developer shall file an annual report to update the material contained in this report. If there are no changes, the Developer is required to state that there are no changes. The Developer's obligation to amend this report or to file annual reports ends when the initial sales of all units in the project have been completed.

Purchasers are encouraged to read this report carefully and to seek professional advice before signing a sales contract for the purchase of a unit in the project.

Signing a sales contract may legally bind a purchaser to purchase a unit in the project, though a purchaser may have rights to cancel or rescind a sales contract under particular circumstances that may arise.

This material can be made available for individuals with special needs. Please call the Senior Condominium Specialist at 586-2643 to submit your request.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

[Use this page for special or significant matters which should be brought to the purchaser's attention and that are not covered elsewhere in this report.]

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General Information On Condominiums

A condominium is a special form of ownership of real property. To create a condominium in Hawaii after July 1, 2006, the Condominium Property Act, Chapter 514B, Hawaii Revised Statutes, must be followed. In addition, certain requirements and approvals of the county in which the project is located must be satisfied and obtained.

Some condominium projects are leasehold. This means that the land and/or the building(s) and other improvements are leased to the purchaser. The lease for the land usually requires that at the end of the lease term, the lessees (unit owners) deliver their interest in the land to the lessor (fee property owner).

If you are a typical condominium unit owner, you will have two kinds of ownership: (1) ownership in your individual unit; and (2) a percentage interest in the common elements.

You will be entitled to exclusive ownership and possession of your unit. Subject to the documents governing them, condominium units may be individually bought, sold, rented, mortgaged or encumbered, and may be disposed of by will, gift or operation of law.

Your unit will, however, be part of the group of units that comprise the condominium project. Study the project's Declaration of Condominium Property Regime, Bylaws of the Association of Unit Owners, Condominium Map and House Rules, if any, which are being concurrently delivered to you with this report. These documents contain important information on the use and occupancy of the units and the common elements of the project, as well as the rules and regulations of conduct for unit owners, tenants and guests.

Operation of the Condominium Project

The Association of Unit Owners is the entity through which unit owners may take action with regard to the administration, management and operation of the condominium project. Each unit owner is automatically a member of the Association.

The Board of Directors is the governing body of the Association. Unless you serve as a board member or an officer, or are on a committee appointed by the board, your participation in the administration and operation of the condominium project will in most cases be limited to your right to vote as a unit owner. The Board and officers can take certain actions without the vote of the unit owners. For example, the Board may hire and fire employees, increase or decrease maintenance fees, adopt budgets for revenues, expenses and reserves and regulate the use, maintenance, repair and replacement of common elements. Some of these actions may significantly impact the unit owners.

Until there is a sufficient number of purchasers of units to elect a majority of the Board, it is likely at first that the Developer will effectively control the affairs of the Association. It is frequently necessary for the Developer to do so during the early stages of development and the Developer may reserve certain special rights to do so in the Declaration and Bylaws. Prospective purchasers should understand that it is important to all unit owners that the transition of control from the Developer to the unit owners be accomplished in an orderly manner and in a spirit of cooperation.

1. THE CONDOMINIUM PROJECT

1.1 The Underlying Land

Fee Simple or Leasehold Project	☑ Fee Simple	☐	Leasehold (attach Leasehold Exhibit)
Developer is the Fee Owner	☑ Yes	☐	No
Fee Owner's Name if Developer is not the Fee Owner	DAVID MING TAT ON, HELEN LINH THIEU HOANG ON, HON MING CHAN, SUI YING CHIU		
Address of Project	2113 & 2115 Hunnewell Street Honolulu, HI 96822		
Address of Project is expected to change because			
Tax Map Key (TMK)	(1) 2-8-022-022		
Tax Map Key is expected to change because			
Land Area	7,500 sf		
Developer's right to acquire the Property if Developer is not the Fee Owner (describe)			

1.2 Buildings and Other Improvements

Number of Buildings	2
Floors Per Building	2
Number of New Building(s)	2
Number of Converted Building(s)	0
Principal Construction Materials (concrete, wood, hollow tile, steel, glass, etc.)	Wood, glass and allied building materials, Roofing is Architect 80 shingle.

1.3 Unit Types and Sizes of Units

Unit Type	Quantity	BR/Bath	Net Living Area	Net Other Areas	Other Areas (lanai, garage, etc.)	Total Area
2113	1	5/3	1,960.0 sf	632.0 sf	garage, carport	2,592.0 sf
2115	1	5/3	1,960.0 sf	632.0 sf	garage, carport	2,592.0 sf

See Exhibit ___.

2	**Total Number of Units**

Note: Net Living Area is the floor area of the unit measured from the interior surface of the perimeter walls of the unit. Other documents and maps may give floor area figures that differ from those above because a different method of determining floor area may have been used.

1.4 Parking Stalls

Total Parking Stalls in the Project:	6
Number of Guest Stalls in the Project:	0
Number of Parking Stalls Assigned to Each Unit:	Units 2113 & 2115: 2 car garage & 1 carport each
Attach Exhibit ____ specifying the Parking Stall number(s) assigned to each unit and the type of parking stall(s) (regular, compact or tandem and indicate whether covered or open).	
If the Developer has reserved any rights to assign or re-assign parking stalls, describe such rights.	

1.5 Boundaries of the Units

Boundaries of the unit:
Each unit shall be deemed to include the building comprising the unit, including, specifically, but not limited to: 1) all perimeter walls, floors, foundations and roofs of each building , and 2) all pipes, wires, conduits or other utility and service lines in such building, or outside such building, if the same are not utilized for or serve more than one unit.

