

7023898

HomeFront™

STATE OF HAWAII
Department of Agriculture

ACCEPTED

LICENSE NO. **7065.4**

Yard & Garden Insect Killer

Concentrate

FOR USE ON LISTED:

Vegetables, fruits, flowers,
houseplants, roses, nuts, lawns,
trees, shrubs, outside surfaces of
buildings and surrounding areas

Contact & residual spray

Net Contents 16 fl. oz. (473 ml)

datecode

**KILLS OVER 100
LISTED INSECTS**

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Permethrin(CAS No. 52645-53-1)2.50%

OTHER INGREDIENTS:97.50%

TOTAL:100.00%

EPA Est. No. 4-NY-1 EPA Reg. No. 4-408-91901

FOR RESIDENTIAL USE ONLY

Keep Out of Reach of Children

(See back booklet for additional
Precautionary Statements and First Aid)

CAUTION

10442

HOMEFRONT YARD & GARDEN INSECT KILLER CONCENTRATE

CONTROLS: Kills over 100 different named insects.

Contact and Residual Spray

**Kills troublesome outdoor insects which destroy
Lawns, Roses, Flowers, Trees, and Shrubs, Vegetables,
Fruit, Nuts**

EPA Est. No. 4-NY-1
EPA Reg. No. 4-408-91901
Buyers Guarantee Limited to Label Claims.
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Orgill, Inc.
3742 Tyndale Drive
P.O. Box 140
Memphis, TN 38101



Pint 7023898

OR





READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FIRST. OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS AND FOLLOW DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Not for use on plants being grown for sale or for other commercial use, or for commercial seed production or for research purposes.

USE RESTRICTIONS

For Use as a Surface or Space Spray:

Except when applying to pets, do not enter or allow others to enter until sprays have dried. Except when applying to pets, do not apply this product in such a way that will contact adults, children or pets, either directly or through drift. Not for broadcast use to indoor residential surfaces. Not for use in outdoor residential misting systems. Application is prohibited directly into sewer drains, or to any area like a gutter where drainage to sewers, storm drains, water bodies, or aquatic habitat can occur. Do not allow the product to enter any drain during or after application. Other than applications to building foundations, all outdoor applications to impervious surfaces, such as sidewalks, driveways, patios, porches and structural surfaces (such as windows, doors, and eaves) are limited to spot and crack-and-crevice applications only. Do not water the treated area to the point of run-off. Do not make applications during rain.

USE INFORMATION

All outdoor applications must be limited to spot or crack-and-crevice treatments only, except for the following permitted uses:

(1) Treatment to soil or vegetation around structures; (2) Applications to lawns, turf, and other vegetation; (3) Applications to building foundations, up to a maximum height of 3 feet.

Step #1: For lawns and vegetables, measure the area to be sprayed. Calculate square feet by multiplying length by width. For all other applications, apply as a thorough cover spray.

Step #2: Use a clean sprayer. Carefully measure and mix the amount of concentrate and water as directed.

Step #3: Spray as directed. Thorough coverage is important. Flush sprayer with clean water after each use. Make applications when insects first appear. Repeat applications as directed. See directions for complete insect list.

DIRECTIONS FOR APPLYING HOME LAWN

	Pests:	How to use:
Bent, Bermuda, Bluegrass, Dichondra, Fescue, Irish Moss, Merion, St. Augustine	Ants, Armyworms, Brown Dog Ticks, Chinch Bugs, Crickets, Cutworms, Fleas, Grasshoppers, Japanese Beetle Grubs, Mole Crickets, Sod Webworms, Ticks that may carry Lyme Disease, Leafhoppers	Thoroughly wet down grass a few hours before applying. Home lawns should be no taller than 3 inches at time of application. Slightly more water may be used as long as the amount of product per area is as listed below. For heavy infestations, repeat application after 2 weeks. Do not exceed 16 applications per season. For ants, crickets and grasshoppers, use 2 fl. oz. in 3 gallons of water to cover 1,000 sq. ft. For other listed insects, use 6 fl. oz. in 10 gals. of water to cover 1,000 sq. ft.

