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Department of Agriculture
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Pesticides Branch

FARMWORKS™

41% GLYPHOSATE PLUS
CONCENTRATE WITH SURFACTANT
GRASS & WEED KILLER

– **NON-SELECTIVE, broad-spectrum weed control for:**
- Many agricultural systems and farmsteads.
- General Non-crop Areas and Industrial Sites, Forestry Site Preparation, Ornamentals, Plant Nurseries and Christmas Trees, Parks, Recreational and Residential Areas, Railroads, Roadsides, Utility Sites.

– **Herbicide for Roundup Ready® Crops**

– **Contains Glyphosate, the same active ingredient used in RoundUp®**

Distributed by:
Ragan & Massey, Inc.
101 Ponchatoula Parkway, Ponchatoula, LA 70454
(800) 264-5281 or info@raganandmassey.com

NET CONTENTS: 1 GAL / 128 FL OZ / 3.79 L

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

WARNING / AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta,
busque alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.
(If you do not understand the label,
find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See Inside Booklet for Complete Precautionary Statements, First Aid, Directions for Use and Storage and Disposal.

EPA REG. NO. 86068-4-84009
EPA EST. NO. 084840-LA-001

(TX 090810N) 0712(01)

FarmWorks™ is a trademark of Tangi•Pac, LLC.

FarmWorks™ 41% Glyphosate, 1 Gal
7 37716 76201 3

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	
* Glyphosate, N-(phosphonomethyl) glycine, in the form of its isopropylamine salt	41.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	59.0%
TOTAL:	100.0%

* Contains 480 grams per liter or 4 pounds per U.S. gallon of the active ingredient glyphosate, in the form of its isopropylamine salt. Equivalent to 356 grams per liter or 3 pounds per U.S. gallon of the acid, glyphosate.

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IV. LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS (EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED FOR INDIVIDUAL ROUNDUP READY® CROPS), DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

Not all products recommended on this label are registered for use in California.
Check the registration status of each product in California before using.
Read the entire label before using this product. Use only according to label instructions.

Read the "LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY" statement at the end of the label before buying or using. If terms are not acceptable, return at once unopened.

1.0 INGREDIENTS

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	
*Glyphosate, N-(phosphonomethyl)glycine, in the form of its isopropylamine salt:	41.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	59.0%
TOTAL:	100.0%

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2.0 PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

WARNING / AVISO

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(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through skin. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

FIRST AID	
IF IN EYES	• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes then continue rinsing eye. • Call a Poison Control Center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF INHALED	• Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. • Call a Poison Control Center or doctor for further treatmant advice.
IF SWALLOWED	• Call a Poison Control Center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a Poison Control Center or doctor. • Do not give anything to an unconscious person.
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. This product is identified as FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer, EPA Registration No. 86068-4-84009. You may also contact 1-800-764-7661, collect day or night, for emergency medical treatment information.	

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes plus socks, and protective eyewear. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:
- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Domestic Animals: This product is considered to be relatively non-toxic to dogs and other domestic animals; however, ingestion of this product or large amounts of freshly sprayed vegetation may result in temporary gastrointestinal irritation (vomiting, diarrhea, colic, etc.). If such symptoms are observed, provide the animal with plenty of fluids to prevent dehydration. Call a veterinarian if symptoms persist for more than 24 hours.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Spray solutions of this product should be mixed, stored and applied using only stainless steel, aluminum, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers. DO NOT MIX, STORE OR APPLY THIS PRODUCT OR SPRAY SOLUTIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN GALVANIZED STEEL OR UNLINED STEEL (EXCEPT STAINLESS STEEL) CONTAINERS OR SPRAY TANKS. This product or spray solutions of this product react with such containers and tanks to produce hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible gas mixture. This gas mixture could flash or explode, causing serious personal injury, if ignited by open flame, spark, welder's torch, lighted cigarette or other ignition source.

3.0 DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling. This product can only be used in accordance with the Directions for Use on this label or in separately published Supplemental Labeling. Supplemental labeling may be found on the cdms.net or greenbook.net websites or obtained by contacting your local distributor.

ENDANGERED SPECIES PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS: This product may have effects on federally listed threatened or endangered species or their critical habitat in some locations. When using this product, you must follow the measures contained in the Endangered Species Protection Bulletin for the county or parish in which you are applying the pesticide. To determine whether your county or parish has a Bulletin, and to obtain that Bulletin, consult http://www.epa.gov/espp/ or call 1-800-447-3813 no more than 6 months before using this product. Applicators must use Bulletins that are in effect in the month in which the pesticide will be applied. New Bulletins will generally be available from the above sources 6 months prior to their effective dates.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulations.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls, chemical resistant gloves greater than 14 mils in thickness composed of materials such as butyl rubber, natural rubber, neoprene rubber, or nitrile rubber, shoes plus socks and protective eyewear.

Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Keep people and pets off treated areas until spray solution has dried.

4.0 STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Keep container closed to prevent spills and contamination.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product that cannot be used or chemically reprocessed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticide disposal or in accordance with applicable Federal, state, or local procedures.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Emptied container retains vapor and product residue. Observe all labeled safeguards until container is cleaned, reconditioned, or destroyed.

FOR NON-REFILLABLE CONTAINERS EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 5 GALLONS

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

5.0 GENERAL INFORMATION

This product is a postemergence, systemic herbicide with no soil residual activity. It is generally nonselective and gives broad-spectrum control of many annual weeds, perennial weeds, woody brush and trees. It is formulated as a water-soluble liquid. It may be applied through most standard industrial or field sprayers after dilution and thorough mixing with water or other carriers according to label instructions.

Time to Symptoms
This product moves through the plant from the point of foliage contact to and into the root system. Visible effects are a gradual wilting and yellowing of the plant, which advances to complete browning of above ground growth and deterioration of underground plant parts. Effects are visible on most annual weeds within 2 to 4 days, but on most perennial weeds effects may not be visible for 7 days or more. Extremely cool or cloudy weather following treatment may slow activity of this product and delay development of visual symptoms.

Stage of Weeds
Annual weeds are easiest to control when they are small. Best control of most perennial weeds is obtained when treatment is made at late growth stages approaching maturity. Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS" and "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE SECTIONS" for specific weed recommendations.

Always use the higher product application rate within the recommended range when weed growth is heavy or dense or when weeds are growing in an undisturbed (non-cultivated) area. Reduced weed control may result from treating weeds with disease or insect damage, weeds heavily covered with dust, or weeds under poor growing conditions.

Cultural Considerations
Reduced control may result when applications are made to annual or perennial weeds that have been mowed, grazed, or cut, and have not been allowed to regrow to the recommended stage for treatment.

Rainfastness
Heavy rainfall soon after application may wash this product off of the foliage and a repeat application may be required for adequate control.

Spray Coverage
For best results, spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray foliage to the point of runoff.

Mode of Action
The active ingredient in this product inhibits an enzyme found only in plants and microorganisms that is essential to the formation of specific amino acids.

No Soil Activity
Weeds must be emerged at the time of application to be controlled by this product. Weeds germinating from seed after application will not be controlled. Unemerged plants arising from unattached underground rhizomes or root stocks of perennials will not be affected by this herbicide and will continue to grow.

Biological Degradation
Degradation of this product is primarily a biological process carried out by soil microbes.

Annual Maximum Application Rates
The maximum application or use rates stated throughout this product's labeling are given in units of volume (fluid ounces, pints, or quarts) of this product per acre. However, the maximum allowed application rates apply to this product combined with the use of any and all other herbicides containing the active ingredient glyphosate, whether applied separately or as tank mixtures, on a basis of total pounds of glyphosate (acid equivalents) per acre. If more than one glyphosate-containing product is applied to the same site within the same year, you must ensure that the total use of glyphosate does not exceed the maximum allowed. See the "INGREDIENTS" section of this label for necessary product information.

Except as otherwise specified in a crop section of this label, the combined total of all treatments must not exceed 8 quarts of this product (6 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre per year. For applications in non-crop sites or in tree, vine, or shrub crops, the combined total of all treatments must not exceed 10.6 quarts of this product (8 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre per year.

NOTE: Use of this product in any manner not consistent with this label may result in injury to persons, animals or crops, or have other unintended consequences.

6.0 WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Glyphosate, the active ingredient in this product, is a Group 9 herbicide based on the mode of action classification system of the Weed Science Society of America. Any weed population may contain plants naturally resistant to Group 9 herbicides. Weed species resistant to Group 9 herbicides may be effectively managed utilizing another herbicide from a different Group or by using other cultural or mechanical practices.

6.1 GENERAL WEED MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

To minimize the occurrence of glyphosate-resistant biotypes observe the following general weed management recommendations:

- Scout your fields before and after herbicide applications.
- Start with a clean field, using either a burndown herbicide application or tillage.
- Control weeds early when they are relatively small.
- Add other herbicides (e.g. a selective and/or a residual herbicide) and cultural practices (e.g. tillage or crop rotation) where appropriate.
- One method for adding other herbicides into a continuous Roundup Ready® system is to rotate to other Roundup Ready® crops.
- Utilize the recommended label rate for the most difficult to control weed in your field. Avoid tank mixtures with other herbicides that reduce this product's efficacy (through antagonism), or tank mixture recommendations that encourage application rates of this product below the label recommendations.
- Control weed escapes and prevent weeds from setting seeds.
- Clean equipment before moving from field to field to minimize the spread of weed seed or plant parts.
- Use new commercial seed that is as free of weed seed as possible.
- Report any incidence of repeated non-performance of this product on a particular weed to your county extension agent.

6.2 MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS FOR GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT BIOTYPES

Note: Appropriate testing is critical in order to determine if a weed is resistant to glyphosate. Contact your local county extension agent or visit the following websites www.weedresistancemanagement.com or www.weedscience.org. For more information see the "ANNUAL WEEDS" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label.

Since the occurrence of new glyphosate resistant weeds cannot be determined until after product use and scientific confirmation, Ragan and Massey, Inc. is not responsible for any losses that may result from the failure of this product to control glyphosate resistant weeds biotypes.

The following good agronomic practices are recommended to reduce the spread of confirmed glyphosate resistant biotypes:

- If a naturally occurring resistant biotype is present in your field, this product should be tank-mixed or applied sequentially with an appropriately labeled herbicide with a different mode of action to achieve control.
- Cultural and mechanical control practices (e.g. crop rotation or tillage) may also be used as appropriate.
- One method for adding other herbicides into a continuous Roundup Ready® system is to rotate to other Roundup Ready® crops.
- Scout treated fields after herbicide applications and control escaping weeds including resistant biotypes before they set seed.
- Thoroughly clean equipment before leaving fields known to contain resistant biotypes.

7.0 MIXING

Spray solutions of this product should be mixed, stored and applied using only clean stainless steel, aluminum, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers.

DO NOT MIX, STORE OR APPLY THIS PRODUCT OR SPRAY SOLUTIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN GALVANIZED STEEL OR UNLINED STEEL (EXCEPT STAINLESS STEEL) CONTAINERS OR SPRAY TANKS.

Eliminate any risk of siphoning the contents of the tank back into the carrier source while mixing. Use approved anti-back-siphoning devices where required by State or local regulations. Clean sprayer parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

NOTE: PRODUCT PERFORMANCE MAY BE SIGNIFICANTLY REDUCED IF WATER CONTAINING SOIL SEDIMENT IS USED AS CARRIER. DO NOT MIX THIS PRODUCT WITH WATER FROM PONDS AND DITCHES THAT IS VISIBLY MUDDY OR MURKY.

7.1 MIXING WITH WATER

This product mixes readily with water. Mix spray solutions of this product as follows: Begin filling the mixing tank or spray tank with clean water. Add the recommended amount of this product near the end of the filling process and mix gently. Use caution to avoid siphoning back into the carrier source. During mixing, foaming of the spray solution may occur. To prevent or minimize foaming, mix gently, terminate by-pass and return lines at the bottom of the tank and, if necessary, use an anti-foam or defoaming agent.

7.2 TANK MIXTURES

This product does not provide residual weed control. This product may be tank-mixed with other herbicides to provide residual weed control, a broader weed control spectrum or an alternate mode of action. Read and follow all label directions of all products in the tank mixture.

Buyer and all users are responsible for all loss or damage in connection with the use or handling of mixtures of this product with herbicides or other materials that are not expressly recommended in this labeling, or in separate supplemental labeling for this product.

Tank mixtures with other herbicides, insecticides, fungicides, micronutrients or foliar fertilizers may result in reduced weed control or crop injury and are NOT recommended for applications of this product unless otherwise noted in this product label, or in separate supplemental labeling.

When a tank mixture with a generic active ingredient, such as diuron, atrazine, 2,4-D or dicamba, is recommended in this label, the user is responsible for ensuring that the specific application being made is included on the label of the specific product being used in the tank mixture.

Refer to all individual product labels, supplemental labeling and fact sheets for all products in the tank mixture, and observe all precautions and limitations on the label, including application timing restrictions, soil restrictions, minimum re-cropping interval and rotational guidelines. Use according to the most restrictive label requirements.

Always predetermine the compatibility of all tank-mix products together in the carrier by mixing small proportional quantities in advance. For best results, it is recommended that tank mixtures with this product be applied at a minimum spray volume rate of 10 gallons per acre.

7.3 TANK MIXING PROCEDURE

Prepare tank mixtures of this product as follows:

1. Place a 20- to 35-mesh screen or wetting basket over the filling port of the tank.
2. Through the screen, fill the tank one-half full with water and start gentle agitation.
3. If ammonium sulfate is to be used, add it slowly through the screen into the tank, and continue adding water into the tank through the screen. If dry ammonium sulfate is being used, ensure that it is completely dissolved in the tank before adding other products.
4. If a wettable powder is used, make a slurry with the water, and add it SLOWLY through the screen into the tank while continuing gentle agitation.
5. If a flowable formulation is used, premix one part flowable with one part water, and add the diluted mixture SLOWLY through the screen into the tank while continuing gentle agitation.
6. If an emulsifiable concentrate formulation is used, premix one part emulsifiable concentrate with two parts water, and add the diluted mixture slowly through the screen into the tank while continuing gentle agitation.
7. Continue filling the tank with water through the screen and add the required amount of this product near the end of the filling process.
8. If a nonionic surfactant is used, add it to the tank before completing the filling process.
9. Add individual formulations to the spray tank as follows: wettable powder, flowable, emulsifiable concentrate, drift control additive, water-soluble liquids (this product) followed by surfactant.

Maintain gentle agitation at all times until the contents of the tank are sprayed out. If the spray mixture is allowed to settle, thorough agitation is required to resuspend the mixture before spraying. Keep by-pass and return lines on or near the bottom of the tank to minimize foaming. Screen size in nozzle or line strainers should be no finer than 50 mesh.

7.4 MIXING FOR HAND-HELD SPRAYERS

Prepare the desired spray volume by mixing the amount of this product as indicated in the following table in water.

Spray Solution

	Amount of FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer					
Desired Volume	**0.5%**	**1%**	**1.5%**	**2%**	**5%**	**10%**
1 gal	0.7 oz	1.3 oz	2 oz	2.7 oz	6.5 oz	13 oz
25 gal	1 pt	1 qt	1.5 qt	2 qt	5 qt	10 qt
100 gal	2 qt	1 gal	1.5 gal	2 gal	5 gal	10 gal

2 tablespoons = 1 fluid ounce

For use in backpack sprayers, it is recommended that the appropriate amount of this product be mixed with water in a larger container and then fill the sprayer with the mixed solution.

7.5 SURFACTANTS

Nonionic surfactants (NIS) or wetting agents that have at least 70 percent active ingredient and are labeled for use with herbicides may be added to the spray solution, unless otherwise directed. Do not reduce rates of this herbicide when adding surfactants. Read and carefully observe cautionary statements and other information appearing on the additives label.

7.6 AMMONIUM SULFATE

The addition of 1 to 2 percent dry ammonium sulfate by weight or 8.5 to 17 pounds per 100 gallons of water may increase the performance of this product on annual and perennial weeds, particularly under hard water conditions, drought conditions or when tank mixed with certain residual herbicides. The equivalent rate of ammonium sulfate in a liquid formulation may also be used. Ensure that dry ammonium sulfate is completely dissolved in the spray tank before adding herbicides. Thoroughly rinse the spray system with clean water after use to reduce corrosion.

NOTE: When using ammonium sulfate, apply this product at rates recommended in this label. Lower rates will result in reduced performance.

7.7 COLORANTS OR DYES

Colorants or marking dyes may be added to spray solutions of this product; however, they can reduce performance. Use colorants or dyes according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

7.8 DRIFT REDUCTION ADDITIVES

Drift reduction additives may be used with all equipment types, except wiper applicators, sponge bars and Controlled Droplet Applicator (CDA) equipment. When a drift reduction additive is used, read and carefully observe the precautions, limitations, and all other information appearing on the additive label. Use of drift reduction additives can affect spray coverage, which can reduce product performance.

8.0 APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system. This product may be applied with the following application equipment:

Aerial—Fixed wing and helicopter.

Ground Broadcast Spray—Boom or boomless systems, pull-type sprayers, floaters, pick-up sprayers, spray coupes and other ground broadcast equipment.

Hand-Held or Backpack Spray Equipment—Backpack sprayers, pump-up pressure sprayers, handguns, handwands, mistblowers*, lances and other hand-held and motorized spray equipment used to direct the spray onto weed foliage.

*This product is not registered in California or Arizona for use in mistblowers.

Selective Equipment—Shielded and hooded sprayers, wiper applicators and sponge bars.

Injection Systems—Aerial or ground injection sprayers.

Controlled Droplet Applicator (CDA)—Hand-held or boom-mounted applicators that produce a spray consisting of a narrow range of droplet sizes.

APPLY THESE SPRAY SOLUTIONS IN PROPERLY MAINTAINED AND CALIBRATED EQUIPMENT CAPABLE OF DELIVERING THE DESIRED VOLUMES.

8.1 AERIAL EQUIPMENT

DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT USING AERIAL SPRAY EQUIPMENT EXCEPT UNDER CONDITIONS SPECIFIED IN THIS LABEL.

All labeled treatments may be made by aerial equipment where appropriate, provided that the applicator complies with the precautions and restrictions specified on this product's labeling. Use the recommended rates of this herbicide in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre unless otherwise specified on this label. Unless otherwise specified, do not exceed 2 quarts per acre. Refer to the individual use area sections of this label for further instructions.

FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN ARKANSAS OR CALIFORNIA, OR SPECIFIC COUNTIES THEREIN, REFER TO THE FEDERAL SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL FOR AERIAL APPLICATIONS IN THAT STATE OR COUNTY FOR SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS, RESTRICTIONS AND REQUIREMENTS.

This product, when tank mixed with dicamba, may not be applied by air in California. Ensure uniform application - to avoid streaked, uneven or overlapped application, use appropriate marking devices.

AERIAL SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target movement during aerial applications to agricultural field crops.

1. The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
2. Nozzles must always point backward, parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees. Comply with all State regulations where applicable.

Importance of Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift-potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (read the following sections on "Wind", "Temperature and Humidity", and "Temperature Inversions").

Controlling Droplet Size

- **Volume:** Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with the higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- **Pressure:** Use the lower spray pressures recommended for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing spray pressure.
- **Number of nozzles:** Use the minimum number of nozzles that will provide uniform coverage.
- **Nozzle orientation:** Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released backwards, parallel to the airstream, will produce larger droplets than other orientations. Significant deflection from the horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- **Nozzle type:** Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce larger droplets than other nozzle types.
- **Boom length:** For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.
- **Application height:** Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces the exposure of the droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downward. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind speed, smaller droplets, etc.).

Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 to 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type, determine drift potential at any given wind speed. Application should be avoided when wind speeds are below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. **NOTE:** Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect drift.

Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, the movement of smoke produced by a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator can also identify temperature inversions. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas

Apply this product only when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

Avoid direct application to any body of water.

Aircraft Maintenance

Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear, after each day of spraying to remove residues of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PRODUCT TO UNCOATED STEEL SURFACES MAY RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FAILURE OF THE PART. LANDING GEAR IS MOST SUSCEPTIBLE. Maintaining an organic coating (paint) that meets aerospace specification MIL-C-38413 may help prevent corrosion.

8.2 GROUND BROADCAST EQUIPMENT

Apply the product rates recommended in this label in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre as a broadcast spray unless otherwise specified. As density of weeds increases, spray volume should be increased within the recommended range to ensure complete coverage. Carefully select proper nozzles to avoid generating a fine mist. For best results with ground application equipment, use flat spray nozzles. Check spray pattern for uniform distribution.

8.3 HAND-HELD OR BACKPACK EQUIPMENT

Apply to foliage of vegetation to be controlled on a spray-to-wet basis; do not spray to the point of run-off. Spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Use coarse sprays only. For recommended rates and timing, refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS — HAND-HELD OR BACKPACK EQUIPMENT" section of this product label.

8.4 SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT

This product may be diluted in water and applied through shielded sprayers, hooded sprayers, wiper applicators or sponge bars to weeds growing in any non-crop site specified on this label. In cropping systems, hooded sprayers, shielded sprayers, and wipers may be used in row middles (in between rows of crop plants), and wipers may be used over-the-top of crops only when specifically recommended in this product's labeling. Such equipment must be capable of preventing all crop contact with the herbicide solutions and operated without leakage of spray mists or dripping onto crop.

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION.

Contact of this product with desirable vegetation may result in unwanted plant damage or destruction. Crop injury may occur when the foliage of treated weeds comes into contact with leaves of the crop. Do not apply this product when crop leaves are growing in direct contact with weeds to be treated. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling onto desirable vegetation may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction.

Better results may be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution. Weeds not contacted by the herbicide solution will not be affected. This may occur in dense clumps, severe infestations or when the height of the weeds varies so that not all weeds are contacted. In these instances, repeat treatment may be necessary.

Shielded and Hooded Sprayers

This product, when applied at recommended rates under the conditions described in the following paragraphs for shielded and hooded sprayers, will control those weeds listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label. A hooded sprayer is a type of shielded applicator where the spray pattern is fully enclosed including top, sides, front and back, thereby shielding the crop from the spray solution. Adjust the shields on these sprayers to protect desirable vegetation. When applying to crops grown on raised beds, ensure that the hood is capable of completely enclosing the spray pattern. If necessary, extend the front and rear flaps of the hooded applicator downward to reach the ground in deep furrows. EXTREME CARE MUST BE TAKEN TO AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION. This equipment must be configured and operated in a manner that minimizes bouncing and avoids raising the hoods up off the ground at any time. If the hood is raised, spray particles may escape and come into contact with the crop, causing damage or destruction of the crop. Avoid operating this equipment on rough or sloping terrain where the spray hoods might be raised up off the ground surface.

Use hoods designed to minimize excessive dripping or run-off down the insides of the hoods. A single, low pressure low-drift flat-fan nozzle with an 80 to 95 degree spray angle positioned at the top center of the hood is recommended. Spray volume should be 20-30 gallons per acre.

These procedures will reduce the potential for crop injury:

- Spray hoods must be operated on the ground or skimming across the ground surface.
- Leave at least an 8-inch untreated strip over the drill row. (For example, if the crop row width is 38 inches, the maximum width of the spray hood should be 30 inches.)
- Operate at ground speeds of no greater than 5 miles per hour to avoid bouncing of the spray hoods.
- Apply when wind speeds are 10 miles per hour or less.
- Use low-drift nozzles that provide uniform coverage within the treated area.

Crop injury may occur when foliage of treated weeds comes into direct contact with leaves of the crop. Do not apply this product when leaves of the crop are growing in direct contact with weeds to be treated. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling onto desirable vegetation may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction.

