Hanawi

Island: Maui

Size: 7,500 acres

Elevational range: 2,000 - 7,500 feet

Year established: 1986

Date surveyed: March 1988

Description: This reserve extends into subalpine zones of East Maui and includes a rare subalpine grassland, as well as shrublands and montane wet forests. These forests are valuable watershed, contain rare plants, and provide essential habitat for the state's largest concentration of rare and endangered Hawaiian birds.

Natural Communities: 12 total, 1 rare

RANK	NAME
2	*Deschampsia nubigena* Subalpine Mesic Grassland
3	'Akala Montane Wet Shrubland
3	*Carex alligata* Montane Wet Grassland
3	Hawaiian Intermittent Stream
3	Koa/'Ohi'a Lowland Wet Forest
3	Mixed Fern/Mixed Shrub Montane Wet Cliff
3	'Ohi'a/'Olapa Montane Wet Forest
3	'Ohi'a/Mixed Shrub Montane Wet Forest
3	'Ohi'a/Uluhe Montane Wet Forest
3	'Ohi'a/Uluhe Lowland Wet Forest
3	Pukiawe Subalpine Dry Shrubland
4	Uluhe Lowland Wet Shrubland

Native Plants: 135 total taxa, 11 rare

Native Animals: 13 total taxa, 6 rare

Management Highlights: The top priority for management is feral pig control. Barrier fences are recommended to create 1,540 acres of controlled management units in the upper part of the reserve. An intensive program of snaring and hunting is recommended for these units. Public and staff hunting is planned for the rest of the reserve. Monitoring is recommended for pig control and to track special resources, such as endangered birds, including the Po'ouli. Another aspect of management is tracking potential weed threats and identifying necessary action such as removal of blackberry from the Puu Alaea area. Also recommended is an increased public education program.