1.6 Permitted Alterations to the Units

Permitted alterations to the unit (if the unit is defined as a non-physical or spatial portion of the project, also describe what can be built within such portion of the project):
Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Declaration each unit owner has the right,at his sole option,at any time,without the consent of anyone other than the holders of all liens affecting his unit to improve,renovate,remodel,make additions to,remove,replace or restore the improvements to or in his unit.

Common Interest: Each unit will have a percentage interest in the common elements appurtenant to each unit. This interest is called the "common interest". It is used to determine each unit's share of the maintenance fees and other common profits and expenses of the condominium project. It may also be used for other purposes, including voting on matters requiring action by unit owners. The common interest for each unit in this project, as described in Declaration, is:

Described in Exhibit ____.

As follows:

Unit 2113: 50%
Unit 2115: 50%

1.8 Recreational and Other Common Facilities (Check if applicable):

☐	Swimming pool
☐	Laundry Area
☐	Storage Area
☐	Tennis Court
☐	Recreation Area
☐	Trash Chute/Enclosure(s)
☐	Exercise Room
☐	Security Gate
☐	Playground
☐	Other (describe):

1.9 Common Elements

Common Elements: Common elements are those parts of the condominium project other than the individual units and any other real estate for the benefit of unit owners. Although the common elements are owned jointly by all unit owners, those portions of the common elements that are designated as limited common elements (see Section 1.10 below) may be used only by those units to which they are assigned. In addition to the common facilities described in Section 1.8 above, the common elements for this project, as described in the Declaration, are set forth below.
Described in Exhibit B.
Described as follows:

Common Element	Number
Elevators	
Stairways	
Trash Chutes	

1.10 Limited Common Elements

Limited Common Elements: A limited common element is a portion of the common elements that is reserved for the exclusive use of one or more but fewer than all units in the project.
Described in Exhibit ____.
Described as follows:

Certain parts of the common elements called "Limited Common Elements, are hereby designated and set aside for the exclusive use of each unit(s), and each unit(s) shall have appurtenant thereto exclusive easements for the use of such limited common elements. Unless otherwise specified, all costs, of every kind pertaining to each limited common element, including, but not limited, costs of landscaping, maintenance, repair, replacement and improvement, shall be borne entirely by the unit(s) to which is appurtenant. The limited common elements so set aside and reserved to each unit is the limited common area of each unit consisting of the land beneath and immediately adjacent thereto (including any yard areas, landscaping, driveway and access areas), as shown and delineated on Condominium Map 4536

1.11 Special Use Restrictions

The Declaration and Bylaws may contain restrictions on the use and occupancy of the units. Restrictions for this project include, but are not limited to, those described below.	
☐	Pets:
☐	Number of Occupants:
☐	Other:
☐	There are no special use restrictions.

1.12 Encumbrances Against Title

An encumbrance is a claim against or a liability on the property or a document affecting the title or use of the property. Encumbrances may have an adverse effect on the property or your purchase and ownership of a unit in the project. Encumbrances shown may include blanket liens which will be released prior to conveyance of a unit (see Section 5.3 on Blanket Liens).
Exhibit C describes the encumbrances against title contained in the title report described below.
Date of the title report: September 10, 2007
Company that issued the title report: Title Guaranty of Hawaii, Inc.

1.13 Uses Permitted by Zoning and Zoning Compliance Matters

Uses Permitted by Zoning				
	Type of Use	No. of Units	Use Permitted by Zoning	Zoning
☑	Residential	2	☑ Yes ☐ No	R-5
☐	Commercial		☐ Yes ☐ No	
☐	Mix Residential/Commercial		☐ Yes ☐ No	
☐	Hotel		☐ Yes ☐ No	
☐	Timeshare		☐ Yes ☐ No	
☐	Ohana		☐ Yes ☐ No	
☐	Industrial		☐ Yes ☐ No	
☐	Agricultural		☐ Yes ☐ No	
☐	Recreational		☐ Yes ☐ No	
☐	Other(specify)		☐ Yes ☐ No	
Is/Are this/these use(s) specifically permitted by the project's Declarations or Bylaws?			☑ Yes ☐ No	
Variances to zoning code have been granted.			☐ Yes ☑ No	
Describe any variances that have been granted to zoning code.				

1.14 Other Zoning Compliance Matters

Conforming/Non-Conforming Uses, Structures and Lots
In general, a non-conforming use, structure or lot is a use, structure or lot that was lawful at one time but that does not now conform to present zoning requirements. Under present zoning requirements, limitations may apply to extending, enlarging or continuing the non-conformity and to altering and repairing non-conforming structures. In some cases, a non-conforming structure that is destroyed or damaged cannot be reconstructed. If a variance has been granted or if uses, structures or lots are either non-conforming or illegal, the purchaser should consult with county zoning authorities as to possible limitations that may apply in situations such as those described above. A purchaser may not be able to obtain financing or insurance if the condominium project has a non-conforming or illegal use, structure or lot.

	Conforming	Non-Conforming	Illegal
Uses	☑	☐	☐
Structures	☑	☐	☐
Lot	☑	☐	☐

If a non-conforming use, structure or lot exists in this project, this is what will happen under existing laws or codes if the structure is damaged or destroyed:

1.15 Conversions

Developer's statements regarding units that may be occupied for residential use and that have been in existence for five years or more.	☐ **Applicable** ☑ **Not Applicable**
Developer's statement, based upon a report prepared by a Hawaii-licensed architect or engineer, describing the present condition of all structural components and mechanical and electrical installations material to the use and enjoyment of the units:	
Developer's statement of the expected useful life of each item reported above:	
List of any outstanding notices of uncured violations of any building code or other county regulations: NA	
Estimated cost of curing any violations described above: NA	