Wiper Applicators

Wiper applicators are devices that physically wipe appropriate amounts of this product directly onto the weed. Equipment must be designed, maintained and operated to prevent the herbicide solution from contacting desirable vegetation.

Application equipment used over the top of desirable vegetation should be adjusted so that the wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the desirable vegetation. Better results may be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution. Weeds should be a minimum of 6 inches above the desirable vegetation. Adjust height of applicator to ensure adequate contact with weeds. Weeds not contacted by the herbicide solution will not be affected. Poor contact may occur when weeds are growing in dense clumps, in severe weed infestations or when weed height varies dramatically. In these instances, repeat treatments may be necessary.

Operate this equipment at ground speeds no greater than 5 miles per hour. Performance may be improved by reducing speed in areas of heavy weed infestations to provide adequate wiper saturation with the herbicide solution. Better results may be obtained when two applications are made in opposite directions.

Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling onto desirable vegetation may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction. Avoid leakage or dripping onto desirable vegetation. Keep wiping surfaces clean. Be aware that on sloping ground the herbicide solution may migrate, causing dripping on the lower end and drying of the wicks on the upper end of the wiper applicator.

Do not use wiper equipment when weeds are wet.

Mix only the amount of this product to be used during a 1-day period, as reduced product performance may result from use of solutions held in storage. Clean wiper parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

Do not add surfactant to the herbicide solution.

For Rope or Sponge Wick Applicators: Use solutions ranging from 33 to 75 percent of this product in water.

For Panel Applicators: Use solutions ranging from 33 to 100 percent of this product in water.

8.5 INJECTION SYSTEMS

This product may be used in aerial or ground injection spray systems. It may be used as a liquid concentrate or diluted prior to injecting into the spray stream. Do not mix this product with the concentrate of other products for use in injection systems.

8.6 CDA EQUIPMENT

The rate of this product applied per acre by vehicle-mounted controlled droplet applicator (CDA) equipment must not be less than the amount recommended in this label when applied by conventional broadcast equipment. For vehicle-mounted CDA equipment, apply in 2 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

For control of annual weeds with hand-held CDA units, apply a 20 percent solution of this product at a flow rate of 2 fluid ounces per minute and a walking speed of 1.5 mph (1 quart per acre). For the control of perennial weeds, apply a 20 to 40 percent solution of this product at a flow rate of 2 fluid ounces per minute and a walking speed of 0.75 mph (2 to 4 quarts per acre).
Controlled droplet applicators produce a spray pattern that is not easily visible. Extreme care must be taken to avoid spray or drift onto the foliage or any other green tissue of desirable vegetation, as damage or destruction of the plant may result.

9.0 ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL CROPS (ALPHABETICAL)

NOTE: THIS SECTION GIVES GENERAL DIRECTIONS THAT APPLY TO ALL CROPS LISTED ALPHABETICALLY IN THE SECTIONS THAT FOLLOW. SEE THE INDIVIDUAL CROP SECTIONS FOR SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS, PREHARVEST INTERVALS, AND ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

See the "ROUNDUP READY® CROPS" section of this label or separately published Supplemental Labeling for this product for instructions on treating Roundup Ready® crops.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS:
Chemical Fallow, Preplant Fallow Beds, Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Hooded Sprayers in Row-Middles, Shielded Sprayers in Row-Middles, Wiper Application in Row-Middles, Post-Harvest.

GENERAL USE INSTRUCTIONS:
Apply this product during fallow intervals preceding planting, prior to planting or transplanting, at planting, or preemergence to annual and perennial crops listed in this label, except where specifically limited. For any crop not listed in this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting. Unless otherwise specified, weed control applications may be made according to the rates listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS", AND "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE SECTIONS" in this label. Recommended rates of this product that are emphasized in this product's labeling to control tough weeds take precedence over the general rates in the "ANNUAL WEEDS" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTIONS". Repeat applications may be made up to a maximum of 8 quarts of this product per acre per year.

Post-directed hooded sprayers and wiper applicators capable of preventing all crop contact with herbicide solutions may be used in mulched or un-mulched row middles after crop establishment. Where specifically noted in the individual crop sections that follow, wipers may also be used above certain crops to control tall weeds. Refer to the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section of this label for essential precautions regarding crop injury. Crop injury is possible with these applications and shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator.

All labeled treatments may be made by aerial equipment where appropriate, provided that the applicator complies with the precautions and restrictions specified in this product's labeling. Refer to the "AERIAL EQUIPMENT" section of this label for additional information.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS:
Avoid contact of this herbicide with foliage, green shoots or stems, bark, exposed roots (including those emerging from plastic mulch), or fruit of crops as severe crop injury or destruction may result. When making at-planting and preemergence applications, applications must be made before crop emergence to avoid severe crop injury. Broadcast applications made at emergence will result in injury or death of emerged seedlings. Apply before seed germination in coarse sandy soils to further minimize the risk of injury. Unless otherwise specified in this product's labeling, treatments with selective equipment including wipers and hooded sprayers must be made at least 14 days prior to harvest. Post-harvest or fallow applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting any crops not listed on this label. See "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional information.

In crops where spot treatments are allowed, do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field to be harvested. Crop sprayed in treated area will be killed. Take care not to spray or allow spray to drift outside the target area in order to avoid unwanted crop destruction.

For broadcast postemergence treatments, do not harvest or feed treated vegetation for 8 weeks following application, unless otherwise specified.

9.1 CEREAL AND GRAIN CROPS

LABELED CROPS: Barley, Buckwheat, Millet (pearl, proso), Oats, Rice, Rye, Quinoa, Teff, Teosinte, Triticale, Wheat (all types), and Wild rice.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat rice fields or levees when flooded.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0 plus the following: Red Rice Control Prior to Planting Rice, Spot Treatment (Except Rice), Over-The-Top Wiper Application (Feed Barley and Wheat only), Preharvest (Wheat and Feed Barley Only).

Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting
USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting of cereal crops. Applications must be made prior to crop emergence.

TANK MIXTURES: In wheat, a tank mix with Aim may be used.

Red Rice Control Prior to Planting Rice
USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply 1.5 quarts of this product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Flush fields prior to application to obtain uniform germination and stand of red rice. Make application when the majority of the red rice plants are at the 2-leaf stage and no more than 4 inches tall. Red rice plants with less than 2 true leaves may be only partially controlled.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Avoid spraying during conditions of low humidity, as reduced control may result. Do not treat rice fields or levees when the fields contain floodwater. Do not flood treated fields for 8 days following application.

Spot Treatment (Except Rice)
USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in cereal crops. Apply this product before heading in small grains.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. Crop sprayed in treated area will be killed. Take care not to spray or to allow spray to drift outside target area to avoid unwanted crop destruction.

Over-the-Top Wiper Application (Feed Barley and Wheat only)
USE INSTRUCTIONS: Wiper applications may be used in wheat and feed barley. To control common rye or cereal rye, apply after the weeds have headed and achieved maximum growth.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow at least 35 days between application and harvest. Do not use roller applicators. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling onto desirable vegetation may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction.

Preharvest (Feed Barley And Wheat Only)
USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product provides weed control when applied prior to harvest of feed barley or wheat. For wheat, apply after the hard-dough stage of grain (30 percent or less grain moisture). For feed barley, apply after the hard-dough stage and when the grain contains 20 percent moisture or less. Stubble may be grazed immediately after harvest. For ground applications, apply this product in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. For aerial applications, apply this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.
PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 1 quart of this product per acre. Allow 7 days between application and harvest or grazing. Preharvest application is not recommended for barley or wheat grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

Post-Harvest
USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of cereal crops. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds that were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.
PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For any crop not listed on this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting the next crop. Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegetation.

9.2 CORN

TYPES OF CORN: Field corn, Seed corn, Silage corn, Sweet corn and Popcorn.
TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0 plus the following: Spot Treatment, Preharvest.
Use directions for corn containing the Roundup Ready® gene are in the "'ROUNDUP READY® CROPS" section of this label.

Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence
USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in a tank-mixture before, during or after planting corn. Applications must be made prior to crop emergence.
TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products to provide residual weed control, a broader weed control spectrum or an alternate mode of action. Ensure that the specific product is registered for application prior to planting corn. Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water or 10 to 60 gallons of nitrogen solution per acre.

2,4-D	Degree®	Harness®	Marksman
Aim®	Degree Xtra®	Harness Xtra	Micro-Tech®
Atrazine	Distinct™	Harness Xtra 5.61	Prowl™
Axiom ™	Dual Magnum™	Hornet	Python™
Balance™/Balance PRO	Dual II Magnum	Lariat®	Resource®
Banvel™/Clarity™	Epic™	Leadoff™	Simazine
Bicep Magnum	Frontier™/Outlook™	Alachlor	Surpass
Bicep II Magnum	Fultime™	Linex™/Lorox™	Topnotch™
Bullet®	Guardsman™/Guardsman MAX	Keystone LA	

For tough-to-control annual weeds such as fall panicum, barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signalgrass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply this product at 2 pints per acre in these tank mixtures. For other labeled annual weeds, apply 1.5 to 2 pints of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, and 2 to 3 pints per acre when weeds are over 6 inches tall. When using nitrogen solutions as the carrier, use rate may need to be increased for acceptable weed control.
PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Applications of 2,4-D or dicamba must be made at least 7 days prior to planting corn. For more information see the "TANK MIXTURES" and "TANK MIXING PROCEDURES" sections of this label.
For Southern states, do not apply in nitrogen solutions to tough-to-control grasses such as barnyardgrass, fall panicum, broadleaf signalgrass, annual ryegrass and any perennial weeds. The area covered by this recommendation includes Illinois and Indiana south of Route 50, and the following states: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, New Jersey, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia and West Virginia.

Hooded Sprayers
USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied with hooded sprayers for weed control between rows of corn. Only hooded sprayers that completely enclose the spray pattern may be used. See additional instructions for the use of hooded sprayers in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.
PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Corn must be at least 12 inches tall, measured without extending leaves. Contact of this product in any manner to any vegetation to which treatment is not intended may cause damage. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator. Do not apply more than 1 quart of this product per acre for each application and no more than 3 quarts per acre per year for hooded sprayer applications.

Spot Treatment
USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment prior to silking of corn.
PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. Crop sprayed in the treated area will be killed. Take care not to spray or to allow spray to drift outside target area to avoid unwanted crop destruction.

Preharvest
USE INSTRUCTIONS: Make applications at 35 percent grain moisture or less. Ensure that maximum kernel fill is complete and the corn is physiologically mature (black layer formed). For ground applications, apply up to 3 quarts of this product per acre. For aerial applications, apply up to 2 quarts of this product per acre.
PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest. Preharvest application is not recommended for corn grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

Post-Harvest
USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of corn. Higher rates may be required to control large weeds that were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.
PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegetation.

9.3 COTTON

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0 plus the following: Selective equipment, Spot treatment, Preharvest.

Use directions for cotton containing the Roundup Ready® gene are in the "ROUNDUP READY® CROPS" section of this label.

Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting cotton. Applications must be made prior to crop emergence.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products provided that the specific product being used is registered for application prior to planting cotton. Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre.

Caparol®	Cotton PRO®	Karmex	Staple®
Clarity™	Direx	Meturon®	Stalwart
Command	Dual Magnum™	Prowl	Zorial®
Cotoran®	Dual II Magnum	Prowl H_2O	

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For more information see the "TANK MIXTURES" and "TANK MIXING PROCEDURES" sections of this label.

Selective Equipment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied through hooded sprayers, shielded sprayers or, wiper applicators in cotton. Additional instructions on the use of selective equipment are found in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow at least 7 days between application and harvest.

Spot Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in cotton prior to boll opening.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. Crop sprayed in the treated area will be killed. Take care not to spray or to allow spray to drift outside target area to avoid unwanted crop destruction.

Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product provides weed control and cotton regrowth inhibition when applied prior to harvest of cotton. For weed control, apply at rates given in the "ANNUAL WEEDS", and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTIONS" of this label. For cotton regrowth inhibition, apply 1 pint to 2 quarts of this product per acre.

Up to 2 quarts of this product may be applied after sufficient bolls have developed to produce the desired yield of cotton. Applications made prior to this time could affect maximum yield potential.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with DEF® 6, Folex™, Ginstar, or Prep™ to provide additional enhancement of cotton leaf drop.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of cotton. Preharvest application is not recommended for cotton grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur. THE USE OF ADDITIVES FOR PREHARVEST APPLICATION OF THIS PRODUCT TO COTTON IS PROHIBITED. For more information, see the "TANK MIXTURES" and "TANK MIXING PROCEDURES" sections of this label.

9.4 FALLOW SYSTEMS

LABELED CROPS: This product may be applied during the fallow period prior to planting or emergence of any crop listed on this label; for non-listed crops, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Chemical Fallow, Preplant Fallow Beds, Aid-to-Tillage.

Chemical Fallow

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used as a substitute for tillage to control annual weeds in fallow fields. Also, broadcast or spot treatments will control or suppress many perennial weeds in fallow fields. Tank mixtures of this product with 2,4-D and dicamba may be used for a broader, weed control spectrum. Applications up to 2 quarts per acre may be made by aerial application onto fallow sites where there is sufficient buffer to prevent injury due to drift onto adjacent crops.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply dicamba tank mixtures by air in California. Refer to the specific product labels for crop rotation restrictions and cautionary statements of all products used in tank mixtures. Some crop injury may occur if dicamba is applied within 45 days of planting.

Preplant Fallow Beds

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product will control weeds listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS" and "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE SECTIONS" of this label prior to planting.

TANK MIXTURES: Use 12 fluid ounces of this product, plus 2 to 3 fluid ounces of Goal™ 2XL, per acre to control the following weeds up to the maximum height, diameter or length indicated: 3" — common cheeseweed, chickweed, groundsel; 6" — London rocket, shepherd's-purse. Use 16 fluid ounces of this product, plus 2 to 3 fluid ounces of Goal 2XL, per acre to control the following weeds up to the maximum height, diameter or length indicated: 6" — common cheeseweed, groundsel, marestail *(Conyza canadensis)*, 12" — chickweed, London rocket, shepherd's purse.

Aid-to-Tillage

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used in conjunction with tillage practices in fallow systems or preplant to labeled crops to control downy brome, cheat, volunteer wheat, tansy mustard and foxtail. Apply 12 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre before weeds are 6 inches in height. Application must be followed by conventional tillage practices no later than 15 days after treatment and before regrowth occurs. Allow at least 1 day after application before tillage.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Tank mixtures with residual herbicides may result in reduced product performance.

9.5 GRAIN SORGHUM (MILO)

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0 plus the following: Spot Treatment, Over-the-Top Wiper Application, Preharvest.

Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in tank-mixture before, during or after planting grain sorghum. Applications must be made prior to crop emergence.

TANK MIXTURES: Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water or 10 to 60 gallons of nitrogen solution per acre, provided that the specific product being used is labeled for application prior to planting grain sorghum.

Atrazine	IntRRo
Bicep II Magnum	Lariat
Bullet	Micro-Tech
Dual II Magnum	

For tough-to-control annual weeds such as fall panicum, barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signalgrass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply a tank mixture of this product at 2 pints per acre plus the products listed above. For more information see the "TANK MIXTURES" and "TANK MIXING PROCEDURES" sections of this label.

For other labeled annual weeds, apply 1.5 to 2 pints of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, and 2 to 3 pints per acre when weeds are over 6 inches tall. When using nitrogen solutions as the carrier, the use rate may need to be increased for acceptable weed control.

Spot Treatment, Over-the-Top Wiper Application
USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in grain sorghum before heading. This product may be applied with wiper applicators to control or suppress tall weeds. For additional instructions, see "Wiper Applicators" in the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section of this label.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For spot treatment, do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. Crop sprayed in treated area will be killed. Take care not to spray or to allow spray to drift outside target area to avoid unwanted crop destruction. Allow at least 40 days between wiper application and harvest. Do not use roller applicators. Do not feed or graze treated milo fodder. Do not ensile treated vegetation.

Hooded Sprayers
USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied with hooded sprayers for weed control between the rows of milo. Only hooded sprayers that completely enclose the spray pattern may be used. See additional instruction for the use of hooded sprayers in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Milo must be at least 12 inches tall, measured without extending leaves. Treat before milo sends tillers between the drill rows. If tillers are sprayed, the main plant may be damaged or destroyed. Contact of this product in any manner to any vegetation to which treatment is not intended may cause damage, which shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator. Do not graze or feed milo forage or fodder following hooded sprayer applications. Do not apply more than 1 quart of this product per acre per application and no more than 3 quarts per acre per year for hooded sprayer applications.

Preharvest
USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for weed control prior to harvest after sorghum grain has reached 30 percent grain moisture or less.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 2 quarts of this product per acre. As with other herbicides that cause sudden plant death, avoid preharvest applications of this product to milo infected with charcoal rot as lodging can occur. Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of grain sorghum. Preharvest application is not recommended for sorghum grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur. The use of this product for preharvest grain sorghum (milo) is not registered in California.

Post-Harvest
USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of grain sorghum. Higher rates may be required to control large weeds that were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.

This product may be applied to grain sorghum (milo) stubble following harvest to suppress or control regrowth. Apply 1 quart of this product per acre for control, or 1.5 pints of this product per acre for suppression.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegetation.

9.6 HERBS AND SPICES

LABELED CROPS: Allspice, Angelica, Star anise, Annatto (seed), Balm, Basil, Borage, Burnet, Camomile, Caper buds, Caraway, Black caraway, Cardamom, Cassia bark, Cassia buds, Catnip, Celery seed, Chervil (dried), Chive, Chinese chive, Cinnamon, Clary, Clove buds, Coriander leaf (cilantro or Chinese parsley), Coriander seed (Cilantro), Costmary, Culantro (leaf), Culantro (seed), Cumin, Curry (leaf), Dill (dillweed), Dill (seed), Epazote, Fennel seed (common and Florence), Fenugreek, White ginger flower, Grains of paradise, Horehound, Hyssop, Juniper berry, Lavender, Lemongrass, Lovage (leaf and seed), Mace, Marigold, Marjoram (including oregano), Mexican oregano, Mioga flower, Mustard (seed), Nasturtium, Nutmeg, Parsley (dried), Pennyroyal, Pepper (black and white), Pepper leaves, Peppermint, Perilla, Poppy (seed), Rosemary, Rue, Saffron, Sage, Savory (summer and winter), Spearmint, Stevia leaves, Sweet bay, Tansy, Tarragon, Thyme, Vanilla, Wintergreen, Woodruff, Wormwood.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0 plus the following: Over-the-Top Wiper Application (Peppermint and Spearmint Only), Spot Treatment (Peppermint and Spearmint Only).

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: This product could cause crop injury. When applying this product prior to transplanting or direct-seeding crops into plastic mulch, care must be taken to remove product residues from the plastic prior to planting. Residual product can be removed by a single 0.5-inch application of water, either by natural rainfall or by irrigation. Care should be taken to ensure that the washwater flushes off the plastic mulch and does not enter transplant holes. Applications made at emergence will result in injury or death to emerged seedlings.

Over-the-Top Wiper Application, Spot Treatment (Peppermint and Spearmint only)
USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment or over the top of peppermint or spearmint with wiper applicators in spearmint and peppermint. Apply spot treatments on a spray-to-wet basis with hand-held equipment, such as backpack sprayers, pump-up pressure sprayers, hand-guns, hand-wands or any other hand-held or motorized spray equipment used to direct the spray solution to a limited area.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow at least 7 days between application and harvest. Further applications may be made in the same area at 30-day intervals. In spot treatment applications, no more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested should be treated at one time. Crop sprayed in treated area will be killed. Take care not to spray or allow spray to drift outside the target area to avoid unwanted crop destruction. For wiper applications, contact of the herbicide solution with the crop may result in discoloration, stunting, or destruction.

9.7 OIL SEED CROPS

LABELED CROPS: Borage, Buffalo gourd (seed), Canola, Crambe, Flax, Jojoba, Lesquerella, Meadowfoam, Mustard (seed), Rape, Safflower, Sesame, Sunflower.

Use directions for canola containing the Roundup Ready® gene, are in the "ROUNDUP READY® CROPS" section of this label.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting oil seed crops listed in this section. Broadcast applications must be made prior to crop emergence. Wiper applicators or hooded sprayers may be used between the rows once the crop is established. See additional instructions of the use of selective equipment in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

TANK MIXTURES: For sunflowers, a tank mixture with Prowl may be applied before, during or after planting into conventionally tilled soil, a cover crop, established sod or previous crop residue.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For use with canola, do not apply more than 2 quarts of this product per acre. For use with sunflowers, do not apply more than 1 quart of this product per acre as a single preplant or preemergence application per year. Do not feed or graze sunflower forage following application of this product.

9.8 SOYBEANS

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0 plus the following: Spot Treatment.

Preharvest, Selective Equipment

Use directions for soybeans containing the Roundup Ready® gene are in the "ROUNDUP READY® CROPS" section of this label.

Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in a tank-mixture before, during or after planting soybeans. Applications must be made prior to crop emergence.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products to provide residual weed control, a broader spectrum, or an alternate mode of action. Ensure that the specific product being used in the tank mixture is registered for application prior to planting soybean, and follow all label directions of all products in the tank mixture. Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre.

Aim™
Assure II™
Authority™
Axiom
Blanket
Boundary™
Canopy™
Canopy EX™
Classic
Command™
Command Xtra™
2,4-D
Domain™
Dual Magnum
Dual II Magnum
Firstrate™
Flexstar™
Frontier™/Outlook™
Fusion™
Gauntlet™
Gangster
IntRRo
Linex™
Lorox/Linuron
Lorox Plus™
Micro-Tech
Prowl
Pursuit™
Pursuit Plus
Python
Reflex™
Resource™
Scepter™
Sencor™/Lexone™
Squadron™
Steel™
Valor™

For tough-to-control annual weeds such as fall panicum, barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signalgrass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply this product at 2 pints per acre in these tank mixtures. For other labeled annual weeds, apply 1.5 to 2 pints of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, and 2 to 3 pints per acre when weeds are over 6 inches tall. For more information, see the "TANK MIXTURES" and "TANK MIXING PROCEDURES" sections of this label.

Spot Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment prior to initial pod set in soybeans.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. Crop sprayed in treated area will be killed. Take care not to spray or allow spray to drift outside the target area to avoid unwanted crop destruction.

Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for weed control prior to harvest of soybeans after pods have set and lost all green color. Apply at rates given in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION". Care should be taken to avoid excessive seed shatter loss due to ground application equipment.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 5 quarts of this product per acre for preharvest applications. Do not apply more than 2 quarts of this product per acre by air. Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of soybeans. Do not graze or harvest treated hay or fodder for livestock feed within 25 days of last preharvest application. (If the application rate is 1 quart per acre or lower, the grazing restriction is reduced to 14 days after last preharvest application.) Preharvest application is not recommended for soybeans grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

Selective Equipment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied through shielded or hooded sprayers, wiper applicators or sponge bars in soybeans. Additional instructions on the use of selective equipment are found in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow at least 7 days between application and harvest.

9.9 SUGARCANE

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0 plus Spot Treatment, Sugarcane Ripening, Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied in or around sugarcane fields, or in fields prior to the emergence of plant cane.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply to vegetation in or around ditches, canals or ponds containing water to be used for irrigation.

Spot Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in sugarcane. For control of volunteer or diseased sugarcane, apply a 1-percent solution of this product in water using a spray-to-wet technique. Volunteer or diseased sugarcane should have at least 7 new leaves.