HOUSEPLANTS - INDOORS

To protect plants in residential greenhouses and lathouses, and for indoor landscaping:

	Pests:	How to use:
Ageratum, Ardisia, Aster, Baby's Breath, Begonia, Birdsnest Fern, Bleeding Heart, Carnation, Chrysanthemum, Coleus, Cockscomb, Crown of Thorns, Cyclamen, Dracaena, Fuchsia, Gladiolus, Grape Ivy, Juniper, Lily, Marigold, Orchid, Palm, Pansy, Peperomia, Petunia, Philodendron, Piggy-Back Plant, Poinsettia, Portulaca, Pothos, Prayer Plant, Purple Passion,	Aphids, Armyworms, Corn Earworms, Exposed Thrips, Fall Cankerworms, Inchworms, Japanese Beetles, Leafminers, Leafrollers, Mealybugs, Scales, Spider Mites, Spring Cankerworms,	Mix 1 fl. oz. in 1 gal. of water. Contact and residual: Use sufficient spray to obtain full coverage of all foliage. If application is to be made indoors, remove infested plants from living areas prior to application. Use in an area not likely to be occupied by people or pets (particularly fish). After spraying, plants can be returned to original location. Do not use more product than recommended, as this may cause some plant injury. Use with care on ferns, palms and fuchsia. As with all plants listed, especially carnations, chrysanthemums, and roses, there exists a wide variety of species and cultivars, and therefore, a wide variety of susceptibility to injury. To ascertain possible phytotoxicity, treat a few plants as described

HOUSEPLANTS - INDOORS Cont.

Plants:	Pests:	How to Use:
Rabbits Foot Fern, Rose, Schefflera, Snapdragon, Snake Plant, Stative, Velvet Plant, Verbena, Zinnia	Whiteflies,	above, wait 24 hours, and check for possible injury. Repeat applications may be necessary to control citrus blackflies on non-bearing citrus, and Adult Japanese beetles on roses. Do not exceed 16 applications per season.
Velvet Plants	Fungus Gnats	

TREES & SHRUBS

	Pests:	How to use:
Arizona Cypress, Azalea, Birch, Cherry, Non-bearing Citrus, Conifers, Elm, English Ivy, Euonymous, Weeping fig, Fir, Honeysuckle, Lilac, Mock-orange, Oak, Palm, Philodendron, Pine, Poinsettia, Tulip Poplar, Rhododendron, Taxus	Aphids, Bagworms, Cicadas (locusts), Exposed thrips, Fall cankerworms, Inchworms, Leafminers, Leafrollers, Locusts, Mealybugs, Spider mites, Whiteflies, Gypsy Moth, Tent Caterpillar, Japanese Beetles	Use 1 fl. oz. in 1 gal. of water. Apply as a thorough spray, wetting leaves and branches to the dripping point. Try to penetrate dense foliage. Spray in the late afternoon or evening, when the temperature ranges from 50° to 75° F and when there is little or no wind. Spray at the first sign of insects. Repeat as necessary; use intervals of 4-8 days. Do not exceed 16 applications per season. Application can be made up to the day of collection.
Cherry, Honeysuckle	Fall webworms	
Conifer	Budworms	
Elm	Elm leaf beetles, Elm spanworms, Fall webworms	
Douglas and Grand Firs	Tussock moths	
Non-bearing Citrus	Citrus black flies	
Oak	Oakworms	
Pine	Pine beetles, Pine moths, Pine needleminers, Needle scales	

On Tent caterpillars, application should be made when caterpillars are young and tents are first noticed. For best results, apply in the late afternoon or evening, when caterpillars have returned to their tents. Wet tents with spray on all sides. A few caterpillars may be seen escaping from the tent; however, they should die within several hours.

FIRE ANT CONTROL

Individual Mound and Plant Container Treatment

Mix 2 fl. oz. in 3 gals. water and apply as a drench using a sprinkler can. Gently apply 1 gallon of the mixture over the surface of each mound. Thoroughly wet mound and surrounding area of 3 x 4 ft. (12 sq. ft.) For best results apply in cool weather 65°F-80°F, early or late in the day. Treat new mounds as they appear. Pressurized sprays may disturb ants and cause migration which will reduce product effectiveness. **Use the same method as above for the control of Fire Ants that may nest in permanently placed containerized ornamental plants.**

ROSES & FLOWERS

	Pests:	How to use:
Ageratum, Aster, Ardisia, Azalea, Baby's breath, Begonia, Birds-nest fern, Bleeding heart, Carnation, Chrysanthemum, Coleus, Common Ninebark and Snowberry, Cockscomb, Crown of thorns, Cyclamen, Dracaena, Dumbcane, English Ivy, Exacum, Fuchsia, Gladiolus, Grape Ivy, Gold Bells, Hypoestes, Ivy, Juniper, Lilac, Marigold, Mock-Orange, Nannyberry, Orchid, Palm, Pansy, Pea Shrub, Peperomia, Petunia, Philodendron, Piggy-back Plant, Poinsettia, Portulaca, Pothos, Prayer Plant, Purple Passion, Rabbits Foot fern, Rhododendron, Rose, Schefflera, Snapdragon, Snake Plant, Stative Velvet Plant, Verbena, Zinnia	Aphids, Armyworms, Bagworms, Cabbage worms, Cicadas (locusts), Corn earworms, Cutworms, Exposed thrips, Fall cankerworms, Fall webworms, Fungus gnats, Inchworms, Japanese beetles, Leafminers, Leafrollers, Locusts, Mealybugs, Scale crawlers, Spring cankerworms, Spider mites, Whiteflies, Rose Chafer, Psyllids, Scale Insects	Use 1 fl. oz. in 1 gal. of water. Apply as a thorough spray, wetting the plants to the dripping point. Try to hit underside of leaves and penetrate dense foliage. Spray in the late afternoon or evening, when the temperature ranges from 50°F to 75°F and when there is little or no wind. Spray at the first sign of insects. Repeat as necessary; use intervals of 4-8 days. Do not exceed 16 applications per season. Application can be made up to the day of collection.