Verified Statement from a County Official
Regarding any converted structures in the project, attached as Exhibit ____ is a verified statement signed by an appropriate county official which states that either: (A) The structures are in compliance with all zoning and building ordinances and codes applicable to the project at the time it was built, and specifying, if applicable: (i) Any variances or other permits that have been granted to achieve compliance; (ii) Whether the project contains any legal nonconforming uses or structures as a result of the adoption or amendment of any ordinances or codes; and (iii) Any violations of current zoning or building ordinances or codes and the conditions required to bring the structure into compliance; or (B) Based on the available information, the county official cannot make a determination with respect to the foregoing matters in (A) above.
Other disclosures and information:

1.16 Project In Agricultural District

Is the project in an agricultural district as designated by the land use laws of the State of Hawaii? **If answer is "Yes", provide information below.**	☐ **Yes** ☑ **No**
Are the structures and uses anticipated by the Developer's promotional plan for the project in compliance with all applicable state and county land use laws? ☐ Yes ☐ No If the answer is "No", provide explanation.	
Are the structures and uses anticipated by the Developer's promotional plan for the project in compliance with all applicable county real property tax laws? ☐ Yes ☐ No If the answer is "No", provide explanation and state whether there are any penalties for noncompliance.	
Other disclosures and information:	

1.17 Project with Assisted Living Facility

Does the project contain any assisted living facility units subject to Section 321-11(10), HRS? **If answer is "Yes", complete information below.**	☐ **Yes** ☑ **No**
Licensing requirements and the impact of the requirements on the costs, operations, management and governance of the project.	
The nature and the scope of services to be provided.	
Additional costs, directly attributable to the services, to be included in the association's common expenses.	
The duration of the provision of the services.	
Other possible impacts on the project resulting from the provision of the services.	
Other disclosures and information.	

2. PERSONS CONNECTED WITH THE PROJECT

2.1 Developer(s)	Name: HELEN LINH THIEU HOANG ON SUI YING CHIU Business Address: 2203 Laukahi Street Honolulu, HI 96821 Business Phone Number: (808) 227-1818 E-mail Address:
Names of officers and directors of developers that are corporations; general partners of a partnership; partners of a limited liability partnership (LLP); or a manager and members of a limited liability company (LLC) (attach separate sheet if necessary).	
2.2 Real Estate Broker	Name: DOWER REALTY, INC. Business Address: 1114 11th Avenue Honolulu, HI 96816 Business Phone Number: (808) 735-8838 E-mail Address:
2.3 Escrow Depository	Name: TITLE GUARANTY OF HAWAII, INC. Business Address: 4211 Waialae Ave., Suite 104 Honolulu, HI 96816 Business Phone Number: (808) 733-6020
2.4 General Contractor	Name: H. M. BUILDER INC. Business Address: 2411 Liliha Street Honolulu, HI 96817 Business Phone Number: (808) 228-1208
2.5 Condominium Managing Agent	Name: SELF MANAGED BY THE ASSOCIATION Business Address: Business Phone Number:
2.6 Attorney for Developer	Name: LESTER G. L. WONG, AAL/ALC Business Address: 1188 Bishop Street, Suite 702 Honolulu, HI 96813 Business Phone Number: (808) 526-3033

3. CREATION OF THE CONDOMINIUM AND CONDOMINIUM DOCUMENTS

A condominium is created by recording in the Bureau of Conveyances (Regular System) or filing in the Office of the Assistant Registrar of the Land Court, or both, a Declaration of Condominium Property Regime, a Condominium Map and the Bylaws of the Association of Unit Owners. The Condominium Property Act (Chapter 514B, HRS), the Declaration, Bylaws and House Rules control the rights and obligations of the unit owners with respect to the project and the common elements, to each other, and to their respective units.

3.1 Declaration of Condominium Property Regime

The Declaration of Condominium Property Regime contains a description of the land, buildings, units, common interests, common elements, limited common elements, and other information relating to the condominium project.

Land Court or Bureau of Conveyances	Date of Document	Document Number
Bureau of Conveyances	October 24, 2007	2007-193467

Amendments to Declaration of Condominium Property Regime

Land Court or Bureau of Conveyances	Date of Document	Document Number

3.2 Bylaws of the Association of Unit Owners

The Bylaws of the Association of Unit Owners govern the operation of the condominium project. They provide for the manner in which the Board of Directors of the Association of Unit Owners is elected, the powers and duties of the Board, the manner in which meetings will be conducted, whether pets are prohibited or allowed and other matters that affect how the condominium project will be governed.

Land Court or Bureau of Conveyances	Date of Document	Document Number
Bureau of Conveyances	October 24, 2007	2007-193468

Amendments to Bylaws of the Association of Unit Owners

Land Court or Bureau of Conveyances	Date of Document	Document Number

3.3 Condominium Map

The Condominium Map contains a site plan and floor plans, elevations and layout of the condominium project. It also shows the floor plan, unit number and dimensions of each unit.

Land Court Map Number	
Bureau of Conveyances Map Number	4536

Dates of Recordation of Amendments to the Condominium Map:

3.4 House Rules

The Board of Directors may adopt rules and regulations (commonly called "House Rules") to govern the use and operation of the common elements and limited common elements. House Rules may cover matters such as parking regulations, hours of operation for common facilities such as recreation areas, use of lanais and requirements for keeping pets. These rules must be followed by owners, tenants, and guests. They do not need to be recorded or filed to be effective. The initial House Rules are usually adopted by the Developer. Changes to House Rules do not need to be recorded to be effective.			
The House Rules for this project:			
Are Proposed		☐	
Have Been Adopted and Date of Adoption		☑	October 24, 2007
Developer does not plan to adopt House Rules		☐	

3.5 Changes to the Condominium Documents

Changes to Condominium Documents: Changes to the Declaration, Bylaws and Condominium Map are effective only if they are duly adopted and recorded. Where permitted, the minimum percentages of the common interest that must vote for or give written consent to changes to the Declaration, Bylaws and Condominium Map are set forth below. The percentages for any individual condominium project may be more than the minimum set by law if the Declaration or Bylaws for the project so provide.