PRECAUTIONS: RESTRICTIONS: Avoid spray contact with healthy sugarcane plants since severe damage or destruction may result. Do not feed or graze treated sugarcane foliage following application.

Fallow Treatments

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used as a replacement for tillage in fields that are lying fallow between sugarcane crops. This product may also be used to remove the last stubble of ratoon cane. For removal of last stubble of ratoon cane, apply 4 to 5 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre to new growth having at least 7 new leaves. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage. Applications up to 3 quarts per acre may be made by aerial application in fallow sites where there is sufficient buffer to prevent drift onto adjacent crops. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D and dicamba may be used.

Hooded Sprayers

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied using hooded sprayers for weed control between the rows of sugarcane. See the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional use instructions.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Crop injury may occur when the foliage of treated weeds contact the crop. Do not apply this product when crop leaves are growing in direct contact with weeds to be treated. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling on the crop may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator.

Sugarcane Ripening

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied to foliage as a plant growth regulator to hasten ripening and increase the level of sucrose in sugarcane. It is effective in both low and high-tonnage sugarcane.

When applied as directed under the conditions described, this product will hasten ripening and extend the period of high sucrose level in sugarcane.

As a result of leaf desiccation, improved trash burn can be expected.

Most of the sucrose increase is concentrated in the top nodes of the treated sugarcane stalk. In order to maximize sugar where topping is practiced during harvest, top at the base of the fourth leaf.

APPLICATION RATES:

Use the following application rates and timing instructions according to the State in which the sugarcane is grown.

NOTE: Use the higher rate within the recommended range when treating sugarcane under adverse ripening conditions or when less responsive varieties are to be treated.

FLORIDA—Apply 7 to 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre 3 to 5 weeks before harvest of LAST RATOON CANE ONLY.
HAWAII—Apply 12 to 28 fluid ounces of this product per acre 4 to 10 weeks before harvest.
LOUISIANA—Apply 5 to 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre 3 to 7 weeks before harvest of RATOON CANE ONLY.
PUERTO RICO—Apply 7 fluid ounces of this product per acre 3 to 5 weeks before harvest of RATOON CANE ONLY.
TEXAS—Apply 7 to 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre 3 to 5 weeks before harvest of RATOON CANE ONLY.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Prior to application, consult your state sugarcane authority regarding the degree of sucrose response anticipated from the variety of sugarcane to be treated. Application of this product may initiate development of shooting eyes. This product may not increase the sucrose content of sugarcane under conditions of good natural ripening. Within 2 to 3 weeks after application, this product may produce a slight yellowing to pronounced browning and drying of leaves, and a shortening of upper internodes. Spindle death may occur.

Rainfall within 6 hours after application may reduce effectiveness.

Application is not recommended for sugarcane grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

Do not feed or graze treated sugarcane forage following application. Do not plant subsequent crops in treated fields other than the following for 30 days after application: alfalfa or other forage legumes, beans (all types), corn (all types), cotton, melons (all types), pasture grasses, peanuts, potatoes (Irish or sweet), sorghum (milo), soybeans, squash (all types) or wheat. Do not apply for enhanced ripening to any crops other than sugarcane.

9.10 VEGETABLE CROPS

NOTE: THIS "VEGETABLE CROPS" SECTION GIVES GENERAL DIRECTIONS THAT APPLY TO ALL VEGETABLE CROPS LISTED ALPHABETICALLY IN THIS SECTIONS THAT FOLLOW. SEE THE INDIVIDUAL CROP CATEGORIES FOR SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS, PREHARVEST INTERVALS, PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Chemical Fallow, Preplant Fallow Beds, Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Prior to Transplanting Vegetables, Hooded Sprayers in Row-Middles, Shielded Sprayers in Row-Middles, Wiper Application in Row-Middles, Post-Harvest, Selective Equipment Applications (Non-bearing Ginseng), Over-the-Top Wiper Application (Rutabagas only), Spot Treatment or Preharvest (Dry Beans, Peas, Lentils, and Chickpeas only).

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: This product could cause crop injury. When applying this product prior to transplanting or direct-seeding crops into plastic mulch. Care must be taken to remove product residues from the plastic prior to planting. Residual product can be removed by a single 0.5-inch application of water, either by natural rainfall or by irrigation. Care should be taken to ensure that the washwater flushes off the plastic mulch and does not enter transplant holes. Applications made at emergence will result in injury or death to emerged seedlings.

Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green shoots or stems, bark, exposed roots (including those emerging from plastic mulch), or fruit of crops because severe crop injury or destruction may result. When making preemergence and at planting applications, applications must be made before crop emergence to avoid severe crop injury. Apply before seed germination in coarse sandy soils to further minimize the risk of crop injury. In crops with vines, hooded sprayer, shielded sprayer and wiper applications to row middles should be made prior to vine development otherwise severe injury or destruction may result. Unless otherwise specified in this product's labeling, treatments with selective equipment including wipers and hooded sprayers must be made at least 14 days prior to harvest. Post-Harvest or fallow applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting any non-labeled crop. See "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional information.

BRASSICA VEGETABLES

LABELED CROPS: Broccoli, Chinese broccoli (gai lon), Broccoli raab (rapini), Brussels sprouts, Cabbage, Chinese cabbage (bok choy), Chinese cabbage (napa), Chinese mustard cabbage (gai choy), Cauliflower, Cavalo broccolo, Collards, Kale, Kohlrabi, Mizuna, Mustard greens, Mustard spinach, Rape greens.

BULB VEGETABLES

LABELED CROPS: Garlic, Great-headed garlic, Leek, Onion (dry bulb and green), Welsh onion, Shallot.

CUCURBIT VEGETABLES AND FRUITS

LABELED CROPS: Chayote (fruit), Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon), Citron melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Edible gourd (includes hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese okra), Melons (all), Momordica spp (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bittermelon, Chinese cucumber), Muskmelon (includes cantaloupe, casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey ball melon, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon), Pumpkin, Summer squash (includes crookneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini), Winter squash (includes butternut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash, acorn squash, spaghetti squash), Watermelon.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For Cantaloupe, Casaba melon, Crenshaw melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Gourds, Honeydew melon, Honey ball melon, Mango melon, Melons (all), Muskmelon, Persian melon, Pumpkin, Squash (summer, winter), and Watermelon, allow at least 3 days between application and planting.

LEAFY VEGETABLES

LABELED CROPS: Amaranth (Chinese spinach), Arugula (roquette), Beet greens, Cardoon, Celery, Chinese celery, Celtuce, Chaya, Chervil, Edible-leaved chrysanthemum, Garland chrysanthemum, Corn salad, Cress (garden and upland), Dandelion, Dock (sorrel), Dokudami, Endive (escarole), Florence fennel, Gow kee, Lettuce (head and leaf), Orach, Parsley, Purslane (garden and winter), Radicchio (red chicory), Rhubarb, Spinach, New Zealand spinach, Vine spinach, Swiss chard, Watercress (upland), Water spinach.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For Watercress, avoid applications within 3 days prior to seeding and during the period between seeding and emergence to minimize the risk of crop injury.

FRUITING VEGETABLES

LABELED CROPS: Eggplant, Groundcherry (Physalis spp), Pepino, Pepper (includes bell pepper, chili pepper, cooking pepper, pimento, sweet pepper), Tomatillo, Tomato.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For Eggplant, Ground cherry, Pepper (all), and Tomatillo, allow at least 3 days between application and planting. For Tomato and tomatillos grown on sandy soil, do not make hooded, shielded sprayer or wiper applications in row middles because of potential for crop injury,

LEGUME VEGETABLES (SUCCULENT OR DRIED)

LABELED CROPS: Bean (Lupines: includes grain lupin, sweet lupin, white lupin, and white sweet lupin), Bean (Phaseolus: includes field bean, kidney bean, lima bean, navy bean, pinto bean, runner bean, snap bean, tepary bean, wax bean), Bean (Vizna: includes adzuki bean, asparagus bean, blackeyed pea, catjang, Chinese longbean, cowpea, crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, southern pea, urd bean, yardlong bean), Broad bean (fava), Chickpea (garbanzo), Guar, Jackbean, Lablab bean, Lentil, Pea (Pisum: includes dwarf pea, edible-podded pea, English pea, field pea, garden pea, green pea, snowpea, sugar snap pea), Pigeon pea, Soybean (immature seed), Sword bean.

Spot Treatment, or Preharvest (Dry Beans, Peas, Lentils and Chickpeas only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as an over-the-top broadcast spray or as a spot treatment to control labeled weeds in dry beans, peas, lentils or chick peas. For spot treatment, to control troublesome weeds such as Canada thistle, quackgrass, mayweed (dog fennel), and milkweed, apply in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre through ground broadcast spray equipment or use a 2 percent solution in a hand-held sprayer. For preharvest treatments, apply in 3 to 20 gallons of water per acre at the hard dough stage of the legume seed (30 percent moisture or less).

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Follow the limitations listed in the table below. Only one application per year may be made; do not combine a preharvest spray with a spot treatment on the same crop area. Employ at least a 30-day plant-back interval between treatment and replanting for any crop not specified for treatment in this label. Do not feed treated vines and hay from these crops to livestock. Do not treat cowpeas or field (feed) peas, since these crops are considered to be grown as livestock feed. Preharvest application is not recommended for dry legumes grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

Crop	Maximum Rate (fluid ounces per Acre)	Minimum Pre-Harvest Interval (days)	Allowed In
Dry Beans	32	7	All States
Dry Peas, Lentils, and Chickpeas	26	14	Idaho, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, Oregon, South Dakota and Washington

ROOT AND TUBER VEGETABLES

LABELED CROPS: Arracacha, Arrowroot, Chinese artichoke, Jerusalem artichoke, Beet (garden), Burdock, Canna, Carrot, Cassava (bitter and sweet), Celeriac, Chayote (root), Chervil (turnip-rooted), Chicory, Chufa, Dasheen (taro), Galangal, Ginger, Ginseng, Horseradish, Leren, Kava (turnip-rooted), Parsley (turnip rooted), Parsnip, Potato, Radish, Oriental radish, Rutabaga, Salsify, Black salsify, Spanish salsify, Skirret, Sweet potato, Tanier, Turmeric, Turnip, Wasabi, Yacon, Yam bean, True yam.

Selective Equipment Applications (Non-Bearing Ginseng only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for general weed control in established non-bearing ginseng. Applications may be made with boom equipment, CDA, shielded sprayers, hand-held and backpack wands, lances, and orchard guns or with wiper application equipment. See additional instructions under "Selective Equipment" in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Conduct applications so that there is no contact of this product with the ginseng plant. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling onto desirable vegetation may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction. Applications must be made at least one year prior to harvest.

Over-the-Top Wiper Application (Rutabagas only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Wiper applicators may be used over the top of rutabagas for the control of taller weeds. See additional instructions under "Selective Equipment" in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow at least 14 days between application and harvest of rutabagas. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling onto desirable vegetation may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction.

9.11 MISCELLANEOUS CROPS

LABELED CROPS: Aloe vera, Asparagus, Bamboo shoots, Globe artichoke, Okra, Peanut (ground nut), Pineapple, Strawberry, Sugar beet.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0 plus the following: General Weed Control, Site Preparation, Spot Treatment (Asparagus), Post Harvest (Asparagus).

Use directions for sugar beets containing the Roundup Ready® gene are in the "ROUNDUP READY® CROPS" section of this label.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Avoid contact of this product with foliage, green shoots or stems, bark, exposed roots (including those emerging from plastic mulch), or fruit of crops because severe crop injury or destruction may result. When making preemergence and at planting applications, applications must be made before crop emergence to avoid severe crop injury. Apply before seed germination in coarse sandy soils to further minimize the risk of crop injury. In crops with vines, hooded sprayer, shielded sprayer and wiper applications to row middles should be made prior to vine development otherwise severe injury or destruction may result. Unless otherwise specified in this product's labeling, treatments with selective equipment including wipers and hooded sprayers must be made at least 14 days prior to harvest. Post-Harvest or fallow applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting any crop not listed on this label. See additional information in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

General Weed Control, Site Preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for general weed control or for site preparation prior to planting or transplanting crops listed in this section.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: This product could cause crop injury when applied prior to transplanting or direct-seeding crops into plastic mulch. Care must be taken to remove residues of this product from the plastic prior to planting. Residual product can be removed by a single 0.5-inch application of water, either by natural rainfall or by irrigation. Care should be taken to ensure that the wash water flushes off the plastic mulch and does not enter transplant holes. Allow at least 21 days between residue removal and transplanting. Applications made at emergence will result in injury or death to emerged seedlings. Do not apply within a week before the first asparagus spears emerge. Do not feed or graze treated pineapple forage following application.

Spot Treatment (Asparagus)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied immediately after cutting, but prior to the emergence of new spears.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. Do not harvest within 5 days of treatment.

Post-Harvest (Asparagus)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after the last harvest and all spears have been removed. If spears are allowed to regrow, delay application until ferns have developed. Delayed treatments should be applied as a directed or shielded spray in order to avoid contact of the spray with ferns, stems or spears. See additional instructions under "Selective Equipment" in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Direct contact of the spray with asparagus may result in serious crop injury.

10.0 TREE, VINE, AND SHRUB CROPS (ALPHABETICAL)

NOTE: THIS SECTION GIVES GENERAL DIRECTIONS THAT APPLY TO ALL TREE, VINE, AND SHRUB CROPS LISTED ALPHABETICALLY IN THE SECTIONS THAT FOLLOW. SEE THE INDIVIDUAL CROP CATEGORIES FOR SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS, PREHARVEST INTERVALS, PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant (site preparation) Broadcast Sprays, General Weed Control, Middles (between rows of trees, vines or bushes), Strips (within rows of trees, vines or bushes), Selective Equipment (shielded sprayers, wiper treatments), Directed Spray, Spot Treatment, Perennial Grass Suppression, Cut Stump.

This product may be applied with boom equipment, CDA equipment, shielded sprayers, hand-held and backpack wands, lances, orchard guns or with wiper applicator equipment, unless prohibited in the specific crop sections that follow.

GENERAL USE INSTRUCTIONS:

This product may be applied in middles (between rows of trees or vines), strips (within rows of trees or vines), and for general weed control or perennial grass suppression in established tree fruit and nut groves, orchards, berries, and vineyards. It may also be used for site preparation prior to planting or transplanting these crops. Apply 1 pint to 5 quarts per acre according to the "ANNUAL WEEDS" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTIONS" of this label. Use the higher rates in the recommended range when weeds are stressed, growing in dense populations or are greater than 12 inches tall. Repeat applications may be made up to a maximum of 10.6 quarts per acre per year. See the "GENERAL INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Annual Use Rates.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS:

Use extreme care to avoid contact of this herbicide solution, spray, drift or mist with foliage or green bark of trunk, branches, suckers, fruit or other parts of trees, canes and vines. Avoid applications when recent pruning wounds or other mechanical injury has occurred. Contact of this product with other than matured brown bark can result in serious crop damage or destruction. Only shielded or directed sprayers may be used in crops with potential for crop contact, and then only where there is sufficient clearance. For applications in strips (within rows of trees), only selective equipment. (directed sprays, hooded sprayers, shielded applicators, or wipers) should be used in order to minimize the potential for overspray or drift of this product onto the crop. For berry crops, hooded or shielded sprayers must be fully enclosed including top, sides, front and back. Only wipers or shielded applicators capable of preventing all contact with the crop may be used. See additional instructions and precautions in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label. Allow a minimum of 3 days between application and transplanting.

Middles (between rows)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product will control or suppress annual and perennial weeds and ground covers growing between rows of tree and vine crops listed on this label. If weeds are under drought stress, irrigate prior to application. Reduced weed control may result if weeds have been recently mowed at the time of application.

TANK MIXTURES: A tank mixture of this product plus Goal 2XL may be applied for annual weed control between rows (middles) of citrus crops, tree fruits, tree nuts and vine crops. This mixture is recommended when weeds are stressed or growing in dense populations. Application of 16 to 32 fluid ounces of this product per acre plus 3 to 12 fluid ounces of Goal 2XL per acre will control annual weeds with a maximum height, length or diameter of 6 inches,

including crabgrass, common groundsel, junglerice, common lambsquarters, redroot pigweed, London rocket, common ryegrass, shepherd's-purse, annual sowthistle, filaree (suppression), horseweed/marestail *(Conyza canadensis)*, stinging nettle and common purslane (suppression). This tank mixture will also control common cheeseweed (malva) or hairy fleabane *(Conyza bonariensis)* with a maximum height, length or diameter of 3 inches. Read and follow all labels and directions for use of all products being used in the tank mixture.

Strips (In Rows)
TANK MIXTURES: This product may be applied within rows of tree or vine crops in tank mixtures with the following products, provided that the label of the specific product used permits the desired use.

Devrinol™ 50 DF	Karmex DF	Princep Caliber™ 90	Sim-Trol™ 4L
Direx™ 4L	Krovar I	Simazine 4L	Solicam™ DF
Goal 2XL	Prowl	Simazine 80W	Surflan™ AS
			Surflan 75W

Do not apply these tank mixtures in Puerto Rico.

Refer to the individual product labels for information about specific crops, rates, geographic restrictions and precautionary statements. For more information see the "TANK MIXTURES" and "TANK MIXING PROCEDURES" sections of this label.

Perennial Grass Suppression
This product will suppress perennial grasses such as bahiagrass, Bermudagrass, tall fescue, orchardgrass, Kentucky bluegrass, and quackgrass that are grown as ground covers in tree and vine crops.

For suppression of tall fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass and quackgrass, apply 8 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre.

For suppression of Kentucky bluegrass covers, apply 6 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Do not add ammonium sulfate.

For best results, mow cool season grass covers in the spring to even their height and apply this product 3 to 4 days after mowing.

For suppression of vegetative growth and seedhead inhibition of bahiagrass for approximately 45 days, apply 6 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 25 gallons of water per acre. Apply 1 to 2 weeks after full green-up or after mowing to a uniform height of 3 to 4 inches. This application must be made prior to seedhead emergence.

For suppression up to 120 days, apply 4 fluid ounces of this product per acre, followed by an application of 2 to 4 fluid ounces per acre about 45 days later. Make no more than 2 applications per year.

For burndown of Bermudagrass, apply 1 to 2 quarts of this product in 3 to 20 gallons of water per acre. Use this treatment only if reduction of the Bermudagrass stand can be tolerated. When burndown is required prior to harvest, allow at least 21 days to ensure sufficient time for burndown to occur.

For suppression of Bermudagrass, apply 6 to 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre east of the Rocky Mountains and 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre west of the Rocky Mountains. Apply in a total spray volume of 3 to 20 gallons per acre, no sooner than 1 to 2 weeks after full green-up. If the Bermudagrass is mowed prior to application, maintain a minimum of 3 inches in height. Sequential applications may be made when regrowth occurs and Bermudagrass injury and stand reduction can be tolerated. East of the Rocky Mountains, rates of 6 to 10 fluid ounces of this product per acre should be used in shaded conditions or where a lesser degree of suppression is desired.

Cut Stump (tree crops)
USE INSTRUCTIONS: Cut stump applications of this product may be made during site preparation or site renovation, prior to transplanting tree crops. This product will control regrowth of cut stumps and resprouts of many types of tree species, some of which are listed below.

Citrus Trees: Calamondin, Chironja, Citron, Citrus hybrids, Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Mandarin (Tangerine), Orange (all), Pummelo, Tangelo (Ugli), Tangor.

Fruit Trees: Apple, Apricot, Cherry (sweet, sour), Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Nectarine, Olive, Peach, Pear, Plum/Prune (all), Quince.

Nut Trees: Almond, Beechnut, Brazil nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Filbert (hazelnut), Hickory Nut, Macadamia, Pecan, Pistachio, Walnut (black, English).

Apply this product using suitable equipment to ensure coverage of the entire cambium. Cut trees or resprouts close to the soil surface. Apply a 50 to 100 percent solution of this product to the freshly cut surface immediately after cutting. Delays in application may result in reduced performance. For best results, applications should be made during periods of active growth and full leaf expansion.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT MAKE CUT STUMP APPLICATIONS WHEN THE ROOTS OF ADJACENT DESIRABLE TREES May be GRAFTED TO THE ROOTS OF THE CUT STUMP. INJURY RESULTING FROM ROOT GRAFTING MAY OCCUR IN ADJACENT TREES. Some sprouts, stems, or trees may share the same root system. Adjacent trees having a similar age, height and spacing may signal shared roots. Whether grafted or shared, injury is likely to occur to non-treated stems/trees when one or more trees sharing common roots are treated.

10.1 BERRY CROPS

LABELED CROPS: Blackberry (including bingleberry, black satin berry, boysenberry, Cherokee blackberry, chesterberry, Cheyenne blackberry, coryberry, darrowberry, dewberry, Dirksen thornless berry, Himalayaberry, hullberry, juneberry, lavacaberry, lowberry, lucretiaberry, marionberry, nectarberry, olallieberry, Oregon evergreen berry, phenomenalberry, rangeberry, ravenberry, rossberry, Shawnee blackberry, and youngberry), Blueberry, Cranberry, Currant, Elderberry, Gooseberry, Huckleberry, Loganberry, Salal, Raspberry (black, red).

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 10.0, plus Spot Treatment in Cranberry Production and Post-Harvest Treatment in Cranberry Production.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: To avoid damage, herbicide spray must not be allowed to contact desirable vegetation, including green shoots, canes, or foliage. Allow a minimum of 30 days between last application and harvest of cranberries. Allow a minimum of 14 days between last application and harvest of other berry crops.

Spot Treatment in Cranberry Production
USE INSTRUCTIONS: Spot treatments may be used to control weeds growing in dry ditches (interior and perimeter) of cranberry production areas. Hand-held sprayers or other appropriate application equipment listed under "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" in this label may be used. Drop

water level to remove standing water in ditches prior to application. With hand-held sprayers, use 1- to 2-percent solution of this product. Spray adequately to wet the vegetation only, do not spray to the point of run-off.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: To achieve maximum weed control in treatments of dry ditches after water draw down, allow 2 or more days after treatment before reintroduction of water. Apply this product within 1 day after draw down to ensure application to actively growing weeds. Allow a minimum of 30 days between last application and harvest of cranberries. Do not make applications by air. Do not apply directly to water. Use nozzles that emit medium- to large-sized droplets in order to minimize spray drift and avoid crop injury.

Post-Harvest Treatments in Cranberry Production

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Application of this product may be made after the harvest of cranberries to control weeds growing in the field. Apply this product to vines that appear dormant (after they have turned red). Hand-held sprayers, wipers, or other appropriate application equipment listed in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label may be used. If using hand-held sprayers, use a 0.5- to 1-percent solution of this product. Spray adequately to wet the vegetation only; do not spray to the point of run-off. If using hand-held boom sprayers, apply 2 to 4 quarts of this product per acre.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Make applications only after cranberries have been harvested. Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total bog. Allow a minimum of 6 months after last application and next harvest of cranberries. Do not make applications by air. Do not apply directly to water. Even though vines appear dormant, contact of the herbicide solution with desirable vegetation may result in damage or severe plant injury. Cranberry plants that are directly sprayed may be killed.

10.2 CITRUS

LABELED CROPS: Calamondin, Chironja, Citron, Citrus Hybrids, Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Mandarin (tangerine), Orange (all), Pummelo, Satsuma Mandarin, Tangelo (ugli), Tangor.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 10.0.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 1 day between last application and harvest in citrus crops. For citron groves, apply as directed sprays only.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: The following use instructions pertain to applications in Florida and Texas only. For burndown or control of the weeds listed below, apply the recommended rates of this product in 3 to 30 gallons of water per acre. Where weed foliage is dense, use 10 to 30 gallons of water per acre.