FRUIT & NUT TREES

USE DIRECTIONS

Use 2 fl. oz. in 1 gal. of water. Apply when insects appear. Wet the plants to the dripping point. Try to hit underside of leaves and penetrate dense foliage.

	Pests:	How to use:
Almonds, Pecans	Navel orangeworms, Peach twig borers	Do not make more than 2 applications during hull split and 5 applications per season. Can be applied up to 7 days prior to harvest.
Apples	Green fruitworms, Aphids, Leafrollers (Oblique-banded, Redbanded), Plum curculio, Rosy apple aphids, Spotted tentiform leafminers, Tarnished plant bugs, White apple leafhoppers, Japanese Beetles	Repeat as required to maintain control. Do not make more than 3 applications. Do not apply after petal fall.
Peaches	Borers (Lesser peachtree, Peach twig), Green fruitworms, Plum curculio, Oriental fruit moths, Tarnished plant bugs	Do not apply within 7 days of harvest. Do not make more than 8 applications per season.
Pears (dormant through delayed dormant)	Pear psylla	Apply during the dormant through delayed dormant growth period only. Do not make more than 2 applications per season.
Pears (summer)	Codling Moths, Green fruitworms, Pear psylla, Aphids	Do not make more than 3 applications per season. Can be applied up to 14 days prior to harvest.

VEGETABLES

For all of the following vegetables, apply 1 gallon of finished mix to 1,000 sq. ft.

	Pests:	How to use:
Asparagus (pre-harvest)	Asparagus beetles, Cutworms	Use 1 ½ fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply for uniform coverage as needed. Do not make more than 4 applications per crop. Can be applied up to 3 days prior to harvest.
(post-harvest)	Larval stages of asparagus beetle; Tarnished plant bug; Lygus bugs and adult Japanese beetle	Treat ferns or bush growth after spear harvest when insects are present.
Celery – See Leafy Vegetables		
Cole Crops: Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Cauliflower	Beet armyworms, Cabbage aphids and Loopers, Diamondback Moths, Imported cabbageworms	Use 1 fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply every 5 days or as needed. Can be applied up to 1 day prior to harvest. Do not make more than 8 applications on Cauliflower, Brussels Sprouts and Broccoli and 10 applications on Cabbage.
Corn – see Sweet Corn		
Cucumber, Melons, Pumpkins, Squash	Flea beetle, Leafhopper	Use 2 fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply as needed, but not more than 8 applications per season. Can be applied up to day of harvest.

VEGETABLES cont.

	Pests:	How to use:
Cucurbits: Balsam pear (bitter melon), Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon), citron melon, cucumber, gherkin, edible gourds; melons including hybrids such as Cantaloupe, Casaba, Crenshaw, Honeydew, Honey Balls, Mango melon, Muskmelon, Persian melon, Pumpkin, Summer & Winter Squash, Watermelon	Aphids, Cabbage looper, Cucumber beetle (adults), Cutworms, Leafhoppers, Leafminers, Leafminers, Melonworms, Pickleworm, Plant bugs, Squash bugs	Use 2 fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply as needed to ensure uniform coverage. Do not exceed 8 applications per season. Can be applied up to the day of harvest.
Eggplant	Colorado potato beetles, Vegetable leafminers	Use 3 fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply for uniform coverage as needed. Do not exceed 16 applications. Can be applied up to 3 days prior to harvest.
Horseradish (Foliar application)	Imported crucifer weevils	Use 3 fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply as needed. Do not exceed 3 foliar applications. Can be applied up to 22 days prior to harvest.
Head Lettuce	Corn Earworms, Beet armyworms, Loopers (Alfalfa, Cabbage), Tobacco budworms	Use 2 fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply every 5-10 days as needed. Do not make more than 10 applications per season. Can be applied up to 1 day prior to harvest.

VEGETABLES cont.