Document	Minimum Set by Law	This Condominium
Declaration	67%	67%
Bylaws	67%	67%

3.6 Rights Reserved by the Developer to Make Changes to the Condominium Project or Condominium Documents

☐	No rights have been reserved to the Developer to change the Declaration, Bylaws, Condominium Map or House Rules (if any).
☑	Developer has reserved the right to change the Declaration, Bylaws, Condominium Map and House rules (if any) and to add to or merge the project or to develop the project in one or more phases, and such rights are summarized as follows: a) To amend the Declaration, By-Laws, or Condo Map without the consent or joinder of anyone for the purpose of adjusting the plan or description of any unit which has not yet been constructed, completed and conveyed, provided that it not alter any unit of common interest already conveyed. b) To grant to any public authority or governmental entity rights of way and easements which do not materially interfere with the use nor materially impair the value of any unit. c) To amend the Declaration, By-Laws or Condo Map as required by law, lenders, Real Estate Commission, or title insurers. d) To maintain development facilities and conduct sales of units until all units are sold. e) To enter upon the Project and land to carry on such construction and demolition activities as may be necessary with construction, alteration or restoration.

4. CONDOMINIUM MANAGEMENT

4.1 Management of the Common Elements

Management of the Common Elements: The Association of Unit Owners is responsible for the management of the common elements and the overall operation of the condominium project. The Association may be permitted, and in some cases may be required, to employ or retain a condominium managing agent to assist the Association in managing the condominium project.

The Initial Condominium Managing Agent for this project is (check one):	
☐	Not affiliated with the Developer
☑	None (self-managed by the Association)
☐	The Developer or an affiliate of the Developer
☐	Other (explain)

4.2 Estimate of the Initial Maintenance Fees

Estimate of the Initial Maintenance Fees: The Association will make assessments against your unit to provide funds for the operation and maintenance of the condominium project. If you are delinquent in paying the assessments, a lien may be placed on your unit and the unit may be sold through a foreclosure proceeding. Initial maintenance fees are difficult to estimate and tend to increase as the condominium ages. Maintenance fees may vary depending on the services provided.
Exhibit ____ contains a breakdown of the estimated annual maintenance fees and the monthly estimated maintenance fee for each unit, certified to have been based on generally accepted accounting principles, with the Developer's statement as to when a unit owner shall become obligated to start paying the unit owner's share of the common expenses.

4.3 Utility Charges to be Included in the Maintenance Fee

If checked, the following utilities are included in the maintenance fee:	
☐	Electricity for the common elements
☐	Gas for the common elements
☐	Water
☐	Sewer
☐	TV cable
☐	Other (specify)

4.4 Utilities to be Separately Billed to Unit Owner

If checked, the following utilities will be billed to each unit owner and are not included in the maintenance fee:	
☑	Electricity for the Unit only
☐	Gas for the Unit only
☑	Water
☑	Sewer
☑	TV cable
☑	Other (specify) Telephone

5. SALES DOCUMENTS

5.1 Sales Documents Filed with the Real Estate Commission

Sales Documents on file with the Commission include, but are not limited to, the following:	
☑	Specimen Sales Contract Exhibit __E__ contains a summary of the pertinent provisions of the sales contract. Including but not limited to any rights reserved by the Developer.
☑	Escrow Agreement dated: October 29, 2007 Name of Escrow Company: First Hawaii Title Corporation Exhibit __F__ contains a summary of the pertinent provisions of the escrow agreement.
☐	Other

5.2 Sales to Owner-Occupants

If this project contains three or more residential units, the Developer shall designate at least fifty percent (50%) of the units for sale to Owner-Occupants.

☐	The sales of units in this project are subject to the Owner-Occupant requirements of Chapter 514B.
☐	Developer has designated the units for sale to Owner-Occupants in this report. See Exhibit ____.
☐	Developer has or will designate the units for sale to Owner-Occupants by publication.

5.3 Blanket Liens

Blanket Liens: A blanket lien is an encumbrance (such as a mortgage) on the entire condominium project or more than one unit that secures some type of monetary debt (such as a loan) or other obligation. Blanket liens (except for improvement district or utility assessments) must be released as to a unit before the developer conveys the unit to a purchaser. The purchaser's interest will be affected if the developer defaults and the lien is foreclosed prior to conveying the unit to the purchaser.	
☐	There are no blanket liens affecting title to the individual units.
☑	There are blanket liens that may affect title to the individual units.

Type of Lien	Effect on Purchaser's Interest and Deposit if Developer Defaults or Lien is Foreclosed Prior to Conveyance
Mortgage	If foreclosed, Buyer's deposit shall be refunded (less any escrow
	cancellation fees) and the sales contract between Buyer and
	Seller shall be canceled.

5.4 Construction Warranties

Construction Warranties: Warranties for individual units and the common elements, including the beginning and ending dates for each warranty (or the method of calculating them), are as set forth below:
Building and Other Improvements: The standard one-year contractor's warranty on materials and workmanship begins when unit is sold.
Appliances: The appliances will have warranties as provided by the manufacturer.