For goatweed, apply 2 to 3 quarts of this product in 20 to 30 gallons of water per acre when plants are actively growing. Use 2 quarts per acre when plants are less than 8 inches tall, and 3 quarts per acre when plants are greater than 8 inches tall. If goatweed is greater than 8 inches tall, use of this product in a tank mixture with Krovar™ I or Karmex™ may improve weed control. Refer to the individual product labels for treatment information on specific crops, rates, geographic restrictions and precautionary statements.

Perennial Weeds

S= Suppression; PC = Partial control; B = Burndown; C = Control

	FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer RATE PER ACRE			
WEED SPECIES	**1 QT**	**2 QT**	**3 QT**	**5 QT**
Bermudagrass	B	–	PC	C
Guineagrass	–	–	–	–
Texas and Florida Ridge	B	C	C	C
Florida Flatwoods	–	B	C	C
Paragrass	B	C	C	C
Torpedograss	S	–	PC	C

10.3 MISCELLANEOUS TREE FOOD CROPS

LABELED CROPS: Cactus (fruit and pads), Palm (heart, leaves), Palm (oil).

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 10.0.

10.4 NON-FOOD TREE CROPS

LABELED CROPS: Pine, Poplar, Eucalyptus, Christmas trees, and all other non-food tree crops.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 10.0.

NOTE: Unless otherwise directed, this product is not recommended for use as an over-the-top broadcast spray in plantations or other labeled tree crops.

Directed Spray, Spot treatment, Wiper Application

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used as a post-directed spray and spot treatment around established poplar, eucalyptus, Christmas trees and other non-food tree crops.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Avoid contact of spray, drift or mist of this product with foliage or green bark of established Christmas trees and other pine trees. Desirable plants may be protected from the spray solution by using shields or coverings made of cardboard or other impermeable material.

Site preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used for weed control prior to planting non-food tree crops.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Precautions should be taken to protect non-target plants during site preparation applications.

10.5 POME FRUIT

LABELED CROPS: Apple, Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Pear (including oriental pear), Quince.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 10.0.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 1 day between last application and harvest in pome crops.

10.6 STONE FRUIT

LABELED CROPS: Apricot, Cherry (sweet, tart), Nectarine, Olive, Peach, Plum/Prune (all types), Plumcot.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 10.0. For olive groves, apply only as a directed spray.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 17 days between last application and harvest in stone fruit crops. Remove suckers and low-hanging limbs at least 10 days prior to application. Avoid applications near trees with recent pruning wounds or other mechanical injury. Apply only near trees that have been planted in the orchard for 2 or more years. USE EXTREME CARE TO ENSURE THAT NO PART OF THE PEACH TREE IS CONTACTED WITH OVERSPRAY OR DRIFT OF THIS PRODUCT.

10.7 TREE NUTS

LABELED CROPS: Almond, Beechnut, Betelnut, Brazil nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Coconut, Filbert (hazelnut), Hickory nut, Macadamia, Pecan, Pine nut, Pistachio, Walnut (black, English)

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 10.0.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 3 days between last application and harvest of tree nuts, except coconut. Allow 14 days between application and harvest in coconut.

10.8 TROPICAL AND SUBTROPICAL TREES AND FRUITS

LABELED CROPS: Ambarella, Atemoya, Avocado, Banana, Barbados cherry (acerola), Biriba, Blimbe, Breadfruit, Cacao (cocoa) bean, Canistel, Carambola (starfruit), Cherimoya, Coffee, Custard apple, Dates, Durian, Feijoa, Figs, Governor's plum, Guava, Ilama, Imbe, Imbu, Jaboticaba, Jackfruit, Longan, Lychee, Mamey apple, Mango, Mangosteen, Marmaladebox (genip), Mountain papaya, Papaya, Pawpaw, Plantain, Persimmon, Pomegranate, Pulasan, Rambutan, Rose apple, Sapodilla, Sapote (black, mamey, white), Spanish lime, Soursop, Star apple, Sugar apple, Surinam cherry, Tamarind, Tea, Ti (roots and leaves), Wax jambu.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 10.0, and as described below as a Bananacide (Bananas Only).

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 1 day between last application and harvest in banana, guava, papaya, and plantain crops. Allow a minimum of 14 days between last application and harvest for any other tropical or subtropical tree fruit listed. Allow a minimum of 28 days between last application and harvest in coffee crops. In coffee and banana, delay applications 3 months after transplanting to allow the new coffee or banana plant to become established.

Bananacide (Banana Only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to destroy banana plants infected with the Banana Bunchy Top Virus, as well as non-infected banana plants in order to establish disease free buffers around plantations. Remove all fruit from the plants within the treatment area prior to treatment. Inject 1/25 fluid ounce (1 mL) of this product's concentrate per 2 to 3 inches of pseudostem diameter. Make the injection at least one foot above the ground, except for very small plants, which should be injected vertically into the top. Any subsequent regrowth must also be destroyed. All plants and mats (or units) within a 4-foot radius around a treated mat should be mechanically destroyed. For control of the Banana Bunchy Top Virus, it is critical that the grower follow a strict control program involving monitoring for diseased plants, spraying to control the aphid vector, and destruction of all infected mats (or units). An infected plant may not show symptoms of the banana bunchy top virus for up to 125 days, therefore it is critical that the entire mat (or unit) containing the diseased plant be destroyed immediately.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 1/2 fluid ounce (15 mL) of this product per mat (or unit). Remove all fruit from plants and mats (or units) prior to treatment. Do not harvest any fruit or plant materials from treated mats (or units) following injection. Do not allow livestock to consume treated plant materials. Following transplant of new banana plants into treated areas, allow plants to become established for 3 months before applying this product for general weed control.

10.9 VINE CROPS

LABELED CROPS: Grapes (raisin, table, wine) Hops, Kiwi, Passion fruit.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 10.0. Apply this product for weed control only when green shoots, canes or foliage are not in the spray zone. In the northeast and Great Lakes regions, apply this product in grape vineyards prior to the end of the bloom stage of grapes in order to avoid crop injury, or apply using shielded sprayers or wiper equipment.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 14 days between last application and harvest of vine crops. Do not use selective equipment in kiwi.

11.0 PASTURE GRASSES, FORAGE LEGUMES AND RANGELANDS

GENERAL USE INSTRUCTIONS: Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTIONS" of this label for rate recommendations for specific weeds. When applied as directed, this product will control these annual and perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds. Recommended rates of this product specified on this label for the control of tough weeds, or those specified on separate supplemental labeling for this product, supersede rates recommended in the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS" and "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE SECTIONS" of this label.

All labeled treatments may be made by aerial equipment where appropriate, provided that the applicator complies with the precautions and restrictions specified on this product's labeling.

11.1 ALFALFA, CLOVER, AND OTHER FORAGE LEGUMES

LABELED CROPS: Alfalfa, Clover, Kenaf, Kudzu, Lespedeza, Leucaena, Lupin, Sainfoin, Trefoil, Velvet bean, Vetch (all types).

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Preharvest (except Kenaf and Leucanea), Spot Treatment, Over-the-Top Wiper Application, Renovation, Stand Removal. Use directions for alfalfa with the Roundup Ready® gene are in the "ROUNDUP READY® CROPS" section of this label.

Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting crops listed in this section. Applications must be made prior to crop emergence.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Remove domestic livestock before application. The crop may be fed or grazed as soon as it reaches sufficient maturity.

Preharvest (Except Kenaf and Leucanea)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used in declining alfalfa stands or any stand of alfalfa where crop destruction is acceptable. This product will control annual or perennial weeds, including quackgrass, when applied prior to crop harvest. Applications may be made at any time of the year. For control of quackgrass, apply in the spring, late summer or fall when quackgrass is actively growing. Treatments for quackgrass must be followed by deep tillage for complete control.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Make only one application to an existing stand of crop per year. The treated crop and weeds can be harvested and fed to livestock according to the application rates and intervals defined below,

	Maximum single application rate (per acre)	Minimum interval between application and harvest or livestock grazing
Alfalfa	2 quarts	36 hours
All other legumes listed	3 pints	3 days

This application may destroy the alfalfa stand and may severely injure or destroy other labeled crops such as clover. Preharvest application is not recommended for alfalfa grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may result.

Spot Treatment, Over-the-Top Wiper Application

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment or over the top of crops listed in this section with wiper applicators. For wipers, see "Wiper Applicators" in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label. Applications may be made in the same area at 30-day intervals.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For spot treatment and wiper applications, apply in areas where the movement of domestic livestock can be controlled. No more than 10 percent of the total field area should be treated at one time. Remove domestic livestock before application and wait 3 days after application before grazing livestock or harvesting.

Renovation, Stand Removal

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a broadcast spray to remove established stands of alfalfa, clover, and other forage legumes listed on this label. If the crop is to be grazed or harvested for feed, use up to a maximum of 2 quarts per acre in alfalfa and up to 3 pints per acre in other labeled legumes. For complete removal of established stands of clover, it may be necessary to use treatment rates greater than this, as listed in the "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For applications up to 2 quarts per acre for alfalfa or 3 pints per acre for all other forage legumes, remove domestic livestock before application, follow the minimum harvest or grazing intervals in the table above under Preharvest in this section. For treatment rates above these levels, do not graze or harvest treated foliage for livestock feed or allow grazing. Crops listed in this label may be planted into the treated area at any time; for all other crops, wait 30 days or more between application and planting.

11.2 CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAM (CRP)

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Renovation (Rotating Out Of CRP), Site Preparation, Postemergence Weed Control in Dormant CRP Grasses, Over-the-Top Wiper Application.

Renovation (Rotating Out of CRP), Site preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to prepare CRP land for crop production. Refer to Federal, state or local use guides for CRP renovation recommendations.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Crops listed on this label may be planted into the treated area at any time for any other crop, wait at least 30 days between application and planting.

Postemergence Weed Control in Dormant CRP Grasses, Over-the-Top Wiper Application

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply this product to suppress competitive growth and seed production of undesirable vegetation on CRP land. Applications may be made using wiper applicators to control tall weeds or as a broadcast or spot treatment to dormant CRP grasses. For selective applications with broadcast spray equipment, apply 12 to 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre in early spring before desirable CRP grasses, such as crested and tall wheatgrass, break dormancy and initiate green growth. Late fall applications can be made after desirable perennial grasses have reached dormancy.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Some stunting of CRP perennial grasses will occur if broadcast applications are made when plants are not dormant. No waiting period is required between application and grazing or harvesting for feed. Do not apply more than 3 quarts per acre per year onto CRP land.

11.3 GRASS SEED OR SOD PRODUCTION

LABELED CROPS: Any grass (Gramineae family) except Corn, Sorghum, Sugarcane and those listed in the "CEREAL AND GRAIN CROPS" section of this label.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Renovation, Removal of Established Stands, Site Preparation, Shielded Sprayers, Over-the-Top Wiper Application, Spot Treatment, Creating Rows in Annual Ryegrass.

Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Renovation, Removal of Established Stands, Site Preparation
USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product controls most existing vegetation prior to renovating turf or forage grass seed areas or establishing turf grass grown for sod. It may be used to destroy undesirable grass vegetation when production fields are converted to alternate species or crops. Make applications before, during, or after planting or for renovation. For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay planting to determine if any regrowth from escaped underground plant parts occurs. Where existing vegetation is growing under mowed turf management, apply this product after omitting at least one regular mowing to allow sufficient growth for good interception of the herbicide spray. Where repeat treatments are necessary, sufficient regrowth must be attained prior to application. For warm-season grasses, such as Bermudagrass, summer or fall applications provide best control. Broadcast equipment may be used to control sod remnants or other unwanted vegetation after sod is harvested. Application rates of up to 5 quarts per acre may be used to totally remove established stands of tough to kill grass species.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not disturb soil or underground plant parts before treatment. Tillage or renovation techniques such as vertical mowing, coring or slicing should be delayed for 7 days after application to allow proper translocation into underground plant parts. If application rates total 3 quarts per acre or less, no waiting period between treatment and feeding or livestock grazing is required. If the rate is greater than 3 quarts per acre, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting. For any crop not listed for treatment in this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting. Applications must be made prior to the crop emergence in order to avoid crop injury.

Shielded Sprayers
USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply 1 to 3 quarts of this product as a broadcast spray in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre to control weeds between grass seed rows. Uniform planting in straight rows aid in shielded sprayer applications. Best results are obtained when the grass seed crop is small enough to easily pass by or through the protective shields. See additional instructions on the use of shielded sprayers in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling onto desirable vegetation may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator.

Over-the-Top Wiper Application
USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied over the top of desirable grasses using wiper applicators for the control of tall weeds. See additional instructions on the use of wiper applicators in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling onto desirable vegetation may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator.

Spot Treatment
USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply a 1- to 1.5-percent solution of this product using hand-held spray equipment to control weeds within established vegetation prior to heading of grasses grown for seed. Hand-held equipment may also be used to control sod remnants or other unwanted vegetation after sod is harvested.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Apply this product prior to heading of grasses. Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area. Crop sprayed in treated area will be killed. Take care not to spray or allow spray to drift outside the target area to avoid unwanted crop destruction. Hand-held equipment may be used to control sod remnants or other unwanted vegetation after sod is harvested.

Creating Rows in Annual Ryegrass
USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply 16 to 32 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Best results are obtained when applications are made before ryegrass reaches 6 inches in height. Use the higher rate when the ryegrass is greater than 6 inches in height. Set nozzle heights to allow the establishment of the desired row spacing. Use of low-pressure nozzles, or drop nozzles designed to target the application over a narrow band are recommended.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Take care not to spray or allow droplets, spray fines, or drift to settle outside the treatment area to avoid unwanted crop destruction.

Grower assumes all responsibility for crop losses from misapplication.

11.4 PASTURES

LABELED CROPS: Any grass (Gramineae family) except Corn, Sorghum, Sugarcane and those listed in the "CEREAL AND GRAIN CROPS" section of this label, including Bahiagrass, Bermudagrass, Bluegrass, Bromegrass, Fescue, Guineagrass, Kikuya grass, Orchardgrass, Pangola grass, Ryegrass, Timothy, Wheatgrass.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, Pasture Renovation, Spot Treatment, Over-the-Top Wiper Application, Postemergence Weed Control (Broadcast Treatments).

Preplant, Preemergence, Pasture Renovation
USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for weed control prior to planting or emergence of forage grasses. This product may also be used to control perennial pasture species listed on this label prior to re-planting.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: If application rates total 3 quarts per acre or less, no waiting period between treatment and feeding or livestock grazing is required. If the rate is greater than 3 quarts per acre, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting. For any crop not listed on this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting.

Spot Treatment, Over-the-Top Wiper Application
USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied in pastures as a spot treatment or over the top of desired grasses using wiper applicators to control tall weeds. Applications may be repeated in the same area at 30-day intervals. See additional instructions on the use of wiper applicators in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For spot treatment and wiper application methods using rates of 3 quarts of this product per acre or less, the entire field or any portion of it may be treated. When spot treatments or wiper applications are made using rates above 3 quarts of this product per acre, no more than 10 percent of the field may be treated at any one time. To achieve maximum performance, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 7 days after application before grazing or harvesting for feed.

Postemergence Weed Control (Broadcast Treatments)
USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied to pastures to suppress competitive growth and seed production of annual weeds and undesirable vegetation. For selective applications with broadcast spray equipment, apply 12 to 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre in early spring before desirable perennial grasses break dormancy and initiate green growth. Late fall applications can be made after perennial grasses have reached dormancy.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Some stunting of perennial grasses will occur if broadcast applications are made when plants are not dormant. Use of higher application rates will cause stand reductions. No waiting period is required between application and grazing or harvesting for feed. Do not apply more than 3 quarts per acre per year onto pasture grasses except for renovation use described above in this section. If replanting is needed due to severe stand reduction, wait at least 30 days after treatment prior to planting any crop not listed on this label.

11.5 RANGELANDS

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Postemergence.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product will control or suppress many annual weeds growing in perennial cool and warm-season grass rangelands. Preventing viable seed production is key to the successful control and invasion of annual grassy weeds in rangelands. Follow-up applications in sequential years should eliminate most of the viable seeds. Grazing of treated areas should be delayed to encourage growth of desirable perennials. Allowing desirable perennials to flower and reseed in the treated area will encourage successful transition.

Apply 12 to 16 fluid ounces of this product to control or suppress many weeds, including downy brome, cheatgrass, cereal rye and jointed goatgrass in rangelands. Apply when most mature brome plants are in early flower and before the plants, including seedheads, turn color. Allowing for secondary weed flushes to occur in the spring following rain events further depletes the seed reserve and encourages perennial grass conversion on weedy sites. Fall applications are recommended where spring moisture is usually limited and fall germination allows for good weed growth.

For medusahead, apply 16 fluid ounces of this product at the 3-leaf stage. Delaying applications beyond this stage will result in reduced or unacceptable control. Fire may be useful in eliminating the thatch layer produced by slow decaying culms prior to application. Allow new growth to occur before spraying after a burn. Repeat applications in subsequent years may be necessary to eliminate the seedbank before reestablishing desirable perennial grasses in medusahead-dominated rangelands.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Slight discoloration of the desirable grasses may occur, but they will regreen and regrow under moist soil conditions as effects of this product wear off. Do not use ammonium sulfate when spraying rangeland grasses with this product. No waiting period between treatment and feeding or livestock grazing is required. Do not apply more than 3 quarts of this product per acre per year.

12.0 ROUNDUP READY® CROPS

The following instructions or those published separately on supplemental labeling for this product include all applications of this product that can be made onto the specified Roundup Ready® crops during the complete cropping season. DO NOT combine these treatment instructions with those for crops in the "ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL CROPS (ALPHABETICALLY)" section of this label that do not contain the Roundup Ready® gene, unless otherwise directed in this product's labeling.

RAGAN AND MASSEY, INC. RECOMMENDS USE OF THIS PRODUCT FOR POSTEMERGENCE (IN-CROP) APPLICATION ONLY ON CROPS DESIGNATED AS CONTAINING THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE. Applying this product to crops that are not designated as Roundup Ready® will result in severe crop injury and yield loss. Avoid contact with foliage, green stems, or fruit of crops, or any desirable plants that do not contain the Roundup Ready® gene, since severe plant injury or destruction will result.

The Roundup Ready® designation indicates that the crop contains a patented gene that provides tolerance to this product. Information on Roundup Ready® crops may be obtained from your seed supplier. Roundup Ready® crops must be purchased from an authorized licensed seed supplier.

Sprayer Preparation: It is important that sprayer and mixing equipment be clean and free of pesticide residue before making applications of this product. Follow the cleaning procedures specified on the label of the products previously used. THOROUGHLY CLEAN THE SPRAY TANK AND ALL LINES AND FILTERS TO ELIMINATE POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION FROM OTHER HERBICIDES PRIOR TO MIXING AND APPLYING THIS PRODUCT.

For ground broadcast applications: Apply this product in 5 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre. Carefully select proper nozzle and spray pressure to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with ground application equipment, use flat spray nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

For aerial applications: All labeled treatments may be made by aerial equipment where appropriate, provided that the applicator complies with the precautions and restrictions specified on this product's labeling, in particular in the "Aerial Equipment" section. Apply this product in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre. See the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for procedures to avoid spray drift that may cause injury to any vegetation not intended for treatment. Use of appropriate buffer zones will help prevent injury to adjacent vegetation.

ATTENTION: AVOID DRIFT. EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS WHICH DO NOT CONTAIN THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE.

TANK MIXTURE: Tank mixtures with other herbicides, insecticides, fungicides, micronutrients or foliar fertilizers may result in reduced weed control or crop injury and are NOT recommended for applications of this product over the top of Roundup Ready® crops unless otherwise noted in this product label, or in separate supplemental labeling.

Unless otherwise directed, nonionic surfactant may be added to the spray solution for applications to Roundup Ready® crops. The addition of certain surfactants to this product may result in some crop response including leaf necrosis, leaf chlorosis or leaf speckling due to the surfactant added to the spray mixture. Read and carefully observe cautionary statements and other information appearing on the surfactant label.

Ammonium sulfate may be mixed with this product for applications to Roundup Ready® crops. Refer to the "MIXING" section for instructions on the use of ammonium sulfate. Ensure that ammonium sulfate is completely dissolved in the spray tank before adding herbicides. Thoroughly rinse the spray system with clean water after use to reduce corrosion.

NOTE: The following instructions are based on a clean start at planting by using a burndown application or tillage to control existing weeds before crop emergence. In no-till and stale seedbed systems, a preplant burn-down treatment of this product is recommended to control existing weeds prior to crop emergence. Some weeds, such as black nightshade, broadleaf signalgrass, sicklepod, Texas panicum, sandbur, annual morningglory, woolly cupgrass, shattercane, wild proso millet, burcumber, and giant ragweed with multiple germination times, or suppressed (stunted) weeds may require a second application of this product for complete control. The second application should be made after some regrowth has occurred and at least 10 days after a previous application of this product.

Recommended rates of this product specified in the following sections, or in separate supplemental labeling for this product on the control of tough weeds, supersede the general rate recommendations in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and the "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label.

12.1 ROUNDUP READY® ALFALFA

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-planting, Preemergence, Postemergence (In-crop).

GENERAL USE INSTRUCTIONS: Refer to the following table for the maximum application rates of this product.

Annual Maximum Application Rates	
Combined total per year for all applications, including preplant during year of establishment	8 quarts per acre
Combined total per year for in-crop applications for newly established and established stands	6 quarts per acre

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY® CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use of this product in Roundup Ready® crops. See the "GENERAL INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on "Annual Maximum Application Rates." Refer to individual tank mixture product label for restrictions and precautions, use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the tank mixture.

Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting alfalfa with a Roundup Ready® gene, up to a maximum of 2 quarts per acre.

Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Applications of this product may be made over the top of Roundup Ready® alfalfa (in-crop) from emergence to 5 days prior to harvest. To maximize crop yield and quality potential, applications of this product should be made after weeds have emerged but before alfalfa growth or re-growth interferes with spray coverage of the target weeds.

Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" in this label for rate recommendations for specific weeds. When applied as directed, this product will control these annual and perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds. In addition to those weeds listed in these sections, this product will suppress the parasitic weed Dodder (*Cuscuta* spp.) in Roundup Ready® alfalfa. Repeat applications may be necessary for complete control.

Stand Establishment-Due to the biology and breeding constraints of alfalfa, up to 10% of the seedlings may not contain a Roundup Ready® gene and will not survive after the first application of this product. To eliminate the undesirable effects of stand gaps created by this loss of plants, a single application of this product per acre should be applied at or before the 4-trifoliate growth stage. Refer to the following tables for maximum in-crop application rates during stand establishment (seeding year).

STAND ESTABLISHMENT (Seeding Year) Application Rates	
Prior to First Cutting	
From emergence up to 4 trifoliate leaves	1 to 2 quarts per acre
From 5 trifoliate leaves up to 5 days before first cutting	Up to 2 quarts per acre
After First Cutting	
In-crop application, per cutting, up to 5 days before cutting	Up to 2 quarts per acre

Established Stands-Refer to the following table for directions and maximum application rates for in-crop applications to established stands of alfalfa (non-seeding year).

