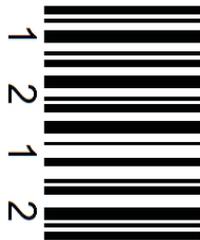




KLOR KLEEN

Chlorinating Sanitizer



ACTIVE INGREDIENT (Nominal Concentration)

Sodium Hypochlorite.....	5.25%
Inert Ingredients	94.75%
Total	100.00%

Note: This product degrades with age. Use a chlorine test kit and increase dosage, as necessary, to obtain the required level of available chlorine.

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
DANGER**

(See Additional Precautions On Back Panel)

EPA REG. NO. 1744-20004-44956

EPA EST. NO. 44956-CA-01

NET CONTENTS: 1 GALLON (3.785 LITERS)

Hocking International Laboratories, LLC.
980 Rancheros Drive
San Marcos, CA 92069 - 1-800-222-8599

DIRECTIONS FOR USE:

IT IS A VIOLATION OF FEDERAL LAW TO USE THIS PRODUCT IN A MANNER INCONSISTENT WITH ITS LABELING.

NOTE: THIS PRODUCT DEGRADES WITH AGE. USE A CHLORINE TEST KIT AND INCREASE DOSAGE, AS NECESSARY, TO OBTAIN THE REQUIRED LEVEL OF AVAILABLE CHLORINE.

SANITIZATION OF NONPOROUS FOOD CONTACT SURFACES

RINSE METHOD: A solution of 100 ppm available chlorine may be used in the sanitizing solution if a chlorine test kit is available. Solutions containing an initial concentration of 100 ppm available chlorine must be tested and adjusted periodically to insure that the available chlorine does not drop below 50 ppm. Prepare a 100 ppm sanitizing solution by thoroughly mixing 2.5oz of this product with 10 gallons of water. If no test kit is available, prepare a sanitizing solution by thoroughly mixing 5oz of this product with 10 gallons of water to provide approximately 200 ppm available chlorine by weight.

Clean equipment surfaces in the normal manner. Prior to use, rinse surfaces thoroughly with the sanitizing solution, maintaining contact with the sanitizer for at least 2 minutes. If solution contains less than 50 ppm available chlorine, as determined by a suitable test kit, either discard the solution or add sufficient product to reestablish a 200 ppm residual. DO NOT rinse equipment with water after treatment and DO NOT soak equipment overnight.

Sanitizers used in automated systems may be used for general cleaning but may not be re-used for sanitizing purposes.

IMMERSION METHOD: A solution of 100 ppm available chlorine may be used in the sanitizing solution if a chlorine test kit is available. Solutions containing an initial concentration of 100 ppm available chlorine must be tested and adjusted periodically to insure that the available chlorine does not drop below 50 ppm. Prepare a 100 ppm sanitizing solution by thoroughly mixing 2.5oz of this product with 10 gallons of water. If no test kit is available, prepare a sanitizing solution by thoroughly mixing 5oz of this product with 10 gallons of water to provide approximately 200 ppm available chlorine by weight.

Clean equipment surfaces in the normal manner. Prior to use, rinse surfaces thoroughly with the sanitizing solution, maintaining contact with the sanitizer for at least 2 minutes. If solution contains less than 50 ppm available chlorine, as determined by a suitable test kit, either discard the solution or add sufficient product to reestablish a 200 ppm residual. Do not rinse equipment with water after treatment.

Sanitizers used in automated systems may be used for general cleaning but may not be re-used

FIRST AID:

If On Skin Or Clothing: Take off contaminated clothing; rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes; call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If In Eyes: Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes; remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye; call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If Swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice; have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow; do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor; Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If Inhaled: Move person to fresh air; if the person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible; call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

Note to Physician: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

Hazards To Humans And Domestic Animals: Danger: Corrosive. May cause severe skin irritation or chemical burns to broken skin. Causes eye damage. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear goggles or face shield and rubber gloves when handling this product. Wash after handling. Avoid breathing vapors. Vacate poorly ventilated areas as soon as possible. Do not return until odors have dissipated.

Environmental Hazards: This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or public waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a national pollutant discharge elimination system (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your state water board or regional office of the EPA.

Physical And Chemical Hazards: Strong Oxidizing Agent. Mix only with water according to label directions. Mixing this product with gross filth such as feces, urine, etc., or with ammonia, acids, detergents, or other chemicals may release hazardous gases irritating to the eyes, lungs and mucous membranes.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL:

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store this product in a cool dry area, away from direct sunlight and heat to avoid deterioration. Do not contaminate food or feed by storage, disposal, or cleaning of equipment. In case of spill, flood areas with large quantities of water. Product or rinsates that cannot be used should be diluted with water before disposal in a sanitary sewer.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes may be hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your state pesticide or environmental control agency, or the hazardous waste representative at the nearest EPA regional office for guidance.

RESIDUE REMOVAL: Triple rinse as follows: Fill the container ¼ full with water and reclose. Agitate vigorously and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Follow Pesticide Disposal instructions for rinsate disposal. Repeat two more times. Wrap container and put in trash or offer for recycling if available.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

NON-REFILLABLE CONTAINERS. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available or place in trash collection.