5.5 Status of Construction, Date of Completion or Estimated Date of Completion

Status of Construction: Units 2113 & 2115 were completed in October 2007
Completion Deadline: If a sales contract for a unit is signed before the construction of the unit has been completed, or, in the case of a conversion, completion of any repairs, does not occur by the completion deadline set forth below, one of the remedies available to a purchaser is a cancellation of the purchaser's sales contract. The sales contract may include a right of the Developer to extend the completion deadline for force majeure as defined in the sales contract. The sales contract may also provide additional remedies for the purchaser.
Completion Deadline for any unit not yet constructed, as set forth in the sales contract:
Completion Deadline for any repairs required for a unit being converted, as set forth in the sales contract:

5.6 Developer's Use of Purchaser Deposits to Pay for Project Construction Costs Before Closing or Conveyance

The Developer is required to deposit all moneys paid by purchasers in trust under a written escrow agreement with a Hawaii licensed escrow depository. Escrow shall not disburse purchaser deposits to the Developer or on behalf of the Developer prior to closing, except if a sales contract is canceled or if Developer has met certain requirements, which are described below.

5.6.1 Purchaser Deposits Will Not Be Disbursed Before Closing or Conveyance

☐	The Developer hereby declares by checking the box to the left that it shall use its own funds to complete the construction of the condominium project by the date indicated in Section 5.5 of this report, and the Developer, pursuant to its own analysis and calculations, certifies that it has sufficient funds to complete the construction of the condominium project. If the box to the left is checked, Sections 5.6.2 and 5.7, which follow below, will not be applicable to the project.

5.6.2 Purchaser Deposits Will Be Disbursed Before Closing

Hawaii law provides that, if certain statutory requirements are met, purchaser deposits in escrow under a binding sales contract may be used before closing to pay for certain project costs. For this project, the Developer indicates that purchaser deposits may be used for the following purposes (check applicable box):

☐	For new construction: to pay for project construction costs described in the Developer's budget and approved by the Developer's lender or an otherwise qualified, financially disinterested person; or
☐	For conversions: to pay for repairs necessary to cure violations of county zoning and building ordinances and codes, for architectural, engineering, finance and legal fees, and for other incidental expenses.

In connection with the use of purchaser deposits (check Box A or Box B):

Box A ☐	The Developer has submitted all information and documents required by law and the Commission prior to the disbursement of purchaser deposits before closing. This means that the Developer may use such deposits before closing. If the Developer decides not to use purchaser deposits before closing, the Developer does not need to amend this report. If Box A is checked, you should read and carefully consider the following notice, which is required by law: **Important Notice Regarding Your Deposits: Deposits that you make under your sales contract for the purchase of the unit may be disbursed before closing of your purchase to pay for project costs, construction costs, project architectural, engineering, finance, and legal fees, and other incidental expenses of the project. While the developer has submitted satisfactory evidence that the project should be completed, it is possible that the project may not be completed. If your deposits are disbursed to pay project costs and the project is not completed, there is a risk that your deposits will not be refunded to you. You should carefully consider this risk in deciding whether to proceed with your purchase.**
Box B ☐	The Developer has **not** submitted all information and documents required by law and the Commission, and, until all such information and documents are submitted, thus, the Developer cannot use purchaser deposits. If the Developer later submits all information and documents required by law and the Commission for the use of purchaser deposits, then the Developer must provide an amendment to this report or an amended developer's public report to each purchaser who has signed a sales contract. At such time, the **Important Notice Regarding Your Deposits** set forth immediately above will apply to all purchasers and will be restated in the amendment to this report or an amended developer's public report. When an effective date for such an amendment or an amended developer's public report is issued, **you will not have the right to rescind or cancel the sales contract by reason of such submission and amendment**. (This, however, does not affect your right to rescind for material changes or any other right you may have to rescind or cancel the sales contract, as described in Section 5.8 below.) If the Developer decides not to use purchaser deposits before closing, the Developer does not need to amend this report. You should understand that, although the **Important Notice Regarding Your Deposits** set forth above does not currently apply to you, it might apply to you in the future, and, therefore, you should read and carefully consider it now to ensure that you understand the risk involved in deciding whether to proceed with your purchase.

Material House Bond. If the Developer has submitted to the Commission a completion or performance bond issued by a material house instead of a surety as part of the information provided prior to the use of purchaser deposits prior to closing or conveyance of a unit, the Developer shall disclose the same below and disclose the impact of any restrictions on the Developer's use of purchaser deposits.

5.7 Rights Under the Sales Contract

Before signing the sales contract, prospective purchasers should carefully review all documents relating to the project. These include but are not limited to the documents listed below. Items 2, 3 and 4 are made a part of this public report, as well as Item 5, if any, and are being delivered to you with this report.

1.	**Developer's Public Report**
2.	**Declaration of Condominium Property Regime (and any amendments)**
3.	**Bylaws of the Association of Unit Owners (and any amendments)**
4.	**Condominium Map (and any amendments)**
5.	House Rules, if any
6.	Escrow Agreement
7.	Hawaii's Condominium Property Act (Chapter 514B, HRS, as amended) and Hawaii Administrative Rules (Chapter 16-107, adopted by the Real Estate Commission, as amended), provided that rules and regulations under Chapter 514B have not yet been adopted.
8.	Other:

Copies of the condominium and sales documents and amendments made by the Developer are available for review through the Developer or through the Developer's sales agent, if any. The Condominium Property Regime law (Chapter 514B, HRS) and the Administrative Rules (Chapter 107, HAR), are available online. Please refer to the following sites:

Website to access official copy of laws: www.capitol.hawaii.gov
Website to access rules: www.hawaii.gov/dcca/har

5.8 Purchaser's Right to Cancel or Rescind a Sales Contract

A purchaser's right to cancel a sales contract or to rescind a sales contract may arise under varying circumstances. In the sections below, some circumstances that will give rise to a purchaser's right to cancel or rescind are described, together with what a purchaser must do if the purchaser wishes to exercise any of the rights.