ESTABLISHED STANDS Application Rates	
In-crop applications, per cutting, up to 5 days before cutting	Up to 2 quarts per acre

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Where Roundup Ready® alfalfa is grown with a companion or cover crop, or is overseeded with a second species, in-crop (over-the-top) applications of this product will eliminate the non-glyphosate tolerant species. Any single in-crop application of this product should not exceed 2 quarts per acre, Sequential applications of this product should be at least 7 days apart. The combined total per year for all in-crop applications in both newly established (seeding year) and established stands (non-seeding year) must not exceed 6 quarts per acre. Remove domestic livestock before application. Wait a minimum of 5 days after application before grazing, cutting and feeding of forage and hay.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with the products listed below. Ensure that the specific product used is labeled for alfalfa application.

Newly Seeded Stands and Stand Establishment: For control of emerged annual grasses and broadleaf weeds, this product may be applied at up to 2 quarts per acre in a tank mixture with the following herbicides. Application should be made after weeds have emerged but before the alfalfa growth or regrowth would interfere with spray coverage of the target weeds.

2,4-D, clethodim, imazamox, imazethapyr, sethoxydim.

Dormant Application and Winter Treatment: For control of emerged annual grasses and broadleaf weeds, up to 2 quarts per acre of this product may be applied in a tank mixture with the following herbicides. Tank mixtures should be applied when the temperature for the day remains above freezing.

Dormant Application

Diuron, hexazinone, imazamox, metribuzin, pronamide, terbacil.

Winter Treatment

2,4-D, diuron, hexazinone.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Tank mixtures of this product with other herbicides, insecticides, or fungicides may result in crop injury or reduced weed control. Applications should not be made to frozen or snow covered ground.

12.2 ROUNDUP READY® CANOLA (SPRING)

Roundup Ready® spring canola is defined as those Roundup Ready® canola varieties that are seeded in the spring and harvested in the fall and do not enter a winter dormancy period.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Postemergence (In-crop).

DO NOT USE THIS PRODUCT ON CANOLA WITH THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE PLANTED IN THE FOLLOWING STATES: ALABAMA, DELAWARE, FLORIDA, GEORGIA, KENTUCKY, MARYLAND, NEW JERSEY, NORTH CAROLINA, SOUTH CAROLINA, TENNESSEE, VIRGINIA AND WEST VIRGINIA, EXCEPT FOR USES IN WILDLIFE FOOD PLOTS THAT WILL NOT BE HARVESTED FOR HUMAN OR LIVESTOCK FOOD.

Annual Maximum Application Rates	
Preplant, At-planting, Preemergence applications	2 quarts per acre
Total in-crop application from emergence to 6-leaf stage	1 quart per acre

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY® CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use of this product in Roundup Ready® crops. See the "GENERAL INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on "Annual Maximum Application Rates."

Preplant, At-planting, Preemergence
USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting, up to a maximum of 2 quarts per acre.

Postemergence (In-crop)
USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied postemergence to Roundup Ready® spring canola from emergence through the 6-leaf stage of development. Applications made during bolting or flowering may result in crop injury and yield loss. To maximize yield potential, make applications early to eliminate competing weeds.

Single Application - Apply 16 to 24 fluid ounces per acre no later than the 6-leaf stage for the control of annual weeds. Avoid overlapping applications that may result in temporary yellowing, delayed flowering, and or growth reduction. Similar crop injury may result when applications of more than 16 fluid ounces per acre are applied after the 4-leaf stage.

Sequential Application - Apply 16 fluid ounces per acre to 1- to 3-leaf canola followed by a sequential application at a minimum interval of 10 days, but no later than the 6-leaf stage. Sequential applications are recommended for early emerging annual weeds and perennial weeds such as Canada thistle and quackgrass, or when multiple application times are needed for adequate weed control.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: No more than two in-crop broadcast applications may be made from crop emergence through the 6-leaf stage of development and the total in-crop application should not exceed 32 fluid ounces per acre. Allow a minimum of 60 days between last application and canola harvest.

12.3 ROUNDUP READY® CANOLA (WINTER)

Roundup Ready® Winter Canola is defined as those Roundup Ready® canola varieties that are seeded in early fall and harvested the following spring or summer. Winter canola varieties are intended to enter a cold period dormancy in the winter.

Annual Maximum Application Rates	
Preplant, At-planting, Preemergence applications	2 quarts per acre
Total in-crop application from emergence to 6-leaf stage	1 quart per acre

DO NOT USE THIS PRODUCT ON WINTER CANOLA WITH THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE PLANTED IN THE FOLLOWING STATES: ALABAMA, DELAWARE, FLORIDA, GEORGIA, KENTUCKY, MARYLAND, NEW JERSEY, NORTH CAROLINA, SOUTH CAROLINA, TENNESSEE, VIRGINIA AND WEST VIRGINIA, EXCEPT FOR USES IN WILDLIFE FOOD PLOTS THAT WILL NOT BE HARVESTED FOR HUMAN OR LIVESTOCK FOOD.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Postemergence (In-crop)

GENERAL USE INSTRUCTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY® CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use of this product in Roundup Ready® crops. See the "GENERAL INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on "Annual Maximum Application Rate."

Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence
USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting, up to a maximum of 2 quarts per acre.

Postemergence (In-crop)
USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied to Roundup Ready® winter canola varieties from emergence to canopy closure in the fall and prior to bolting in the spring. Applications made during or after bolting may result in crop injury and yield loss. To maximize yield potential, make applications early to eliminate competing weeds. Some weeds with multiple germination times, or suppressed (stunted) weeds, or weeds that have overwintered may require sequential applications of this product for control. The second application should be made after some regrowth has occurred and at least 60 days after a previous application of this product.

Single Application - Apply 24 to 32 fluid ounces of this product per acre in the fall. Applications in the fall should be made when weeds are small and actively growing. Use the higher rate in the recommended range when weed densities are high, when weeds have overwintered or when weeds become large and well established. Applications of greater than 16 fluid ounces per acre prior to the 6-leaf stage may result in reduced crop growth in the fall. Avoid spray overlaps. Spray overlaps may result in temporary yellowing and/or growth reduction.

Sequential Applications - Apply 16 to 32 fluid ounces of this product per acre to 2-leaf or larger canola in the fall, followed by a sequential application at the same rate and at a minimum interval of 60 days, but before bolting in the spring. Sequential applications are recommended for early emerging annual weeds and winter emerging weeds such as downy brome, jointed goatgrass and ryegrass, and for weeds that have overwintered. This product will control or suppress most perennial weeds. For some perennial weeds, sequential applications may be required to reduce competition with the crop.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: No more than two over-the-top broadcast applications may be made from crop emergence up to the onset of bolting, and the total in-crop application must not exceed 64 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Applications of greater than 24 fluid ounces per acre prior to the 6-leaf stage may result in reduced crop growth in the fall. Allow a minimum of 60 days between last application and harvest of canola grain. No waiting period is required between application and open grazing of livestock.

12.4 ROUNDUP READY® CORN 2

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Postemergence (In-crop), Spot treatment, Preharvest, Post-harvest.

Annual Maximum Application Rates	
Combined total per year for all applications	8 quarts per acre
Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence applications	5 quarts per acre
Total in-crop applications from emergence through 48 inches	3 quarts per acre
Maximum preharvest application (See PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS section for Preharvest)	1 quart per acre

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY® CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use of this product in Roundup Ready® crops. See the "GENERAL INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on "Annual Maximum Application Rates." Refer to individual tank mixture product label for restrictions and precautions, use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the tank mixture.

Preplant, At-planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in a tank-mixture before, during or after planting.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with the products listed below. Ensure that the specific product used is labeled for alfalfa application. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water or 10 to 60 gallons of nitrogen solution per acre.

2,4-D, acetochlor, atrazine, carfentrazone-ethyl, clopyralid, flumetsulam, s-metolachlor, pendimethalin.

NOTE: For maximum weed control, a postemergence (in-crop) application of this product should be applied following the use of less than labeled rates of the preemergence residual products listed above.

Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in tank mixtures postemergence (in crop) to corn hybrids designated as Roundup Ready® Corn 2. When applied as directed, this product controls annual grass and broadleaf weeds listed on this label. Many perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds will be controlled or suppressed with one or more applications of this product. A postemergence application of this product should be made before the weeds reach a height of 4 inches or before they become competitive with the crop. If new flushes of weeds occur, a sequential application of this product at 24 to 32 fluid ounces per acre should be made before the weeds reach a height of 4 inches. This product may be broadcast over-the-top or applied with drop nozzles to Roundup Ready® Corn 2 from emergence through the V8 stage (8 leaves with collars) or until corn height reaches 30 inches (free standing), whichever comes first. Drop nozzles are recommended for optimum spray coverage and weed control when corn height is 24 to 30 inches. For corn heights 30 to 48 inches (freestanding), apply this product only by ground application using drop nozzles aligned to avoid spraying into the whorls of the corn plants.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products. Ensure that the specific product being used in the tank mixture is registered for application postemergence (in-crop) to corn. Read and follow label directions of all products in the tank mixture.

Atrazine, acetochlor, clopyralid, flumetsulam, halosulfuron methyl.

Tank Mix Partner	Maximum Height Of Corn For Application
Degree Degree Xtra Harness Harness Xtra Harness Xtra 5.6L	11 inches
Bullet* Micro-Tech*	5 inches
Atrazine	12 inches

*Bullet and Micro-Tech are not registered for use as a postemergence application in Texas.

The addition of 1 to 2 percent dry ammonium sulfate by weight or 8.5 to 17 pounds per 100 gallons of water may increase the performance of this product under hard water conditions, drought conditions or when tank mixed with Bullet® or Micro-Tech® herbicides.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Single in-crop applications of this product should not exceed 3 pints per acre. Sequential in-crop applications of this product from emergence through 48 inches in height must not exceed a total of 3 quarts per acre per growing season. Allow a minimum of 10 days between in-crop applications of this product. Allow a minimum of 50 days between application of this product in-crop and harvest of corn forage or grain. (For applications at preharvest timing, see Preharvest section of this label). The use of additional surfactants and other additives, including fertilizers and micro-nutrients, in the spray solution are not recommended with this product and may result in increased potential for crop injury or reduced yield, and is not recommended for over-the-top applications, unless otherwise directed in supplemental labeling.

Preharvest
USE INSTRUCTIONS: A single preharvest application of up to 32 fluid ounces per acre of this product may be applied for annual and perennial weed control prior to crop harvest. Make application at 35 percent grain moisture or less. Ensure that maximum kernel fill is complete and the corn is physiologically mature (black layer formed).

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not make a preharvest application of this product if more than a combined total of 64 fluid ounces of this product has been previously applied in over-the-top or drop nozzle applications. Allow a minimum of 7 days between a preharvest application and harvest or feeding of corn stover or grain.

Postharvest
USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for weed control after corn harvest. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds that were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegetation.

12.5 ROUNDUP READY® COTTON

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting, Postemergence (In-crop), Selective Equipment (In-Crop), Preharvest.

Annual Maximum Application Rates	
Combined total per year for all applications	8 quarts per acre
Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence applications	5 quarts per acre
Total in-crop applications from ground cracking to layby	4 quarts per acre
Maximum preharvest application rate	2 quarts per acre
Combined total in-crop application from emergence through harvest	6 quarts per acre

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY® CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use of this product in Roundup Ready® crops. See the "GENERAL INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on "Annual Maximum Application Rates." ALLOW A MINIMUM OF 7 DAYS BETWEEN APPLICATION AND HARVEST.

Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence
USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting. Tank mixtures with other herbicides listed in Section 8.3 of this label may be used.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with 2,4-D and Clarity and applied prior to planting only. This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied prior to crop emergence. Ensure that the specific product being used in the tank mixture is registered for application prior to the emergence of cotton. Read and follow label directions of all products in the tank mixture.

Diuron, fluometuron, metolachlor, pendimethalin

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: The maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all preplant, at-planting and preemergence applications combined is 5 quarts per acre per season.

Postemergence (In-crop)
USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied over the top of Roundup Ready® cotton at rates up to 1 quart per acre per application from the ground cracking stage until the 4-leaf (node) stage of development (until the fifth true leaf reaches the size of a quarter). Applications made after the 4-leaf (node) stage of development may result in boll loss, delayed maturity and/or yield loss.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied over the top of Roundup Ready® cotton: Ensure that the specific product being used in the tank mixture is registered for application postemergence (in-crop) to cotton. Read and follow label directions of all products in the tank mixture.

Clethodim, fluazifop P-butyl, s-metolachlor, sethoxydim, quizalofop-P-ethyl.

Dual Magnum applied over the top of Roundup Ready® cotton may cause leaf injury in the form of necrotic spotting to exposed cotton leaves.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: The maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all in-crop applications from ground-cracking to layby combined is 4 quarts per acre per season. No more than two over-the-top broadcast applications may be made from crop emergence through the 4-leaf (node) stage of development. No more than two applications should be made from the 5-leaf stage through layby. Sequential over-the-top or post-directed applications of this product in-crop must be at least 10 days apart and cotton must have at least two nodes of incremental growth between applications. Do not add additional surfactant or additives containing surfactant to this product (other than those contained in any tank-mix product) for over-the-top applications to Roundup Ready® cotton.

Salvage Treatment: This treatment may be used after the 4-leaf stage of development and should only be used where weeds threaten to cause the loss of the crop. One quart per acre may be applied either as an over-the-top application or as a post-directed treatment sprayed higher on the cotton plants and over the weeds. **NOTE:** SALVAGE TREATMENTS WILL RESULT IN SIGNIFICANT BOLL LOSS, DELAYED MATURITY AND/OR YIELD LOSS. NO MORE THAN ONE SALVAGE TREATMENT SHOULD BE USED PER GROWING SEASON.

Selective Equipment (In-crop)
USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied using precision post-directed or hooded sprayers at rates up to 1 quart per acre per application to Roundup Ready® cotton through layby. At this stage, use post-directed equipment to direct the spray to the base of the cotton plants. Avoid contact of the herbicide spray with the cotton leaves to the maximum extent possible. To minimize spray contact maintain low spray pressure (less than 30 pounds per square inch) and place nozzles in a low position, directing a horizontal spray pattern under the cotton leaves and onto weeds in the row. For best results, make applications while weeds are small (less than 3 inches). See additional instructions on the use of selective equipment in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

TANK MIXTURES: This product can be tank-mixed with the following products for in-crop application using precision post-directed or hooded sprayers. Ensure that the specific product being used in the tank mixture is registered for application postemergence (in-crop) to cotton. Read and follow label directions of all products in the tank mixture.

Diuron, fluometuron, linuron, pendimethalin, prometryn, pyrithiobac-sodium.

Staple may cause leaf yellowing and/or leaf crinkling when applied postemergence (in-crop)

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: The maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all in-crop applications from ground-cracking to layby combined is 4 quarts per acre per season. Sequential over-the-top or post-directed applications of this product in-crop must be at least 10 days apart and cotton must have at least two nodes of incremental growth between applications.

Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for annual and perennial weed control as a broadcast treatment prior to crop harvest after 20 percent boll crack. Apply up to 2 quarts of this product per acre. NOTE: This product will not enhance the performance of harvest aids when applied to Roundup Ready® cotton.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of cotton. Preharvest application is not recommended for cotton grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

ATTENTION: Use of this product in accordance with label directions is expected to result in normal growth of Roundup Ready® Cotton, however, due to the sensitivity of cotton fruiting to various environmental conditions, agronomic practices and other factors it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with this product, even when applications are made in conformance with the label specifications. In some cases, these factors can result in boll loss, delayed maturity and/or yield loss.

12.6 ROUNDUP READY® FLEX COTTON

The use of the over-the-top applications described in this section on other than Roundup Ready® Flex cotton will cause crop injury and reduced yields. Drift of this product from applications made to Roundup Ready® Flex cotton onto adjacent fields of post 4-leaf (node) Roundup Ready® cotton may cause extensive injury including boll loss, delayed maturity and/or yield loss.

Note: The instructions provided in this section are specific to, and should only be used with, varieties designated as Roundup Ready® Flex cotton. Do Not combine the instructions in this section, with those in the "Roundup Ready® Cotton" section (12.5) of this label, or with any other Roundup Ready® cotton or Roundup Ready® Flex cotton instructions on labeling for this or other glyphosate-containing product.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Postemergence (In-crop), Preharvest.

Annual Maximum Allowable Application Rates	
Combined total per year for all applications	8 quarts per acre
Preplant, At-planting, Preemergence applications	5 quarts per acre
Total in-crop applications from ground cracking to 60 percent open bolls	6 quarts per acre
Maximum allowed from 60 percent bolls open to 7 days prior to harvest	2 quarts per acre
Combined total in-crop application from emergence through harvest	6 quarts per acre

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY® CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready® crops. See the "GENERAL INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on "Annual Maximum Application Rates." Refer to individual tank mixture product label for restrictions and precautions, use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the tank mixture.

Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with 2,4-D or Clarity and applied prior to planting only. This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied prior to crop emergence. Ensure that the specific product being used in the tank mixture is registered for application prior to emergence of cotton. Read and follow label directions of all products in the tank mixture.

Diuron, fluometuron, metolachlor, pendimethalin, prometryn.

Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied to control annual grasses and broadleaf weeds listed on this label in Roundup Ready® Flex cotton. To maximize yield potential, spray cotton early to eliminate competing weeds. Many perennial weeds will be controlled or suppressed with one or more applications of this product. In general, an initial application of 1 quart per acre on 1 to 3 inch tall annual grass and broadleaf weeds is recommended. This product may be applied postemergence at rates up to 1.5 quarts per acre per application. In addition to broadcast applications, post-directed spray equipment may be used to achieve weed coverage.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied postemergence (in-crop) over the top of Roundup Ready® Flex cotton. Ensure that the specific product being used in the tank mixture is registered for application postemergence (in-crop) to cotton. Read and follow label directions of all products in the tank mixture.

Clethodim, fluazifop-P-butyl, metolachlor, pyrithiobac-sodium, quizalofop-p-ethyl, sethoxydim, s-metolachlor.

Staple may cause leaf yellowing and/or leaf crinkling when applied postemergence (in-crop). Dual Magnum applied over the top of Roundup Ready® cotton may cause leaf injury in the form of necrotic spotting to exposed cotton leaves.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: The maximum rate for any single in-crop application of this product is 1.5 quarts per acre made using ground application equipment. In-crop application rates above 1 quart per acre made alone or with the addition of other crop chemical products containing surfactant may cause a crop response including leaf speckling or leaf necrosis. Do not exceed a maximum rate of 1 quart per acre of this product when making applications

by air. Between layby and 60 percent open bolls, the maximum combined total rate of this product that may be applied is 2 quarts per acre. The maximum combined total of all applications made from crop emergence to 60 percent open bolls must not exceed 6 quarts per acre. Do not add additional surfactant or additives containing surfactant to this product for over-the-top applications to Roundup Ready® Flex cotton.

Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Up to 2 quarts of this product may be applied for annual and perennial weed control as a broadcast treatment prior to harvest after 60 percent boll crack. **NOTE:** This product will not enhance the performance of harvest aids when applied to Roundup Ready® Flex cotton.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest. Preharvest application is not recommended for cotton grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

ATTENTION: Use of this product in accordance with label directions is expected to result in normal growth of Roundup Ready® Flex Cotton, however, due to the sensitivity of cotton fruiting to various environmental conditions, agronomic practices and other factors it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with this product, even when applications are made in conformance with the label specifications. In some cases, these factors can result in boll loss, delayed maturity and/or yield loss.

12.7 ROUNDUP READY® SOYBEANS

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting, Postemergence (In-crop), Preharvest, Post-Harvest.

Annual Maximum Application Rates	
Combined total per year for all applications	8 quarts per acre

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY® CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready® crops. See the "GENERAL INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on "Annual Maximum Application Rates." Refer to individual tank mixture product label for restrictions and precautions, use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the tank mixture.

Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with 2,4-D, Banvel or Clarity and applied prior to planting only. This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied prior to crop emergence. Ensure that the specific product being used in the tank mixture is registered for application prior to emergence of soybeans. Read and follow label directions of all products in the tank mixture.

Alachlor, clomazone, imazathapyr, lactofen, linuron, metolachlor, metribuzin, pendimethalin.

Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to control annual grasses and broadleaf weeds listed on this label in Roundup Ready® soybeans. Applications of this product can be made from emergence (cracking) through flowering (R2 stage soybeans). R2 stage soybeans ends when a pod reaches 5 millimeters (0.2 inches) in length at one of the four uppermost nodes on the main stem with a fully developed leaf. Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" in this label for rate recommendations for specific annual weeds. In general, an initial application of 1 quart per acre on 2 to 8-inch tall weeds is recommended. Weeds will generally be 2 to 8 inches tall, 2 to 5 weeks after planting. If the initial application is delayed and weeds are larger, apply a higher rate of this product. This product may be used up to 2 quarts per acre in any single in-crop application for control of annual weeds and where dense weed populations exist.

A 1- to 2-quarts per acre rate (single or multiple applications) of this product will control or suppress perennial weeds such as: Bermudagrass, Canada thistle, common milkweed, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, horsenettle, marestail (horseweed), nutsedge, quackgrass, rhizome johnsongrass, redvine, trumpetcreeper, swamp smartweed and wirestem muhly. For best results, allow perennial weed species to achieve at least 6 inches of growth before spraying with this product.

Under adverse growing conditions such as drought, hail, wind damage or a poor soybean stand that slows or delays canopy closure, a sequential application of this may be necessary to control late flushes of weeds. IN THE SOUTHERN STATES, A SEQUENTIAL APPLICATION OF THIS PRODUCT WILL BE REQUIRED TO CONTROL NEW FLUSHES OF WEEDS IN THE ROUNDUP READY® SOYBEAN CROP. To control giant ragweed, it is recommended that 1 quart per acre of this product be applied when the weed is 8 to 12 inches tall to increase control and possibly avoid the need for a sequential application.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied postemergence (in-crop) over the top of Roundup Ready® soybeans. Ensure that the specific product being used in the tank mixture is registered for application postemergence (in-crop) to soybeans. Read and follow label directions of all products in the tank mixture.

Acifluorfen, clethodim, imazethapyr, fluazifop-p-butyl, imazethapyr, lactofen, pendimethalin, quizalofop-P-ethyl, sethoxydim.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: The combined total application from crop emergence through harvest must not exceed 3 quarts per acre. The maximum rate for any single in-crop application is 2 quarts per acre. The maximum combined total of this product that can be applied during flowering is 2 quarts per acre.

Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for weed control prior to harvest of soybeans after pods have set and lost all green color. Up to 1 quart per acre of this product can be applied by aerial or ground application.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Care should be taken to avoid excessive seed shatter loss due to ground application equipment. Allow a minimum of 14 days between final application and harvest of soybean grain or feeding of soybean grain, forage or hay.

Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of Roundup Ready® soybeans. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds that were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.

12.8 ROUNDUP READY® SUGAR BEET

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Postemergence (In-crop).

Maximum Annual Application Rates	
Combined total per year for all applications	8 quarts per acre
Preplant, At-planting, Preemergence applications	5 quarts per acre
Emergence to 8-leaf stage	2.5 quarts per acre
Between 8-leaf stage and canopy closure	2 quarts per acre

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY® CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready® crops. See the "GENERAL INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on "Annual Maximum Application Rates." Refer to individual tank mixture product label for restrictions and precautions, use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the tank mixture.

Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied prior to crop emergence. Ensure that the specific product being used in the tank mixture is registered for application prior to emergence of sugar beet. Read and follow label directions of all products in the tank mixture.

Dimethenamid, s-metolachlor.