	Pests:	How to use:
Leafy Vegetables: Amaranth, Arrugula, Celery, Celtuce, Chervil, Corn salad, Chrysanthemum (edible-leaved and garland), cress (garden and upland), Dandelion, Dock, Endive, Fennel, Lettuce (head and leaf), Okra, Parsley, Purslane (garden and winter), Rhubarb, Spinach, swiss chard	Alfalfa looper, Aphids, Beet armyworm, Cabbage looper, Corn earworm, Cutworms, European corn borer, Fall armyworm, Green cloverworm, Southern armyworm, Tobacco budworm, Vegetable leaf miner	Use 2 fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply every 5 to 10 days as needed. Do not exceed 10 applications per season. Can be applied up to 1 day prior to harvest.
Melons – see Cucurbits		Use 1 ½ fl. oz. in 1 gal.
Potatoes	Beet armyworm, Colorado potato beetle, Potato leafhopper, Potato tuberworm, Cabbage looper, Cutworms, European corn borer, Potato psyllid, Tarnished plant bug.	Apply as needed. Do not make more than 12 applications. Can be applied up to 7 days prior to harvest.
Peppers	Vegetable leafminers, Cabbage looper, Flea beetle, Corn earworm, Pepper weevil, European corn borer	Use 2 fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply as needed, but not more than 8 applications per season. Can be applied up to 3 days prior to harvest.
Strawberries, Raspberries, Blueberries	Strawberry weevils, Aphids, Spider mites, Lygus bugs, Flea beetles, Omnivorous leafier, Spittlebugs, Japanese beetles, Field crickets, Red Spider, Leafroller, Weevils	Use 1 ½ fl. oz. in 1 gal. Allow 14 days between last application and harvest. Make no more than 8 foliar applications per growing season

VEGETABLES cont.

	Pests:	How to use:
Sweet Corn	Armyworms (Fall, Southern), Corn earworms, European corn borers	Use 1 ½ fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply every 5 days and when needed, but not more than 6 applications per season. Can be applied up to 1 day prior to harvest.
Tomatoes	Beet and southern armyworm, Tomato pinworm, Tomato fruitworm, Horn worms, Granulate cutworms, Colorado potato beetle, Cabbage looper	Use 1 ½ fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply as needed for uniform coverage. Do not exceed 8 applications per season. Can be applied up to day of harvest.

NUISANCE PESTS IN OUTDOOR AREAS

GENERAL DIRECTIONS– Use 6 2/3 fl. oz. in 1 quart of water, treating 400 linear feet with a 6-inch spray band.

OUTSIDE SURFACES OF BUILDING

Use this product on Ants, Asian Ladybeetles, Clover Mites, Crickets, Earwigs, Locusts, Millipedes, Sowbugs (pillbugs) to help prevent infestation of buildings, treat the building foundation to a height of 2 to 3 feet, where pests are active and may find entrance. Also, apply as a spot or crack-and-crevice spray to outside surfaces of building, including porches, screens, window frames, eaves, patios, garages, refuse dumps and other areas where these pests congregate or have been seen. Repeat treatment as needed to maintain effectiveness. Do not exceed 24 applications per year.

OTHER OUTDOOR AREAS

Use this product on Ants, Crickets, Earwigs, Fleas, Ticks (**including ticks that may carry Lyme Disease**) for treatment of localized infestations of these insects in areas where there are weeds or bushy non-crop areas, spray infested areas thoroughly. **For ants**, thoroughly wet hills and runways. Repeat application as reinfestations occur. Do not exceed 24 applications per year.

To reduce annoyance from: **Cluster Flies, Flying Moths, Gnats, House Flies, Mosquitoes**. Spray outside surfaces of screens, doors, window frames or wherever these insects may enter the room. Also treat surfaces around light fixtures on porches, in garages, around shrubbery, and other places where these insects alight or congregate. Repeat as necessary. Do not exceed 24 applications per year.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage and disposal.

Storage: Store and transport in an upright position. Store in original container in a cool, dry area away from heat or open flame.

Pesticide Disposal: *If partly filled* - Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

Container Handling: *If empty* - Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Place in trash or offer for recycling if available.

FIRST AID

If swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact the National Pesticide Information Center at 1-800-858-7378 for emergency medical treatment information

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: May be harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Avoid breathing spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish. Avoid contamination of ornamental fish ponds. Drifts and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in treated areas. To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help avoid run off to water bodies or drainage systems. This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds while bees are actively visiting the treatment area.

NOTICE: To the extent consistent with applicable law, buyer assumes all responsibility for safety and use not in accordance with directions.

For information on pesticide products (including health concerns, medical emergencies, or pesticide incidents), call the National Pesticide Information Center at 1-800-858-7378.