5.8.1 When a Sales Contract becomes Binding and Purchaser's 30-Day Right to Cancel a Sales Contract

A sales contract signed by a purchaser and the developer will not become binding on a purchaser or the Developer until the following events have taken place:

(1) The purchaser has signed the sales contract.

(2) The Developer has delivered to the purchaser a true copy of the developer's public report with an effective date issued by the Commission, together with all amendments to the report as of the date of delivery, and the project's recorded Declaration and Bylaws, House Rules (if any), the Condominium Map and any amendments to them to date (all of which are a part of the developer's public report). If it is impracticable to include a letter-sized Condominium Map, the Developer must provide written notice of an opportunity to examine the Condominium Map.

(3) The Developer has delivered to the purchaser a notice of the purchaser's 30-day cancellation right on a form prescribed by the Commission.

(4) The purchaser does at least one of the following:

(a) Waives the purchaser's right to cancel the sales contract within 30 days from receipt of the notice of the purchaser's 30-day cancellation right; or

(b) Allows the 30-day cancellation period to expire without exercising the right to cancel; or

(c) Closes the purchase of the unit before the 30-day cancellation period expires.

The purchaser or the Developer may cancel the sales contract at any time during the 30-day cancellation period, and the sales contract will be canceled and the purchaser's deposits returned to the purchaser, less any escrow cancellation fee and other costs associated with the purchase, up to a maximum of $250.

5.8.2 Right to Cancel a Sales Contract if Completion Deadline Is Missed

In addition to the purchaser's 30-day cancellation right described in Section 5.8.1 above, when a sales contract is signed before completion of construction of a project, the purchaser will have the right to cancel if the unit is not completed by certain deadlines. In conversion projects, there must be a deadline for completion of any required repairs. Every sales contract shall contain an agreement of the Developer that the completion of construction shall occur on or before the completion deadline, and that completion deadline is set forth in this report in Section 5.5. The sales contract shall provide that the purchaser may cancel the sales contract at any time after the specified completion deadline, if completion of construction does not occur on or before the completion deadline, as the same may have been extended. Upon a cancellation, the purchaser's deposits shall be refunded, less any escrow cancellation fee and other costs associated with the purchase, up to a maximum of $250.00.

5.8.3 Purchaser's Right to Rescind a Binding Sales Contract After a Material Change

If a "material change" in a project occurs after a purchaser has signed a sales contract that has become binding, the purchaser will have a 30-day right to rescind after notification and description of the material change. A material change is defined in the Condominium Property Act to be any change that "directly, substantially and adversely affects the use or value of (1) a purchaser's unit or appurtenant limited common elements; or (2) those amenities of the project available for the purchaser's use."

The purchaser will be informed of the material change by the developer on a form prescribed by the Commission containing a description of the material change.

After notice of the material change, the purchaser may waive the right to rescind by:

(1) Checking the waiver box on the rescission form; or

(2) Letting the 30-day rescission period expire, without taking any action to rescind; or

(3) Closing the purchase of the unit before the 30-day rescission period expires.

The rescission form must be signed by all purchasers of the affected unit and delivered to the developer no later than midnight of the 30th calendar day after the purchasers received the rescission form from the developer. Purchasers who validly exercise the right of rescission shall be entitled to a prompt and full refund of any moneys paid.

A rescission right shall not apply in the event of any additions, deletions, modifications and reservations including, without limitation, the merger or addition or phasing of a project, made pursuant to the terms of the project's Declaration.

These provisions shall not preclude a purchaser from exercising any rescission rights pursuant to a contract for the sale of a unit or any applicable common law remedies.

6. MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION NOT COVERED ELSEWHERE IN THIS REPORT

The Developer declares subject to the penalties set forth in Section 514B-69, HRS, that this project conforms to the existing underlying county zoning for the project, zoning and building ordinances and codes and all applicable permitting requirements adopted by the county in which the project is located, all in accordance with Sections 514B-5 and 32(a)(13), HRS.

For any conversion, if any variances have been granted, they are specified in Section 1.14 of this report, and, if purchaser deposits are to be used by the Developer to cure any violations of zoning, permitting requirements or rules of the county in which the project is located, the violation is specified in Section 1.15 of this report, along with the requirements to cure any violation, and Section 5.5 specifies the date by which the cure will be completed.

The Developer hereby certifies that all the information contained in this report and the exhibits attached to this report and all documents to be furnished by the Developer to purchasers concerning the project have been reviewed by the Developer and are, to the best of the Developer's knowledge, information and belief, true, correct and complete. The Developer hereby agrees promptly to amend this report to report and include either or all material facts, material or pertinent changes to any information contained in or omitted from this report and to file annually a report to update the material contained in this report at least 30 days prior to the anniversary date of the effective date of this report.

HELEN LINH THIEU HOANG ON

SUI YING CHIU

Printed Name of Developer

By Helen Hoang On — Oct 24, 2007
Date

By: Sui Ying Chiu — Oct 24, 2007
Duly Authorized Signatory* Date

HELEN LINH THIEU HOANG ON & SUI YING CHIU, Developer

Printed Name & Title of Person Signing Above

Distribution:

Department of Finance, City & County of Honolulu

Planning Department, City & County of Honolulu

***Must be signed for a corporation by an officer; for a partnership or limited liability partnership (LLP) by the general partner; for a limited liability company (LLC) by the manager or an authorized member; and for an individual by the individual.**

EXHIBIT A

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT.

The Project consists of the underlying land improvements consisting of two (2) residential dwellings, with parking appurtenant thereto. Each residential dwelling contains one (1) residential apartment (hereinafter referred to as "apartment", "unit" or "dwelling"). The location of each building is delineated on the Condominium Map.