Postemergence (In-Crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied over-the-top of Roundup Ready® sugar beets for control of annual grasses and broadleaf weeds from emergence to 30 days prior to harvest. To maximize yield potential spray sugar beets early to eliminate competing weeds. Up to 4 sequential applications of this product may be made with at least 10 days between applications. Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" in this label for rate recommendations for specific annual weeds. This product will control or suppress most perennial weeds. For some perennial weeds, repeat applications may be required to eliminate crop competition throughout the growing season.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied postemergence (in-crop) over the top of Roundup Ready® sugar beet. Ensure that the specific product being used in the tank mixture is registered for application postemergence (in-crop) to sugar beet. Read and follow label directions of all products in the tank mixture.

Clethodim, quizalofop-p-ethyl, sethoxydim.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: The combined total application from crop emergence through harvest must not exceed 4.5 quarts per acre. The maximum rate for any single application from crop emergence until the 8-leaf stage is 1.5 quarts per acre. The maximum rate for any single application between the 8-leaf stage and canopy closure is 1 quart per acre. Allow a minimum of 30 days between last application and sugar beet harvest.

13.0 NON-CROP USES AROUND THE FARMSTEAD

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: General Weed Control, Trim-and-Edge, Greenhouse/Shadehouse, Chemical Mowing, Cut Stump, Habitat Management.

13.1 GENERAL WEED CONTROL, TRIM-AND-EDGE

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to control annual weeds, perennial weeds and woody brush found in any part of the farmstead, including around building foundations and equipment storage areas, along and in fences, in dry ditches and canals, along ditchbanks, farm roads, rangeland, rights-of-way, shelterbelts, and prior to planting landscape ornamentals. Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS" and "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE SECTIONS" in this label for treatment rates. For application through backpack sprayers, handguns or other high-volume spray-to-wet applications, see the "Annual Weeds —Hand-Held or Backpack Equipment" section of this label for further instructions.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with the following products, provided that the specific product used is registered for treatment of these non-crop sites. Refer to the individual product labels for approved farmstead sites and application rates. For more information, see the "TANK MIXTURES" and "TANK MIXING PROCEDURES" sections of this label.

Arsenal, Diuron, Dicamba, Krovar I DF, Escort, Pendimethalin, Oust, Simazine, Princep DF, Princep 4L, Surflan AS, 2,4-D

This product plus dicamba tank mixtures may not be applied by air in California.

13.2 GREENHOUSE/SHADEHOUSE

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to control weeds in and around greenhouses and shade houses.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Desirable vegetation must not be present during application. Air circulation fans must be turned off. Do not use in residential greenhouses.

13.3 CHEMICAL MOWING

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product will suppress perennial grasses listed in this section to serve as a substitute for mowing. Use 6 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating Kentucky bluegrass. Use 8 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating tall fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass, bahiagrass or quackgrass covers. Use 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating Bermudagrass. Use 64 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating torpedograss or paragrass. Apply treatments in 10 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre. Chemical mowing applications may be made along farm ditches and other parts of farmsteads.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Use only in areas where some temporary injury or discoloration of perennial grasses can be tolerated.

13.4 CUT STUMP

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Treating cut stumps in any non-crop site listed on this label.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product will control regrowth of cut stumps and resprouts of many types of woody brush and tree species, some of which are listed below. Apply this product using suitable equipment to ensure coverage of the entire cambium. Cut trees or resprouts close to the soil surface. Apply a 50 to 100 percent solution of this product to the freshly cut surface immediately after cutting. Delays in application may result in reduced performance. For best results, applications should be made during periods of active growth and full leaf expansion.

Alder	Madrone	Pepper, brazilian	Reed, giant	Sweetgum	Willow
Eucalyptus	Oak	Pine, Austrian	Salt-cedar	Tan oak	

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not make cut stump applications when the roots of desirable woody brush or trees may be grafted to the roots of the cut stump. Some sprouts, stems, or trees may share the same root system. Adjacent trees having a similar age, height and spacing may signal shared roots. Whether grafted or shared, injury is likely to occur to non-treated stems/trees when one or more trees sharing common roots are treated.

13.5 HABITAT MANAGEMENT

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Habitat Restoration and Maintenance, Wildlife Food Plots.

Habitat Restoration and Maintenance

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to control exotic and other undesirable vegetation in habitat management areas. Applications can be made to allow recovery of native plant species, prior to planting desirable native species, and for similar broad-spectrum vegetation control requirements in habitat management areas. Spot treatments can be made to selectively remove unwanted plants for habitat maintenance and enhancement.

Wildlife Food Plots

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used as a site preparation treatment to control annual and perennial weeds prior to planting wildlife food plots. Any wildlife food species, including Roundup Ready® canola, may be planted after applying this product, or native species may be allowed to repopulate the area. If tillage is needed to prepare a seedbed, wait 7 days after application before tillage. For specific product instructions for Roundup Ready® canola wildlife food plots, see the "ROUNDUP READY® CANOLA" section of this label.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not process treated Roundup Ready® canola seeds from Roundup Ready® canola wildlife food plots for food. Do not graze or feed treated Roundup Ready® canola from wildlife food plots to livestock. There are no rotational restrictions for planting any wildlife food species or for allowing native species to repopulate the area following applications of this product.

14.0 ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION

When water carrier volumes are between 16 and 40 gallons per acre for ground applications and between 6 and 15 gallons per acre for aerial applications, the following use rates will control the annual weeds listed in the table below:

- 1 quart per acre - grass and broadleaf annual weeds less than 6 inches in height or circumference and vines less than 3 inches in length.
- 3 pints per acre - grass and broadleaf annual weeds 6 to 12 inches in height or circumference and vines 3 to 6 inches in length.
- 2 quarts per acre - grass and broadleaf annual weeds greater than 12 inches in height or circumference and vines greater than 6 inches in length.

WHEN WATER CARRIER VOLUMES ARE BETWEEN 3 AND 15 GALLONS PER ACRE FOR GROUND APPLICATIONS AND BETWEEN 3 AND 5 GALLONS PER ACRE FOR AERIAL APPLICATIONS, USE THE RATES SPECIFIED FOR INDIVIDUAL WEEDS AS FOLLOWS IN THE "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE (Alphabetically by Species)".

Apply to actively growing annual weeds. Annual weeds are generally easiest to control when they are small.

Older, mature (hardened) annual weed species may require higher rates even if they meet the size requirements.

Maximum size refers to the maximum plant height, length of runners for vines, or circumference of rosette plants in inches.

Do not tank mix with soil residual herbicides when using these rates unless otherwise specified.

For weeds that have been mowed, grazed or cut, allow regrowth to occur prior to treatment.

This product may be used up to 64 fluid ounces per acre where heavy weed densities exist.

ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE (Alphabetically by Species)

	RATE (fluid ounces per acre)				
	16	24	32	40	48
WEED SPECIES	Maximum size (in inches)				
Ammannia, purple	3	6	12	–	18
Anoda, spurred	–	2	3	5	8
Barley	18	18+	–	–	–
Barnyardgrass	–	3	6	7	9
Bassia, fivehook	–	–	6	–	–
Beggarweed, Florida	–	5	8	–	–
Bittercress	12	20	–	–	–
Bluegrass, annual	10	–	–	–	–
Bluegrass, bulbous	6	–	–	–	–

(continued)

ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE (Alphabetically by Species) *continued*

WEED SPECIES	RATE (fluid ounces per acre) Maximum size (in inches) 16	24	32	40	48
Brome, downy[1,2]	6	12	–	–	–
Brome, Japanese	6	12	24	–	–
Browntop panicum	6	8	12	–	24
Buckwheat, wild[3]	–	1	2	–	–
Burcucumber	–	6	12	–	18
Buttercup	12	20	–	–	–
Carolina geranium	–	–	4	–	9
Carpetweed	–	6	12	–	–
Cheat[2]	6	20	–	–	–
Chervil	20	–	–	–	–
Chickweed	–	12	18	–	–
Cocklebur	12	18	24	–	36
Copperleaf, hophornbean	–	2	4	–	6
Copperleaf, Virginia	–	2	4	–	6
Coreopsis, plains	–	6	12	–	18
Corn, volunteer	6	12	20	–	–
Corn speedwell	12	–	–	–	–
Crabgrass	3	6	12	–	–
Crowfootgrass	–	–	6	–	12
Cutleaf evening primrose	–	–	3	–	6
Devilsclaw (unicorn plant)	–	3	6	–	–
Dwarfdandelion	12	–	–	–	–
Eastern mannagrass	8	12	–	–	–
Eclipta	–	4	8	12	–
Fall panicum	4	–	6	–	12
Falsedandelion	–	20	–	–	–
Falseflax, smallseed	12	–	–	–	–
Fiddleneck	–	6	12	–	–
Field pennycress	6	12	–	–	–
Filaree	–	–	6	–	12
Fleabane, annual	6	20	–	–	–
Fleabane, hairy (Conyza bonariensis)	–	–	6	–	10
Fleabane, rough	3	6	12	–	–
Florida pusley	–	–	4	–	6
Foxtail, giant, bristly, yellow	6	12	20	–	–
Foxtail, Carolina	10	–	–	–	–
Foxtail, green	12	–	–	–	–
Goatgrass, jointed	6	12	–	–	–
Goosegrass	–	3	6	–	12
Grain sorghum (milo)	6	12	20	–	–
Groundcherry	–	3	6	–	9
Groundsel, common	–	6	10	–	–
Hemp sesbania	–	2	4	6	8
Henbit	–	–	6	–	12
Horseweed/Marestail (Conyza Canadensis)*	–	6	12	–	18
Itchgrass	6	8	12	–	18
Jimsonweed	–	–	12	–	18
Johnsongrass,seedling	6	12	18	–	24
Junglerice	–	3	6	7	9
Knotweed	–	–	6	–	12
Kochia[4]	–	3 to 6	12	–	–
Lambsquarters*	–	6	12	–	20
Little barley	6	12	–	–	–

(continued)

ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE (Alphabetically by Species) *continued*

WEED SPECIES	RATE (fluid ounces per acre) Maximum size (in inches)				
	16	24	32	40	48
London rocket	6	–	24	–	–
Mayweed	–	2	6	12	18
Morningglory, annual (Ipomoea spp)	–	–	3	–	6
Mustard, blue	6	12	18	–	–
Mustard, tansy	6	12	18	–	–
Mustard, tumble	6	12	18	–	–
Mustard, wild	6	12	18	–	–
Nightshade, black	–	4	6	–	12
Nightshade, hairy	–	4	6	–	12
Oats	3	6	18	–	–
Pigweed, Palmer*	–	12	18	24	–
Pigweed species*	–	12	18	24	–
Prickly lettuce	–	6	12	–	–
Purslane	–	–	3	–	6
Ragweed, common*	–	6	12	–	18
Ragweed, giant*	–	6	12	–	18
Red rice	–	–	4	–	–
Rye, volunteer/cereal[2]	6	18	18+	–	–
Ryegrass species*	–	–	6	–	12
Sandbur, field	6	12	–	–	–
Sandbur, longspine	6	12	–	–	–
Shattercane	6	12	20	–	–
Shepherd's-purse	6	12	–	–	–
Sicklepod	–	2	4	–	8
Signalgrass, broadleaf	–	3	6	7	9
Smartweed, ladysthumb	–	–	6	–	9
Smartweed, Pennsylvania	–	–	6	–	9
Sowthistle, annual	–	–	6	–	12
Spanishneedles	–	–	6	–	12
Speedwell, purslane	12	–	–	–	–
Sprangletop	6	12	20	–	–
Spurge, prostrate	–	6	12	–	–
Spurge, spotted	–	6	12	–	–
Spurry, umbrella	6	–	–	–	–
Stinkgrass	–	12	–	–	–
Sunflower	12	18	–	–	–
Swinecress	–	5	12	–	–
Teaweed/ Prickly sida	–	2	4	–	6
Texas panicum	6	8	12	–	24
Thistle, Russians	–	6	12	–	–
Velvetleaf	–	–	6	–	12
Virginia pepperweed	–	18	–	–	–
Waterhemp*	–	–	6	–	12
Wheat[2]	6	12	18	–	–
Wheat, (overwintered)	–	6	12	–	18
Wild oats	3	6	18	–	–
Wild proso millet	–	6	12	–	18
Witchgrass	–	12	–	–	–
Woolly cupgrass	–	6	12	–	–
Yellow rocket	–	12	20	–	–

[1]For control of downy brome in no-till systems, use 24 fluid ounces per acre.

[2]Performance is better if application is made before this weed reaches the boot stage of growth.

[3]Use 24 fluid ounces per acre of this product to control wild buckwheat in the cotyledon to 2-leaf stage. Use 32 fluid ounces per acre to control 2- to 4-leaf wild buckwheat. For improved control of wild buckwheat over 2 inches in size, use sequential treatments of 32 fluid ounces followed by 32 fluid ounces of this product per acre.

[4]Do not treat kochia in the button stage.

[5]Control of Russian thistle may vary based on environmental conditions and spray coverage. Whenever possible, a tank mixture with 2,4-D as described below may improve control.

*A glyphosate resistant biotype has been confirmed. For additional information, refer to the "WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT" section of this label. You may also visit www.weedscience.org or www.weedresistancemanagement.com for more information.

14.1 ANNUAL WEEDS - TANK MIXTURES WITH 2,4-D OR DICAMBA OR TORDON 22K

Better control of certain tough weeds can be achieved by tank mixing this product with 0.25 pound of dicamba, 0.5 pound of 2,4-D or 1 to 2 fluid ounces of Tordon 22K per acre. These other herbicides, combined with the rates of this product specified in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE" above, will control the following weeds up to the maximum height or length indicated: 6" — prickly lettuce, marestail/horseweed, morning glory, kochia (dicamba only), wild buckwheat (Tordon 22K only); 12" — cocklebur, lambsquarters, pigweed, Russian thistle (2,4-D only).

For better control of common ragweed, giant ragweed, Pennsylvania smartweed, or velvetleaf with a maximum height of 6-inches, tank mix this product with 0.5 pound of 2,4-D per acre.

Ensure that the specific product is registered for application at the desired site. Follow all precautions and limitations on the tank mix product's label, including application timing restrictions, soil restrictions, minimum re-cropping interval and rotational guidelines. Some crop injury may occur if dicamba or Tordon 22K is applied within 45 days of planting.

DO NOT APPLY DICAMBA TANK MIXTURES BY AIR IN CALIFORNIA.

14.2 ANNUAL WEEDS - HAND-HELD OR BACKPACK EQUIPMENT

For control of weeds listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE" above, apply a 0.5-percent solution of this product to weeds less than 6 inches in height or runner length. Apply prior to seedhead formation in grass or bud formation in broadleaf weeds. For annual weeds over 6 inches tall, or unless otherwise specified, use a 1-percent solution.

For best results, use a 2-percent solution on harder-to-control perennials, such as Bermudagrass, dock, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, milkweed and Canada thistle.

When using application methods that result in less than complete coverage, use a 5-percent solution for annual and perennial weeds and a 5- to 10-percent solution for woody brush and trees.

14.3 ANNUAL WEEDS - TANK MIXTURES WITH ATRAZINE FOR FALLOW AND REDUCED TILLAGE SYSTEMS

For use only in Colorado, Kansas, Nebraska, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, and Washington. In Oregon and Washington, do not exceed 1 pound of atrazine per acre.

Applications of 24 to 28 fluid ounces of this product plus 1 to 2 pounds of atrazine per acre will control the following weeds: Barnyardgrass (requires 28 ounces for control), Downy brome, Green foxtail, Lambsquarters, Prickly lettuce, Tansy mustard, Pigweed, Field sandbur, Stinkgrass, Russian thistle, Volunteer wheat, Witchgrass and Kochia (add 0.12 pound of dicamba for control).

Ensure that the specific product is registered for application at the desired site. Follow all precautions and limitations on the tank mix product's label, including application timing restrictions, soil restrictions, minimum re-cropping interval and rotational guidelines.

15.0 PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION

Apply to actively growing perennial weeds.

NOTE: If weeds have been mowed or tilled, do not treat until plants have resumed active growth and have reached the recommended stages.

Repeat treatments may be necessary to control weeds regenerating from underground parts or seed.

Repeat treatments must be made prior to crop emergence.

Unless otherwise stated, allow 7 or more days after application before tillage. Best results are obtained when soil moisture is adequate for active weed growth.

PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE (Alphabetically by Species)

WEED SPECIES	RATE (QT/A)	Water Volume (GPA)	Hand-Held % Solution
Alfalfa	1 – 2	3 – 10	2%
Make applications after the last hay cutting in the fall. Allow alfalfa to regrow to a height of 6 to 8 inches or more prior to treatment. Applications should be followed with deep tillage at least 7 days after treatment, but before soil freeze-up.			
Alligatorweed	4	3 – 20	1.5%
For partial control, apply when most of the plants are in bloom. Repeat applications will be required to achieve control.			
Anise (fennel)	–	–	1 - 2%
Apply as a spray-to-wet treatment.			
Bahiagrass[2]	3 – 5	3-20	2%

(continued)

PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE (Alphabetically by Species) *continued*

WEED SPECIES	RATE (QT/A)	Water Volume (GPA)	Hand-Held % Solution
Bentgrass	3 – 5	10 – 20	2%
For suppression in grass seed production areas. For ground applications only. Ensure entire crown area has resumed growth prior to a fall application. Bentgrass should have at least 3 inches of growth. Tillage prior to treatment should be avoided. Tillage 7 to 10 days after application is recommended for best results.			
Bermudagrass	3 – 5	3 – 20	2%
For control, apply 5 quarts of this product per acre. For partial control apply 3 quarts per acre. Treat when Bermudagrass is actively growing and seedheads are present. Retreatment may be necessary to achieve control.			
Bermudagrass, water (knotgrass)	1 – 1.5	5 – 10	2%
Apply 3 pints of this product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply when water Bermudagrass is 12 to 18 inches in length. Allow 7 or more days before tilling, flushing or flooding the field.			
Fall applications only: Apply 1 quart of this product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Fallow fields should be tilled prior to application. Apply prior to frost on water Bermudagrass that is 12 to 18 inches in length.			
This product is not registered in California for use on water Bermudagrass.			
Bindweed, field	0.5 – 5	3 – 20	2%
Do not treat when weeds are under drought stress as good soil moisture is necessary for active growth.			
For control, apply 4 to 5 quarts of this product per acre west of the Mississippi River and 3 to 4 quarts per acre east of the Mississippi River. Apply when the weeds are at or beyond full bloom. For best results, apply in late summer or fall. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost.			
Also for control, apply 2 quarts of this product plus 0.5 pound of dicamba in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply by air.			
For suppression on irrigated agricultural land, apply 1 to 2 quarts of this product plus 1 pound of 2,4-D in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre with ground equipment only. Applications should be made following harvest or in fall fallow ground when the bindweed is actively growing and the majority of runners are 12 inches or more in length. Irrigate at least once to promote active bindweed growth.			
For suppression, apply 1 pint of this product plus 0.5 pound of 2,4-D, in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre for ground applications, and 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. Apply by air in fallow and reduced tillage systems only. Applications should be delayed until maximum emergence has occurred and when vines are between 6 to 18 inches in length.			
In California only, apply 1 to 5 quarts of this product per acre. Actual rate needed for suppression or control will vary within this range depending on local conditions. For suppression on irrigated land where annual tillage is performed, apply 1 quart of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.			
Apply to bindweed that has reached a length of 12 inches or greater. Allow maximum weed emergence and runner growth. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.			
Bluegrass, Kentucky	1 – 2	3 – 40	2%
Apply 2 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when most plants have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development. For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 1 to 1.5 quarts of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached 4 to 12 inches in height.			
Blueweed, Texas	3 – 5	3 – 40	2%
Apply 4 to 5 quarts of this product per acre west of the Mississippi River and 3 to 4 quarts per acre east of the Mississippi River. Apply when plants are at or beyond full bloom. New leaf development indicates active growth. For best results, apply in late summer or fall. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost.			
Brackenfern	3 – 4	3 – 40	1 – 1.5%
Apply to fully expanded fronds that are at least 18 inches long.			
Bromegrass, smooth	1 – 2	3 – 40	2%
Apply 2 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when most plants have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development. For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 1 to 1.5 quarts of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached 4 to 12 inches in height.			
Bursage, woolly-leaf	–	3 – 20	2%
For control, apply 2 quarts of this product plus 0.5 pound of dicamba per acre. For partial control, apply 1 quart of this product plus 1/2 pound of dicamba per acre. Apply when plants are producing new active growth which has been initiated by moisture for at least 2 weeks and when plants are at or beyond flowering.			
Canarygrass, reed[2]	2 – 3	3 – 40	2%
Cattail[2]	3 – 5	3 – 40	2%
Clover; red or white[1]	3 – 5	3 – 20	2%
Also for control, apply 16 to 32 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 to 1 pound of 2,4-D, in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.			
Cogongrass	3 – 5	10 – 40	2%
Apply when cogongrass is at least 18 inches tall in late summer or fall. Due to uneven stages of growth and the dense nature of vegetation preventing good spray coverage, repeat treatments may be necessary to achieve control.			

(continued)

PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE (Alphabetically by Species) *continued*

WEED SPECIES	RATE (QT/A)	Water Volume (GPA)	Hand-Held % Solution
Dallisgrass[2]	3 – 5	3 – 20	2%
Dandelion[1]	3 – 5	3 – 40	2%
Also for control, apply 1 pint of this product plus 0.5 pound of 2,4-D, in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.			
Dock, curly[1]	3 – 5	3 – 40	2%
Also for control, apply 1 to 2 pints of this product plus 0.5 to 1 pound of 2,4-D, in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.			
Dogbane, hemp	4	3 – 40	2%
Apply when most plants have reached the late bud to flower stage of growth. Following crop harvest or mowing, allow weeds to regrow to a mature stage prior to treatment. For best results, apply in late summer or fall.			
For suppression, apply 1 pint of this product plus 0.5 pound of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre for ground applications, and 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. Delay applications until maximum emergence of dogbane has occurred.			
Fescue (except tall)[1]	3 – 5	3 – 20	2%
Fescue, tall	1 – 3	3 – 40	2%
Apply 3 quarts of this product per acre when most plants have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development.			
Fall applications only: Apply 1 quart of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to fescue in the fall when plants have 6 to 12 inches of new growth. A sequential application of 1 pint per acre of this product will improve long-term control and control seedlings germinating after fall treatments or the following spring.			
Guineagrass	2 – 3	3 – 40	1%
Apply when most plants have reached at least the 7-leaf stage of growth. Ensure thorough coverage when using hand-held equipment. In Texas and ridge of Florida, use 2 quarts of this product per acre for control. In the flatwoods region of Florida, 3 quarts of this product per acre are required for control.			
Horsenettle[1]	3 – 5	3 – 20	2%
Horseradish	4	3 – 40	2%
Apply when most plants have reached the late bud to flower stage of growth. For best results, apply in late summer or fall.			
Iceplant[1]	-	-	1.5 – 2%
Thorough coverage is necessary for best control.			
Jerusalem artichoke[1]	3 – 5	3 – 20	2%
Johnsongrass	0.5 – 3	3 – 40	1%
In annual cropping systems, apply 1 to 2 quarts of this product per acre. Apply 1 quart of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Use 2 quarts of this product when applying 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. In non-crop areas, or areas where annual tillage (no-till) is not practiced, apply 2 to 3 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre.			
For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-to-head stage of growth or in the fall prior to frost. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage. Do not tank mix with residual herbicides when using 1 quart of this product per acre.			
For burndown of Johnsongrass, apply 1 pint of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre before the plants reach a height of 12 inches. For this use, allow at least 3 days after treatment before tillage.			
Spot treatment (partial control or suppression)—Apply a 1-percent solution of this product when Johnsongrass is 12 to 18 inches in height. Coverage should be uniform and complete.			
Kikuyugrass	2 – 3	3 – 40	2%
Spray when most kikuyugrass is at least 8 inches in height (3- or 4-leaf stage of growth). Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.			
Knapweed	4	3 – 40	2%
Apply when most plants have reached the late bud to flower stage of growth. For best results, apply in late summer or fall.			
Lantana	-	-	1 - 1.25%
Apply at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. Use the higher application rate for plants that have reached the woody stage of growth.			
Lespedeza[1]	3 – 5	3 – 20	2%
Milkweed, common	3	3 – 40	2%
Apply when most plants have reached the late bud to flower stage of growth.			
Muhly, wirestem	1 – 2	3 – 40	2%
Use 1 quart of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Use 2 quarts of this product when applying 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre or in pasture, sod, or non-crop areas. Spray when the wirestem muhly is 8 inches or more in height. Do not till between harvest and fall applications, or in the fall or spring prior to spring applications. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.			
Mullein, common	3 – 5	3 – 20	2%
Napiergrass[2]	3 – 5	3 – 20	2%
Nightshade, silverleaf	2	3 – 10	2%
Applications should be made when at least 60 percent of the plants have berries. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost.			