Unit 2113 as designated on the "CPR map" of the Condominium Map has a street address of 2113 Hunnewell Street, Honolulu, HI 96822. It is also referred to as Unit A on the floor plans and elevations of the Condominium Map. Unit 2115 as designated on the "CPR map" of the Condominium Map has a street address of 2115 Hunnewell Street, Honolulu, HI 96822 and is also referred to as Unit B on the floor plans and elevations of the Condominium Map.

Unit 2113 is a two-story residential dwelling with no basement constructed principally of wood, glass, and allied building materials. The interior walls and ceiling consist of gypsum board. The exterior walls are 1/2" plywood backer over 5/8 " dens glass. The roofing is Architect 80 shingle.

Unit 2115 is a two-story residential dwelling with no basement constructed principally of wood, glass, and allied building materials. The interior walls and ceiling consist of gypsum board. The exterior walls are 1/2" plywood backer over 5/8 " dens glass. The roofing is Architect 80 shingle.

DESCRIPTION OF APARTMENTS; PARKING; ACCESS TO COMMON ELEMENTS.

One (1) freehold estate is hereby designated in each of the dwellings. The Project consists of two (2) freehold estates.

Unit 2113 has five (5) bedrooms, three (3) bathrooms. The first floor consists of two (2) bedrooms, one (1) bathroom, family room, wet bar, laundry and a two (2) car garage. Second floor consists of three (3) bedrooms, two (2) bathrooms, living room , dining area and kitchen.

Unit 2115 has five (5) bedrooms, three (3) bathrooms. The first floor consists of two (2) bedrooms, one (1) bathroom, family room, wet bar, laundry and a two (2) car garage. Second floor consists of three (3) bedrooms, two (2) bathrooms, living room , dining area and kitchen.

Units 2113 and 2115 each have a two-car garage plus one (1) car covered carport. No other parking stalls will be provided.

The units will have direct access to a public street from their own driveway.

The apartments will be numbered in the manner shown on said Condominium Map. All apartment areas are approximated and are based on the net living area, as measured from the interior surface of the apartment perimeter walls.

The apartments by number, net living area and limited common area are as follows:

Unit No.	Net Living Area	Limited Common Area
2113	1,960.0 sq. ft.	3,750.0 sq. ft.
2115	1,960.0 sq. ft.	3,750.0 sq. ft.

EXHIBIT B

DESCRIPTION OF COMMON ELEMENTS

(a) The land in fee simple.

(b) All ducts, sewer lines, electrical equipment, pipes, wiring, and other central and appurtenant transmission facilities and installations which serve the units for services such as power, light, water, gas, refuse, telephone, radio, and television signal distribution.

EXHIBIT C

ENCUMBRANCES AGAINST TITLE

1. Real Property taxes, if any:
(Your attention is directed to the Director of Finance, City and County of Honolulu);

   Tax Map Key: (1) 2-8-022-022 Area assessed: 7,500 sq. ft.

2. Reservation in favor of the State of Hawaii of all mineral and metallic mines.

3. The terms and provisions contained in DEED dated January 10, 1912, recorded in Liber 358 at Page 207.

4. MORTGAGE (Loan/Account No. 2231816) by and between DAVID MING TAT ON and HELEN LINH THIEU HOANG ON, husband and wife, and HON MING CHAN and SUI YING CHIU, husband and wife, as Mortgagor, and BANK OF HAWAII, a Hawaii corporation, as Mortgagee, dated May 7, 2007, recorded as Document No. 2007-085357, in the amount of $625,000.

5. The terms and provisions contained in AFFIDAVIT dated May 21, 2007, recorded as Document No. 2007-092858, by HELEN LINH THIEU H. ON, in consideration of the issuance by the Building Department, City and County of Honolulu, of a building permit.

6. The terms and provisions contained in DECLARATION FOR HOLDING TANK FACILITY dated May 11, 2007 recorded as Document No. 2007-099753.

7. The covenants, agreements obligations, conditions, easements and other provisions, as contained in the Declaration of Condominium Property Regime " 2113 & 2115 HUNNEWELL CONDOMINIUM", dated October 24, 2007, recorded in the Bureau of Conveyances, State of Hawaii on November 2, 2007, as Document No. 2007-193467.

8. By-laws of Association of Apartment Owners of "2113 & 2115 HUNNEWELL CONDOMINIUM", dated October 24, 2007, recorded in the Bureau of Conveyances, State of Hawaii on November 2, 2007, as Document No. 2007-193468.

9. Condominium Map No. 4536.

EXHIBIT D

ESTIMATE OF INITIAL MAINTENANCE FEES AND ESTIMATE OF MAINTENANCE FEE DISBURSEMENTS

Estimate of Initial Maintenance Fees:

Apartment/Unit	Monthly Fee x 12 months	Yearly Total
2113	$ 0 x 12 =	$0
2115	$ 0 x 12 =	$0

The Real Estate Commission has not reviewed the estimates of maintenance fee assessments and disbursements for their accuracy or sufficiency.

Estimate of Maintenance Fee Disbursements:

	Monthly x 12 months	Yearly Total
Utilities and Services		
Air Conditioning		
Electricity		
[ ] common elements only		
[ ] common elements and apartments		
Elevator		
Gas		
Refuse Collection		
Telephone		
Water and Sewer		
Maintenance, Repairs and Supplies		
Building		
Grounds		
Management		
Management Fee		
Payroll and Payroll Taxes		
Office Expenses		
Insurance		$0

Section 514B-143, Hawaii Revised Statutes, requires that fire insurance be purchased to cover the Project's improvements. It is contemplated that each apartment owner will purchase and maintain his own homeowner's insurance policy which will include fire and liability coverage, and name the Association as an additional insured. As such, the premiums on said policies will be the individual responsibility of each apartment owner rather than a common expense of the Association. The premiums for said fire insurance will vary depending upon the insurance company and the coverage. Developer's best estimate regarding the cost of said coverage is approximately $500.00 to $2,000.00 per year per unit. If it is necessary for the Association to have its own public liability coverage (which could occur), this will become a common expense of the Association shared by the apartment owners.

Reserves		
Taxes and Government Assessments		
Audit Fees		
Other:		
TOTAL		$0

HELEN LINH THIEU HOANG ON and SUI YING CHIU, the Developer for the condominium project 2113 & 2115 HUNNEWELL CONDOMINIUM, hereby certify that the above estimates of initial maintenance fee assessments and maintenance fee disbursements were prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Helen On
HELEN LINH THIEU HOANG ON

Date: October 24, 2007

Sui Ying Chiu
SUI YING CHIU

Date: October 24, 2007

EXHIBIT E

SUMMARY OF SALES CONTRACT

The sales contract contains the price, description and location of the apartment and other terms and conditions under which a buyer will agree to buy an apartment in the Project. Among other things, the sales contract provides:

1. A section for financing to be filled in and agreed to by the parties which will set forth how the buyer will pay the purchase price.

2. That a Buyer's deposits will be held in escrow until the sales contract is closed or cancelled. In the event Buyer fails to perform Buyer's obligations under this DROA (Seller not being in default), Seller may (a) bring an action for damages for breach of contract (b) retain the initial deposit and all additional deposits provided for herein as liquidated damages, and (c) Buyer shall be responsible for any costs incurred with this DROA.

3. That the buyer must close the purchase at a certain date and pay closing costs, in addition to the purchase price.

4. What will happen if there is a default under the sales contract by Seller or Buyer. If Buyer defaults, Seller may cancel the contract or bring legal action to force sale, obtain money damages or retain Buyer's deposit. If Seller defaults, Buyer can bring an action to force the sale.

The sales contract contains various other provisions which the buyer should become acquainted with.

5. Buyers are also made aware of the following:

"CHAPTER 672E OF THE HAWAII REVISED STATUTES CONTAINS IMPORTANT REQUIREMENTS YOU MUST FOLLOW BEFORE YOU MAY FILE A LAWSUIT OR OTHER ACTION FOR DEFECTIVE CONSTRUCTION AGAINST THE CONTRACTOR WHO DESIGNED, REPAIRED OR CONSTRUCTED YOUR HOME OR FACILITY. NINETY DAYS BEFORE YOU FILE YOUR LAWSUIT OR OTHER ACTION, YOU MUST SERVE ON THE CONTRACTOR A WRITTEN NO TICE OF ANY CONSTRUCTION CONDITIONS YOU ALLEGE ARE DEFECTIVE. UNDER THE LAW, A CONTRACTOR HAS THE OPPORTUNITY TO MAKE AN OFFER TO REPAIR AND/OR PAY FOR THE DEFECTS. YOU ARE NOT OBLIGATED TO ACCEPT ANY OFFER MADE BY A CONTRACTOR. THESE ARE STRICT DEADLINES AND PROCEDURES UNDER THE LAW, AND FAILURE TO FOLLOW THEM MAY NEGATIVELY AFFECT YOUR ABILITY TO FILE A LAWSUIT OR OTHER ACTION."

EXHIBIT F

SUMMARY OF ESCROW AGREEMENT

The escrow agreement sets up an arrangement under which the deposits a Buyer makes under a sales contract will be held by a neutral party ("Escrow"). Under the escrow agreement these things will or may happen:

(a) Escrow will collect payments due pursuant to the sales contract.

(b) Escrow will deposit all monies received pursuant to the sales contract in a special account with a financial institution.

(c) Escrow will let Buyers know when payments are due.

(d) Escrow will disburse Buyer's funds only after the following have happened:

1. The Real Estate Commission has issued a final public report;
2. Buyer has received a copy of the final report and given Seller a Receipt;
3. 2 working days after Seller has notified Escrow that it has received the receipt;
4. Seller has notified Escrow in writing that the requirements of §514B-92 or §514B-93, HRS, have been satisfied;
5. Seller notifies Escrow that the sales contract has become binding and that Seller's and Buyer's rights of cancellation have lapsed or become void.

(e) Escrow will refund Buyer's funds if Seller tells Escrow in writing that a refund should be made in accordance with the sales contract. No refund will be made a Buyer's request unless Escrow receives written approval from the Seller.

(f) Escrow will refund owner/occupant Buyer's deposits, if Seller and Buyer request a refund in writing, and (1) Seller does not offer Buyer a sales contract; or (2) Buyer fails to obtain financing within the prescribed time; or (3) Buyer asks to cancel because of hardship circumstances; or (4) Buyer does not plan to occupy the apartment.

(g) If Buyer defaults Seller will notify Escrow of such default. Escrow will notify Buyer by registered mail that Seller has canceled sales contract because of Buyer's default. After 10 days following Buyer's receipt of cancellation notice, Escrow will treat Buyer's funds (less escrow cancellation fee) as Seller.

(h) A Buyer's funds will be refunded without interest, less a cancellation fee if Buyer cancels the sales contract and either the seller requests that Buyer's funds be returned prior to issuance of the final public report, or Buyer's funds were obtained prior to issuance of the final public report and Buyer decides to cancel their reservation prior to receipt of the final public report.

(i) The escrow agreement says what will happen to a Buyer's funds upon default under the sales contract.

(j) Escrow will arrange for and supervise the signing of all necessary documents.

(k) The escrow agreement sets forth Escrow's responsibilities in the event of any disputes.

The escrow agreement contains various other provisions and establishes certain charges with which the purchaser should become acquainted.