(continued)

PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE (Alphabetically by Species) *continued*

WEED SPECIES	RATE (QT/A)	Water Volume (GPA)	Hand-Held % Solution
Nutsedge, purple or yellow	0.5 – 3	3 – 40	1 - 2 %

Apply 3 quarts of this product per acre or apply a 1 to 2 percent solution for control of nutsedge plants and immature nutlets attached to treated plants. Treat when plants are in flower or when new nutlets can be found at rhizome tips. Nutlets that have not germinated will not be controlled and may germinate following treatment. Repeat treatments will be required for long-term control of ungerminated tubers.

Sequential applications: 1 to 2 quarts of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre will also provide control. Make applications when a majority of the plants are in the 3- to 5-leaf stage (less than 6 inches tall). Repeat this application, as necessary, when newly emerging plants reach the 3- to 5-leaf stage. Subsequent applications will be necessary for long-term control.

For partial control of existing plants, apply 1 pint to 2 quarts of this product in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Treat when plants have 3 to 5 leaves and most are less than 6 inches tall. Repeat treatments will be required to control subsequent emerging plants or regrowth of existing plants.

Orchardgrass	1 – 2	3 – 40	2%

Apply 2 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when most plants have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development. For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 1 to 1.5 quarts of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached 4 to 12 inches in height.

Orchardgrass sods going to no-till corn: Apply 1 to 1.5 quarts of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to orchardgrass that is a minimum of 12 inches tall for spring applications, and 6 inches tall for fall applications. Allow at least 3 days following application before planting. A sequential application of atrazine will be necessary for optimum results.

Pampasgrass	–	–	1.5 – 2%

Pampasgrass should be at or beyond the boot stage of growth. Thorough coverage is necessary for best control.

Paragrass[2]	3 – 5	3 – 20	2%
Phragmites	3 – 5	10 – 40	1 – 2%

For partial control and best results, treat during late summer or fall when plants are actively growing and in full bloom. Treatment before or after this stage may result in reduced control. Due to the dense nature of this vegetation that may prevent good spray coverage or uneven stages of growth, repeat treatments may be necessary to achieve control. Visual control symptoms will be slow to develop.

Poison hemlock	–	–	1 – 2%

For hand-held, apply as a spray-to-wet treatment. Optimum results are obtained when plants are treated at the bud to full-bloom stage of growth. Thorough coverage is necessary for best control.

Pokeweed, common	1	3 – 40	2%

Apply to actively growing plants up to 24 inches tall.

Quackgrass	1 – 3	3 – 40	2%

In annual cropping systems, or in pastures and sods followed by deep tillage: Apply 1 quart of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. For 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre, apply 2 quarts of this product. Do not tank mix with residual herbicides when using the 1-quart rate. Spray when quackgrass is 6 to 8 inches in height. Do not till between harvest and fall applications or in fall or spring prior to spring application. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

In pastures or sods, use a moldboard plow for best results. In pastures, sods or non-crop areas where deep tillage does not follow application: Apply 2 to 3 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when the quackgrass is greater than 8 inches tall.

Redvine	0.75 – 2	5 – 10	2%

For suppression, apply 1.5 pints of this product per acre at each of two applications 7 to 14 days apart or a single application of 2 quarts per acre. Apply recommended rates in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply in late September or early October to plants that are at least 18 inches tall and have been growing 45 to 60 days since the last tillage operation. Make applications at least 1 week before a killing frost.

Reed, giant	–	–	2%

Best results are obtained when applications are made in late summer to fall.

Ryegrass, perennial	1 – 3	3 – 40	1%

In annual cropping systems, apply 1 to 2 quarts of this product per acre. Apply 1 quart of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Use 2 quarts of this product when applying 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. In non-crop areas, or areas where annual tillage (no-till) is not practiced, apply 2 to 3 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre.

For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-to-head stage of growth or in the fall prior to frost. Do not tank-mix with residual herbicides when using 1 quart of this product per acre.

Smartweed, swamp	3 – 5	3 – 40	2%

Also for control, apply 1 pint of this product plus 0.5 pound of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre in the late summer or fall.

Sowthistle, perennial	2 – 3	3 – 40	2%

Apply when most plants are at or beyond the bud stage of growth. After harvest, mowing or tillage in the late summer or fall, allow at least 4 weeks for initiation of active growth and rosette development prior to the application of this product. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

Spurge, leafy	–	3 – 10	2%

For suppression, apply 1 pint of this product plus 0.5 pound of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre in the late summer or fall. If mowing has occurred prior to treatment, apply when most plants are 12 inches tall.

Starthistle, yellow	2	10 – 40	2%

Best results are obtained when applications are made during the rosette, bolting and early flower stages.

(continued)

PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE (Alphabetically by Species) *continued*

WEED SPECIES	RATE (QT/A)	Water Volume (GPA)	Hand-Held % Solution
Sweet potato, wild	–	–	2%
For partial control, apply to plants, that are at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. Repeat applications may be required.			
Thistle, artichoke	–	–	2%
For partial control, apply to plants that are at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. Repeat applications may be required.			
Thistle, Canada	2 – 3	3 – 40	2%
Apply when most plants are at or beyond the bud stage of growth. After harvest, mowing or tillage in the late summer or fall, allow at least 4 weeks for initiation of active growth and rosette development prior to the application of this product. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.			
For suppression in the spring, apply 1 quart of this product, or 1 pint of this product plus 0.5 pound of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Allow rosette regrowth to a minimum of 6 inches in diameter before treating. Applications can be made as long as leaves are still green and plants are actively growing at the time of application. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.			
Timothy[2]	2 – 3	3 – 40	2%
Torpedograss	4 – 5	3 – 40	2%
For partial control, apply when most plants are at or beyond the seedhead stage of growth. Repeat applications will be required to achieve control. Fall treatments must be applied before frost.			
Trumpetcreeper	2	5 – 10	2%
For partial control, apply in late September or October to plants that are at least 18 inches tall and have been growing 45 to 60 days since the last tillage operation. Make applications at least 1 week before a killing frost.			
Vaseygrass[2]	3 – 5	3 – 20	2%
Velvetgrass[2]	3 – 5	3 – 20	2%
Wheatgrass, western[2]	2 – 3	3 – 40	2%

[1] Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage of growth.

[2] Apply when most plants have reached the early heading stage of growth.

16.0 WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE SECTION

Apply this product after full leaf expansion, unless otherwise directed. Use the higher rate for larger plants and/or dense areas of growth. On vines, use the higher rate for plants that have reached the woody stage of growth. Best results are obtained when application is made in late summer or fall after fruit formation.

In arid areas, best results are obtained when applications are made in the spring to early summer when brush species are at high moisture content and are flowering.

Unless otherwise directed, apply broadcast treatments in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Ensure thorough coverage when using hand-held equipment. Symptoms may not appear prior to frost or senescence with fall treatments.

Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage, mowing or removal. Repeat treatments may be necessary to control plants regenerating from underground parts or seed. Some autumn colors on undesirable deciduous species are acceptable provided no major leaf drop has occurred. Reduced performance may result if fall treatments are made following a frost.

WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLE (Alphabetically by Species)

WEED SPECIES	RATE (QT/A)	Water Volume (GPA)	Hand-Held % Solution
Alder	3 – 4	3 – 40	1 – 1.5%
Ash[1]	2 – 5	3 – 40	1 – 2%
Aspen, quaking	2 – 3	3 – 40	1 – 1.5%
Bearmat (Bearclover)[1]	2 – 5	3 – 40	1 – 2%
Beech[1]	2 – 5	3 – 40	1 – 2%
Birch	2 – 3	3 – 40	1 – 1.5%
Blackberry	3 – 4	10 – 40	1 – 1.5%
Make applications after plants have reached full leaf maturity. Best results are obtained when applications are made in late summer or fall. Applications may also be made after leaf drop and until a killing frost or as long as stems are green. After berries have set or dropped in late fall, blackberry can be controlled by applying a 0.75 percent solution of this product. For control of blackberries after leaf drop and until killing frost or as long as stems are green, apply 3 to 4 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre.			

(continued)

WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLE (Alphabetically by Species) *continued*

WEED SPECIES	RATE (QT/A)	Water Volume (GPA)	Hand-Held % Solution
Blackgum	2 - 5	3 - 40	1 - 2%
Bracken	2 - 5	3 - 40	1 - 2%
Broom; French, Scotch	-	-	1.5 - 2%
Buckwheat, California[1,2]	-	-	1 - 2%
Cascara[1]	2 - 5	3 - 40	1 - 2%
Catsclaw[1]	-	-	1 - 1.5%
Ceanothus[1]	2 - 5	3 - 40	1 - 2%
Chamise[2]	-	-	1%
Cherry; bitter, black, pin	2 - 3	3 - 40	1 - 1.5%
Coyote brush	-	-	1.5 - 2%
Apply when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.			
Dogwood[1]	2 - 5	3 - 40	1 - 2%
Elderberry	2 - 3	3 - 40	1 - 1.5%
Elm[1]	2 - 5	3 - 40	1 - 2%
Eucalyptus	-	-	2%
For control of eucalyptus resprouts, apply when resprouts are 6 to 12 feet tall. Ensure complete coverage. Avoid application to drought-stressed plants.			
Florida holly (Brazilian Peppertree)[1]	2 - 5	3 - 40	1 - 2%
Gorse[1]	2 - 5	3 - 40	1 - 2%
Hasardia[1,2]	-	-	1 - 2%
Hawthorn	2 - 3	3 - 40	1 - 1.5%
Hazel	2 - 3	3 - 40	1 - 1.5%
Hickory[1]	2 - 5	3 - 40	1 - 2%
Honeysuckle	3 - 4	3 - 40	1 - 1.5%
Hornbeam, American[1]	2 - 5	3 - 40	1 - 2%
Kudzu	4 - 5	3 - 40	2%
Repeat applications may be required to achieve control.			
Locust, black[1]	2 - 4	3 - 40	1 - 2%
Madrone resprouts[1]	-	-	2%
Apply to resprouts that are 3 to 6 feet tall. Best results are obtained with spring/early summer treatments.			
Manzanita[1]	2 - 5	3 - 40	1 - 2%
Maple, red	2 - 4	3 - 40	1 - 1.5%
Apply a 1 to 1.5 percent solution when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed. For partial control, apply 2 to 4 quarts of this product per acre.			
Maple, sugar	-	-	1 - 1.5%
Apply when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.			
Monkey flower[1,2]	-	-	1 - 2%

(continued)

WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLE (Alphabetically by Species) *continued*

WEED SPECIES	RATE (QT/A)	Water Volume (GPA)	Hand-Held % Solution
Oak; black, white[1]	2 – 4	3 – 40	1 – 2%
Oak, post	3 – 4	3 – 40	1 – 1.5%
Oak, northern	–	–	1 – 1.5%
Apply when at least 50 percent of the new pin leaves are fully developed.			
Oak; southern red	2 – 3	3 – 40	1 – 1.5%
Persimmon[1]	2 – 5	3 – 40	1 – 2%
Pine	2 – 5	3 – 40	1 – 2%
Poison ivy/Poison oak	4 – 5	3 – 40	2%
Repeat applications may be required to achieve control. Fall treatments must be applied before leaves lose green color.			
Poplar, yellow[1]	2 – 5	3 – 40	1 – 2%
Redbud, eastern	2 – 5	3 – 40	1 – 2%
Rose, multiflora	2	3 – 40	1%
Treatments should be made prior to leaf deterioration by leaf-eating insects.			
Russian olive[1]	2 – 5	3 – 40	1 – 2%
Sage, black[1,2]	–	–	1%
Sage, white[1]	2 – 5	3 – 40	1 – 2%
Sage brush, California[2]	–	–	1%
Salmonberry	2 – 3	3 – 40	1 – 1.5%
Salt-cedar	2 – 5	3 – 40	1 – 2%
Sassafras[1]	2 – 5	3 – 40	1 – 2%
Sourwood[1]	2 – 5	3 – 40	1 – 2%
Sumac; poison, smooth, winged[1]	2 – 4	3 – 40	1 – 2%
Sweetgum	2 – 3	3 – 40	1 – 1.5%
Swordfern[1]	2 – 5	3 – 40	1 – 2%
Tallowtree, Chinese[2]	–	–	1%
Tan oak resprouts[1]	–	–	2%
Apply to resprouts that are less than 3 to 6 feet tall. Best results are obtained with fall applications.			
Thimbleberry	2 – 3	3 – 40	1 – 1.5%
Tobacco, tree[1]	–	–	1 – 2%
Trumpetcreeper	2 – 3	3 – 40	1 – 1.5%
Vine maple[1]	2 – 5	3 – 40	1 – 2%
Virginia creeper	2 – 5	3 – 40	1 – 2%
Waxmyrtle, Southern[1]	2 – 5	3 – 40	1 – 2%
Willow	3 – 4	3 – 40	1 – 1.5%

[1] Partial Control

[2] Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for best results.

II. INDUSTRIAL, TURF AND ORNAMENTAL USES

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1.0 GENERAL INFORMATION

This product is a postemergent, systemic herbicide with no soil residual activity. It gives broad-spectrum control of many annual weeds, perennial weeds, woody brush and trees. It is formulated as a water-soluble liquid containing surfactant.

Time to Symptoms
This product moves through the plant from the point of foliage contact to and into the root system. Visual effects are a gradual wilting and yellowing of the plant, which advances to complete browning of above ground growth and deterioration of underground plant parts. Effects visible on most annual weeds occur within 2 to 4 days, but on most perennial weeds may not occur for 7 days or more. Extremely cool or cloudy weather following treatment may slow activity of this product and delay development of visual symptoms.

Stage of Weeds
Annual weeds are easiest to control when they are small. Best control of most perennial weeds is obtained when treatment is made at later growth stages approaching maturity.

Mode of Action in Plants
The active ingredient in this product inhibits an enzyme found only in plants and microorganisms that is essential to the formation of specific amino acids.

Cultural Considerations.
Reduced control may result when applications are made to annual or perennial weeds that have been mowed, grazed or cut, and have not been allowed to regrow to the recommended stage for treatment. Rainfastness: Heavy rainfall soon after application may wash this product off of the foliage and a repeat application may be required for adequate control.

No Soil Activity
Weeds must be emerged at the time of application to be controlled by this product. Weeds germinating from seed after application will not be controlled. Unemerged plants arising from unattached underground rhizomes or rootstocks of perennials will not be affected by the herbicide and will continue to grow.

Biological Degradation
Degradation of this product is primarily a biological process carried out by soil microbes.

Annual Maximum Application Rates
The combined total of all treatments must not exceed 10.6 quarts of this product per acre per year. The maximum use rates stated throughout this product's labeling apply to this product combined with the use of all other herbicides containing glyphosate as the active ingredient, whether applied separately or as mixtures. Calculate the application rates and ensure that the total use of this and other glyphosate containing products does not exceed stated maximum use rates. See the 'INGREDIENTS" section of this label for necessary information.

ATTENTION

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS, DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

AVOID DRIFT. EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS.

Do not allow the herbicide solution to mist, drip, drift or splash onto desirable vegetation since minute quantities of this product can cause severe damage or destruction to the crop, plants or other areas on which treatment was not intended. The likelihood of injury occurring from the use of this product increases when winds are gusty, as wind velocity increases, when wind direction is constantly changing or when there are other meteorological conditions that favor spray drift. When spraying, avoid combinations of pressure and nozzle type that will result in splatter or fine particles (mist) that are likely to drift. AVOID APPLYING AT EXCESSIVE SPEED OR PRESSURE.

NOTE: Use of this product in any manner not consistent with this label may result in injury to persons, animals or crops, or have other unintended consequences.

2.0 WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Glyphosate, the active ingredient in this product, is a Group 9 herbicide based on the mode of action classification system of the Weed Science Society of America. Any weed population may contain plants naturally resistant to Group 9 herbicides. Weed species resistant to Group 9 herbicides may be effectively managed utilizing another herbicide from a different Group or by using other cultural or mechanical practices.

To minimize the occurrence of glyphosate-resistant biotypes observe the following general weed management recommendations:

- Scout your fields before and after herbicide applications.
- Start with a clean field, using either a burndown herbicide application or tillage.
- Control weeds early when they are relatively small.
- Add other herbicides (e.g. a selective and/or a residual herbicide) and cultural practices (e.g. tillage or crop rotation) where appropriate.
- One method for adding other herbicides into a continuous Roundup Ready system is to rotate to other Roundup Ready crops.
- Utilize the recommended label rate for the most difficult to control weed in your field. Avoid tank-mixtures with other herbicides that reduce this product's efficacy (through antagonism), or tank mixture recommendations that encourage application rates of this product below the label recommendations.
- Control weed escapes and prevent weeds from setting seeds.
- Clean equipment before moving from field to field to minimize the spread of weed seed or plant parts.
- Use new commercial seed that is as free of weed seed as possible.
- Report any incidence of repeated non-performance of this product on a particular weed to your representative, local retailer, or county extension agent.

Management Recommendations For Glyphosate Resistant Biotypes
Note: Appropriate testing is critical in order to determine if a weed is resistant to glyphosate. Contact your local county extension agent or visit www.weedresistancemanagement.com or www.weedscience.org. For more information see the "ANNUAL WEEDS" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label.

Control recommendations for biotypes confirmed as resistant to glyphosate are made available on separately published supplemental labeling or fact sheets for this product and can be obtained from your local retailer.

Since the occurrence of new glyphosate resistant weeds cannot be determined until after product use and scientific confirmation, Ragan & Massey, Inc. is not responsible for any losses that may result from the failure of this product to control glyphosate resistant weeds biotypes.

The following good agronomic practices are recommended to reduce the spread of confirmed glyphosate resistant biotypes:

- If a naturally occurring resistant biotype is present in your field, this product should be tank-mixed or applied sequentially with an appropriately labeled herbicide with a different mode of action to achieve control.
- Cultural and mechanical control practices (e.g. crop rotation or tillage) may also be used as appropriate.
- One method for adding other herbicides into a continuous Roundup Ready® system is to rotate to other Roundup Ready® crops.
- Scout treated fields after herbicide applications and control escaping weeds including resistant biotypes before they set seed.
- Thoroughly clean equipment before leaving fields known to contain resistant biotypes.

3.0 MIXING

Spray solutions of this product should be mixed, stored, and applied using only clean stainless steel, aluminum, plastic, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers. Clean sprayer parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water. Use caution to avoid siphoning back into the carrier source. Use approved anti-back-siphoning devices where required by state or local regulations.

3.1 MIXING WITH WATER

NOTE: Product performance may be significantly reduced if water containing soil sediment is used as a carrier. Do not mix this product with water from ponds and ditches that is visibly muddy or murky.

This product mixes readily with water. Mix spray solutions of this product as follows: Fill the mixing or spray tank with the required amount of clean water. Add the recommended amount of this product near the end of the filling process and mix well. During mixing and application, foaming of the spray solution may occur. To prevent or minimize foaming, mix gently, terminate by-pass and return lines at the bottom of the tank and, if necessary, use an anti-foam or defoaming agent.

3.2 TANK MIXING

This product does not provide residual weed control. This product may be tank-mixed with other herbicides to provide residual weed control, a broader weed control spectrum or an altemate mode of action. Read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used. Use according to the most restrictive label directions for each product in the mixture.

When this label recommends a tank mixture with a generic active ingredient such as diuron, atrazine, 2,4-D, or dicamba, the user is responsible for ensuring that the specific application is included on the label of the specific products used in the tank mixture. Refer to all individual product labels, supplemental labeling and fact sheets for all products in the tank mixture and observe all precautions and limitations on the label, including application timing restrictions, soil restrictions and use according to the most restrictive label requirements. Always predetermine the compatibility of all tank-mix products together in the carrier by mixing small proportional quantities in advance. Buyer and all users are responsible for all loss or damage in connection with the use or handling of mixtures of this product with herbicides or other materials that are not expressly recommended in this label. Mixing this product with herbicides or other materials not recommended on this label may result in reduced performance.

3.3 TANK MIXING PROCEDURE

When tank mixing, read and carefully observe label directions, cautionary statements and all information on the labels of all products used. Add the tank-mix product to the tank as directed by the label. Maintain agitation and add the recommended amount of this product. If needed, add nonionic surfactant before completing the filling process.

Maintain good agitation at all times until the contents of the tank are sprayed. If the spray mixture is allowed to settle, thorough agitation may be required to resuspend the mixture before spraying is resumed.

Keep by-pass line on or near the bottom of the tank to minimize foaming. Screen size in nozzle or line strainers should be no finer than 50 mesh. Always predetermine the compatibility of labeled tank mixtures of this product with water carrier by mixing small proportional quantities in advance.

Refer to the "Tank Mixing" and "GENERAL INFORMATION" sections for additional precautions.

3.4 MIXING FOR HAND-HELD SPRAYERS

Prepare the desired spray volume by mixing the amount of this product indicated in the following table with water:

Spray Solution	Amount of FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer					
Desired Volume	0.5%	1%	1.5%	2%	5%	10%
1 gal	0.7 oz	1.3 oz	2 oz	2.7 oz	6.5 oz	13 oz
25 gal	1 pt	1 qt	1.5 qt	2 qt	5 qt	10 qt
100 gal	2 qt	1 gal	1.5 gal	2 gal	5 gal	10 gal

2 tablespoons = 1 fluid ounce

For backpack, knapsack or pump-up sprayers, it is recommended that the appropriate amount of this product be mixed with water in a larger container, and then used to fill the sprayer.

Surfactant
Nonionic surfactants (NIS) or wetting agents that have at least 70 percent active ingredient and are labeled for use with herbicides may be added to the spray solution, unless otherwise directed. Do not reduce rates of this herbicide when adding surfactants. Read and carefully observe cautionary statements and other information appearing on the additives label.

Colorants or Dyes
Agriculturally approved colorants or marking dyes may be added to spray solutions of this product. However, they can reduce product performance, especially at lower rates or dilution. Use colorants or dyes according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

4.0 APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system. Avoid direct application to any body of water.

APPLY SPRAY SOLUTIONS IN PROPERLY MAINTAINED AND CALIBRATED EQUIPMENT CAPABLE OF DELIVERING DESIRED VOLUMES.

Do not allow the herbicide solution to mist, drip, drift or splash onto desirable vegetation since minute quantities of this product can cause severe damage or destruction to the crop, plants or other areas on which treatment was not intended.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

AVOID DRIFT. EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS.

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

AERIAL SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial application.

The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.

Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees. Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

Importance of Droplet Size
The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see the "Wind", "Temperature and Humidity", and "Temperature Inversion" sections of this label).

Controlling Droplet Size
- Volume: Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with the higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure: Use the lower spray pressures recommended for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of nozzles: Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle orientation: Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released backwards, parallel to the airstream will produce larger droplets than other orientations. Significant deflection from the horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle type: Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce larger droplets than other nozzle types.
- Boom length: For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.
- Application height: Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces the exposure of the droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath Adjustment
When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downward. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller droplets, etc.)

Wind
Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 to 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect drift.

Temperature and Humidity
When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions
Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas
This product should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

4.1 AERIAL EQUIPMENT

DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT USING AERIAL SPRAY EQUIPMENT EXCEPT UNDER CONDITIONS AS SPECIFIED WITHIN THIS LABEL.

FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN CALIFORNIA, REFER TO THE FEDERAL SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL FOR AERIAL APPLICATIONS IN THAT STATE FOR SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS, RESTRICTIONS AND REQUIREMENTS.

TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION, APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED.

Use the recommended rates of this herbicide in 3 to 25 gallons of water per acre unless otherwise specified on this label, or in separate supplemental labeling.

Drift reduction additives may be used. When a drift reduction additive is used, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the additive label.

Ensure uniform application — to avoid streaking and uneven or overlapped application, use appropriate marking devices.

Aircraft Maintenance: Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear, after each day of spraying to remove residues of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PRODUCT TO UNCOATED STEEL SURFACES MAY RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FAILURE OF THE PART. LANDING GEAR IS MOST SUSCEPTIBLE. Maintaining an organic coating (paint) that meets aerospace specification MIL-C-38413 may prevent corrosion.

4.2 GROUND BROADCAST EQUIPMENT

Apply the recommended rates of this product in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre as a broadcast spray unless otherwise specified on this label or in separate supplemental labeling. As density of weeds increases, spray volume should be increased within the recommended range to ensure complete coverage. Carefully select proper nozzles to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with ground application equipment, use flat-fan nozzles. Check spray pattern for uniform distribution of spray droplets.

4.3 HAND-HELD OR BACKPACK EQUIPMENT

Apply to foliage of vegetation to be controlled. For applications made on a spray-to-wet basis, spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray to the point of runoff. Use coarse sprays only.

For low-volume directed spray applications, spray coverage should be uniform with at lest 50 percent of the foliage contacted. Coverage of the top one-half of the plant is important for best results. To ensure adequate spray coverage, spray both sides of large or tall woody brush and trees, when foliage is thick and dense, or where there are multiple sprouts.

4.4 SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT

This product may be diluted in water and applied through shielded applicators, hooded sprayers, wiper applicators or sponge bars to weeds listed on this label that are growing in any specified noncrop site.

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION.

Better results may be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution. Weeds not contacted by the herbicide solution will not be affected. This may occur in dense clumps, severe infestations or when the height of the weeds varies so that not all weeds are contacted. In these instances, repeat treatment may be necessary.

Shielded and Hooded Applicators

A shielded or hooded applicator directs the herbicide solution onto weeds, while shielding desirable vegetation from the herbicide. Use nozzles that provide uniform coverage within the treated area. Keep shields on these sprayers adjusted to protect desirable vegetation. EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISED TO AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION.

Wiper Applicators and Sponge Bars

Wiper applicators are devices that physically wipe the appropriate amounts of this product directly onto the weed. Equipment must be designed, maintained and operated to prevent the herbicide solution from contacting desirable vegetation.

Application equipment used over the top of desirable vegetation should be adjusted so that the wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the desirable vegetation. Better results may be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution. Weeds should be a minimum of 6 inches above the desirable vegetation. Adjust the height of the applicator to ensure adequate contact with weeds. Weeds not contacted by the herbicide solution will not be affected. Poor contact may occur when weeds are growing in dense clumps, in severe weed infestations or when weed height varies dramatically. In these instances, repeat treatments may be necessary.

Operate this equipment at ground speeds no greater than 5 miles per hour. Performance may be improved by reducing speed in areas of heavy weed infestations to provide adequate wiper saturation with the herbicide solution. Better results may be obtained when two applications are made in opposite directions.

Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling onto desirable vegetation may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction. Avoid leakage or dripping onto desirable vegetation. Keep wiping surfaces clean. Be aware that on sloping ground the herbicide solution may migrate, causing dripping on the lower end and drying of the wicks on the upper end of the wiper applicator.

Do not use wiper applicators when weeds are wet.

Mix only the amount of this product to be used during a 1-day period, as reduced product performance may result from the use of solutions held in storage. Clean wiper parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

For Rope or Sponge Wick Applicators - Solutions ranging from 33 to 75 percent of this product in water may be used.

For Panel Applicators and pressure-feed systems - Solutions ranging from 33 to 100 percent of this product in water may be used.

When applied as recommended, this product CONTROLS the following weeds:

Corn, volunteer	Rye, common	Sicklepod	Starbur, bristly
Panicum, Texas	Shattercane	Spanishneedles	

When applied as recommended, this product SUPPRESSES the following weeds:

Beggarweed, Florida	Johnsongrass	Ragweed, giant	Vaseygrass
Bermudagrass	Milkweed	Smutgrass	Velvetleaf
Dogbane, hemp	Nightshade, silverleaf	Sunflower	
Dogfennel	Pigweed, redroot	Thistle, Canada	
Guineagrass	Ragweed, common	Thistle, musk	

4.5 INJECTION SYSTEMS

This product may be used in aerial or ground injection spray systems. It may be used as a liquid concentrate or diluted prior to injecting into the spray stream. Do not mix this product with the undiluted concentrate of other products when using injection systems unless specifically recommended.

4.6 CDA EQUIPMENT

The rate of this product applied per acre by controlled droplet application (CDA) equipment must not be less than the amount recommended in this label when applied by conventional broadcast equipment. For vehicle-mounted CDA equipment, apply 2 to 15 gallons of water per acre.
CDA equipment produces a spray pattern that is not easily visible. Extreme care must be exercised to avoid spray or drift contacting the foliage or any other green tissue of desirable vegetation, as damage or destruction is likely to result.

5.0 INDUSTRIAL, TURF AND ORNAMENTAL SITES

Unless otherwise specified, applications may be made to control any weeds listed in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label. Refer to the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section for detailed instructions on different application methods.

5.1 CUT STUMPS

Cut stump treatments may be made on any site listed on this label. This product will control many types of woody brush and tree species, some of which are listed below. Apply this product using suitable equipment to ensure coverage of the entire cambium. Cut trees or resprouts close to the soil surface. Apply a 50- to 100-percent solution of this product to the freshly-cut surface immediately after cutting. Delays in application may result in reduced performance. For best results, applications should be made during periods of active growth and full leaf expansion.

Alder	Oak	Reed, giant	Tan oak
Eucalyptus	Pepper, Brazilian	Saltcedar	Willow
Madrone	Pine, Austrian	Sweetgum	

DO NOT MAKE CUT STUMP APPLICATIONS WHEN THE ROOTS OF DESIRABLE WOODY BRUSH OR TREES MAY BE GRAFTED TO THE ROOTS OF THE CUT STUMP. Some sprouts, stems, or trees may share the same root system. Adjacent trees having a similar age, height and spacing may signal shared roots. Whether grafted or shared, injury is likely to occur to non-treated stems/trees when one or more trees sharing common roots are treated.

5.2 FORESTRY SITE PREPARATION

This product is recommended for the control or partial control of woody brush, trees and herbaceous weeds in forestry. This product is also recommended for use in preparing or establishing wildlife openings within these sites and maintaining logging roads.

This product is recommended for use in site preparation prior to planting any tree species, including Christmas trees, eucalyptus, hybrid tree cultivars and silvicultural nursery sites.

Use higher rates of this product within the recommended range for control or partial control of woody brush, trees and hard-to-control perennial herbaceous weeds. For best results, apply to actively growing woody brush and trees after full leaf expansion and before fall color and leaf drop. Increase rates within the recommended range for control of perennial herbaceous weeds any time after emergence and before seedheads, flowers or berries appear.

Use the lower rates of this product within the recommended range for control of annual herbaceous weeds and actively growing perennial herbaceous weeds after seedheads, flowers or berries appear. Apply to the foliage of actively growing annual herbaceous weeds any time after emergence.

TANK MIXTURES: Tank mixtures of this product may be used to increase the spectrum of vegetation controlled. When tank mixing, read and carefully observe the label claims, cautionary statements and all information on the labels of all products used. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the mixture.

NOTE: For forestry site preparation, make sure the tank-mix product is approved for use prior to planting the desired species. Observe planting interval restrictions:

Any recommended rate of this product may be used in a tank mix with the following products for forestry site preparation.

Arsenal Applicators Concentrate	Escort or Escort XP	Garlon 4A	Oust or Oust XP
Chopper	Garlon 3A	Landmark XP	Westar

For control of herbaceous weeds, use the lower recommended tank mixture rates. For control of dense stands or tough-to-control woody brush and trees, use the higher recommended rates.

Do not apply this product as an over-the-top broadcast spray for forestry conifer or hardwood release, unless otherwise specified on this label or in separate supplemental labeling for this product.

5.3 GENERAL NON-CROP AREAS, INDUSTRIAL SITES

Use in areas such as airports, apartment complexes, commercial sites, Conservation Reserve Program (CRP) areas, ditch banks, driveways, dry ditches, dry canals, fencerows, golf courses, greenhouses, industrial sites, landscape areas, lumber yards, manufacturing sites, municipal sites, natural areas, office complexes, ornamentals, parks, parking areas, pastures, petroleum tank farms and pumping installations, plant nurseries, public areas, railroads, rangeland, rights-of-way, roadsides, shadehouses, sod or turf seed farms, storage areas, sports complexes, substations, turfgrass areas, utility sites, warehouse areas, and wildlife management areas.

5.4 GENERAL WEED CONTROL, TRIM-AND-EDGE, BARE GROUND

This product may be used in general non-crop areas. It may be applied with any application equipment described in this label. This product may be used to trim-and-edge around objects in non-crop sites, for spot treatment of unwanted vegetation and to eliminate unwanted weeds growing in established shrub beds or ornamental plantings. This product may be used prior to planting an area to ornamentals, flowers, turfgrass (sod or seed), or prior to laying asphalt or beginning construction projects.

Repeated applications of this product may be used, as weeds emerge, to maintain bare ground.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with the following products, provided that the specific product is registered for use on such non-crop sites. Refer to these products labels for approved non-crop sites and application rates.

2,4-D
Arsenal™
atrazine
Barricade™ 65WG
Clarity
Crossbow L
dicamba
diuron
Endurance™
Escort™
Gallery 75 DF
Garlon 4
Garlon™ 3A
Goal 2XL
Karmex™ DF
Krovar™ I DF
Landmark II MP
Milestone
Oust
Oust XP
Outrider
Pendulum WDG
Pendulum™ 3.3 EC
pendimethalin
Plateau™
Poast
Princep™ 4L
Princep™ DF
Ronstar™ 50WP
Sahara™
simazine
Surflan™ AS
Surflan WD
Telar™
Transline
Vanquish
Velpar DF
Velpar L

This product plus dicamba tank mixtures may not be applied by air in California.

When applied as a tank mixture for bare ground, this product provides control of the emerged annual weeds and control or partial control of emerged perennial weeds, woody brush and trees.

For control or partial control of the following perennial weeds, apply 1 to 2 quarts of this product plus 2 to 4 ounces of Oust or Oust XP per acre.

Bahiagrass
Bermudagrass
Broomsedge
Dallisgrass
Dock, curly
Dogfennel
Fescue, tall
Johnsongrass
Poorjoe
Quackgrass
Vaseygrass
Vervain, blue

Chemical Mowing - Perennials
This product will suppress perennial grasses listed in this section to serve as a substitute for mowing. Use 8 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating tall fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass, quackgrass or reed canarygrass covers. Use 6 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating Kentucky bluegrass. Apply treatments in 10 to 40 gallons of spray solution per acre. Use only in areas where some temporary injury or discoloration of perennial grasses can be tolerated.

Chemical Mowing - Annuals
For growth suppression of some annual grasses, such as annual ryegrass, wild barley and wild oats growing in coarse turf on roadsides or other industrial areas, apply 4 to 5 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of spray solution per acre. Applications should be made when annual grasses are actively growing and before the seedheads are in the boot stage of development. Treatments may cause injury to the desired grasses.

Dormant Turfgrass
This product may be used to control or suppress many winter annual weeds and tall fescue for effective release of dormant Bermudagrass and bahiagrass turf. Treat only when turf is dormant and prior to spring greenup.

Apply 8 to 64 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Apply the recommended rates in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Use only in areas where Bermuda-grass or bahiagrass are desirable ground covers and where some temporary injury or discoloration can be tolerated.

Treatments in excess of 16 fluid ounces per acre may result in injury or delayed greenup in highly maintained areas, such as golf-courses and lawns. DO NOT apply tank mixtures of this product plus Oust in highly maintained turfgrass areas. For further uses, refer to the "ROADSIDES" section of this label, which gives rates for dormant Bermudagrass and bahiagrass treatments.

Actively Growing Bermudagrass
This product may be used to control or partially control many annual and perennial weeds for effective release of actively growing Bermudagrass. DO NOT apply more than 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre in highly maintained turfgrass areas. DO NOT apply tank mixtures of this product plus Oust or Oust XP in highly maintained turfgrass areas. For further uses, refer to the "ROADSIDES" section of this label, which gives rates for actively growing Bermudagrass treatments. Use only in areas where some temporary injury or discoloration can be tolerated.

Turfgrass Renovation, Seed, or Sod Production
This product controls most existing vegetation prior to renovating turfgrass areas or establishing turfgrass grown for seed or sod. For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay planting or sodding to determine if any regrowth from escaped underground plant parts occurs. Where repeat treatments are necessary, sufficient regrowth must be attained prior to application. For warm-season grasses such as Bermudagrass, summer or fall applications provide the best control. Where existing vegetation is growing under mowed turfgrass management, apply this product after omitting at least one regular mowing to allow sufficient growth for good interception of the spray. Desirable turfgrasses may be planted following the above procedures.

Hand-held equipment may be used for spot treatment of unwanted vegetation growing in existing turfgrass. Broadcast or hand-held equipment may be used to control sod remnants or other unwanted vegetation after sod is harvested.

Do not feed or graze turfgrass grown for seed or sod production for 8 weeks following application.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not disturb soil or underground plant parts before treatment. Tillage or renovation techniques such as vertical mow-ing, coring or slicing should be delayed for 7 days after application to allow translocation into underground plant parts. If application rates total 3 quarts per acre or less, no waiting period between treatment and feeding or livestock grazing is required. If the rate was greater than 3 quarts per acre, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting.

5.5 HABITAT MANAGEMENT

Habitat Restoration and Management
This product may be used to control exotic and other undesirable vegetation in habitat management and natural areas, including rangeland and wildlife refuges. Applications can be made to allow recovery of native plant species, prior to planting desirable native species, and for similar broad-spectrum vegetation control requirements. Spot treatments can be made to selectively remove unwanted plants for habitat management and enhancement.

Wildlife Food Plots
This product may be used as a site preparation treatment prior to planting wildlife food plots. Any wildlife food species may be planted after applying this product, or native species may be allowed to repopulate the area. If tillage is needed to prepare a seedbed, wait 7 days after application before tillage to allow translocation into underground plant parts.

Hollow Stem Injection
This product may be applied through hand-held injection devices that deliver recommended amounts of this product into targeted hollow-stem plants growing in any non-crop site specified on this label.

For control of the following hollow-stem plants, follow the use instructions below:

Japanese Knotweed, *Polygonum cuspidatum*
Inject 5 mL per stem of this product between second and third internode.

Bohemian Knotweed, *Polygonum bohemicum*
Inject 5 mL per stem of this product between the second and third internode.

Giant Hogweed, *Hercleum mantegazzianum*
Inject one leaf cane per plant 12 inches above the root crown with 5 mL of a 5% v/v solution of this product.

Poison Hemlock, *Conium maculatum*
Inject one leaf cane per plant 10 to 12 inches above the root crown with 5 mL of a 5% v/v solution of this product.

Field horsetail, *Equisetum arvense*
Inject one segment above the root crown with 0.5 mL per stem of this product. Use a small syringe that calibrates to this rate.

Canada Thistle, *Circisum arvense*
Cut 8 to 9 of the tallest plants at bud stage in a clump with clippers. Use a cavity needle that is pushed into the stem center and then slowly removed as 0.5 mL per stem of this product is injected into the stem.

Note: The combined total for all treatments must not exceed 10.6 quarts of this product per acre. At 5 mL per stem, 7 quarts should treat approximately 1300 stems per acre.

5.6 INJECTION AND FRILL (WOODY BRUSH AND TREES)

This product may be used to control woody brush and trees by injection or frill applications. Apply this product using suitable equipment that must penetrate into the living tissue. Apply the equivalent of 0.04 fluid ounce (1 mL) of this product per each 2 to 3 inches of trunk diameter at breast height (DBH). This is best achieved by applying a 50- to 100-percent concentration of this product either to a continuous frill around the tree or as cuts evenly spaced around the tree below all branches. As tree diameter increases in size, better results are achieved by applying diluted material to a continuous frill or more closely spaced cuttings. Avoid application techniques that allow runoff to occur from frilled or cut areas in species that exude sap freely. In species such as this, make the frill or cuts at an oblique angle to produce a cupping effect and use a 100-percent concentration of this product. For best results, application should be made during periods of active growth and after full leaf expansion. This product will control many species, some of which are listed below:

Control	Partial Control
Oak	Black gum
Poplar	Dogwood
Sweetgum	Hickory
Sycamore	Maple, red

5.7 NON-FOOD TREE, SHRUB, OR VINE PRODUCTION SITES

This product may be used for general weed control prior to planting or around established ornamentals, or any woody tree, shrub, or vine species, including arborvitae, azalea, boxwood, crabapple, eucalyptus, euonymus, fir, Douglas fir, jojoba, hollies, lilac, magnolia, maple, oak, poplar, privet, pine, spruce or yew, in any production site.

UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED, THIS PRODUCT IS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR USE AS AN OVER-THE-TOP BROADCAST SPRAY IN ORNAMENTALS AND CHRISTMAS TREES. Care must be taken to avoid contact of spray, drift or mist with foliage or green bark of desirable species.

This product may be used to control weeds growing in and around greenhouses and shadehouses. Desirable vegetation must not be present during application and air circulation fans must be turned off.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Site preparation, Post-directed, Trim-and-edge, Wiper Application.

Site Preparation
This product may be used prior to planting any tree, shrub, or vine in an ornamental, nursery, or production setting, including Christmas tree species.

Post-directed, Trim-and-edge
This product may be used as a post-directed spray around established woody species, or to trim and edge around trees, buildings, sidewalks and roads, potted plants and other objects in a production setting.

Desirable plants may be protected from the spray solution by using shields or coverings made of cardboard or other impermeable material.

Wiper Application
This product may be used through wick or other suitable wiper applicators to control or partially control undesirable vegetation around established trees, shrubs, or vines. See the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section of this label for further information about the proper use of wiper applicators.

5.8 RAILROADS

All of the methods of application described in the "GENERAL NON-CROP AREAS AND INDUSTRIAL SITES" section may be utilized along railroads.

Bare Ground, Ballast and Shoulders, Crossings, Spot Treatment
This product may be used to maintain bare ground on railroad ballast and shoulders. Repeat applications of this product may be used, as weeds emerge, to maintain bare ground. This product may be used to control tall-growing weeds to improve line-of-sight at railroad crossings and reduce the need for mowing along rights-of-way. For crossing applications, up to 80 gallons of spray solution per acre may be used.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with the following products for ballast, shoulder, spot, bare ground and crossing treatments, provided that the specific product is registered for use on such non-crop sites:

Arsenal	Garlon 3A	Oust XP	Transline
atrazine	Garlon 4	Outrider	Vanquish
dicamba	Hyvar™ X	Sahara DG	Velpar DF
diuron	Hyvar X-L	simazine	Velpar L
Escort	Krovar I DF	Spike™ 80 DF	2,4-D
Escort XP	Oust	Telar DF	

Brush Control
This product may be used to control woody brush and trees on railroad rights-of-way. Apply 4 to 10 quarts of this product per acre as a broadcast spray, using boom-type or boomless nozzles. Up to 80 gallons of spray solution per acre may be used. Apply a 0.75- to 2-percent solution of this product when using high-volume spray-to-wet applications. Apply a 5- to 10-percent solution of this product when using low volume directed sprays for spot treatment.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be mixed with the products listed above in this section for enhanced control of woody brush and trees along railroads, provided that the specific product is registered for use on such non-crop sites.

Bermudagrass Release
This product may be used to control or partially control many annual and perennial weeds for effective release of actively growing Bermudagrass. Apply 1 to 3 pints of this product in up to 80 gallons of spray solution per acre. Use the lower rate when treating annual weeds below 6 inches in height (or runner length). Use the higher rate as weeds increase in size or as they approach flower or seedhead formation. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial species:

Bahiagrass	Fescue, tall	Trumpetcreeper
Bluestern, silver	Johnsongrass	Vaseygrass

This product may be tank-mixed with Oust or Oust XP. If tank-mixed, use no more than 1 to 3 pints of this product with 1 to 2 ounces of Oust or Oust XP per acre. Use the lower rates of each product to control annual weeds less than 6 inches in height (or runner length) that are listed in this label and the Oust or Oust XP label. Use the higher rates as annual weeds increase in size and approach the flower or seedhead stages. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial weeds:

Bahiagrass	Dallisgrass	Fescue, tall	Trumpetcreeper
Blackberry	Dewberry	Johnsongrass	Vaseygrass
Bluestem, silver	Dock, curly	Poorjoe	Vervain, blue
Broomsedge	Dogfennel	Raspberry	

Use only on well-established Bermudagrass. Bermudagrass injury may result from the treatment, but regrowth will occur under moist conditions. Repeat applications in the same season are not recommended, since severe injury may occur.

Roadsides
All of the methods of application described in the "GENERAL NON-CROP AREAS AND INDUSTRIAL SITES" section may be utilized along roadsides.

Shoulder Treatments
This product may be used on road shoulders. It may be applied with boom sprayers, shielded boom sprayers, high-volume off-center nozzles, hand-held equipment, and similar equipment.

Guardrails, Other Obstacles to Mowing
This product may be used to control weeds growing under guardrails and around signposts and other objects along the roadside.

Spot Treatment
This product may be used as a spot treatment to control unwanted vegetation growing along roadsides.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products for shoulder, guardrail, spot and bare ground treatments:

atrazine	Escort XP	Outrider	Sahara
Clarity	Gallery 75DF	Pendulum 3.3 EC	simazine
Crossbow L	Krovar I DF	Pendulum WDG	Surflan
dicamba	Landmark II MP	Plateau	Telar
diuron	Landmark MP	Princep DF	Vanquish
Endurance	Landmark XP	Princep 4L	2,4-D
Escort	Oust	Ronstar 50WP	

See the "MIXING" section of this label for general instructions for tank mixing.

Release of Bermudagrass or Bahiagrass

Dormant Applications
This product may be used to control or partially control many winter annual weeds and tall fescue for effective release of dormant Bermudagrass or bahiagrass. Treat only when turf is dormant and prior to spring greenup.

For best results on winter annuals, treat when plants are in an early growth stage (below 6 inches in height) after most have germinated. For best results on tall fescue, treat when fescue is at or beyond the 4- to 6-leaf stage.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may also be tank-mixed with Outrider, Oust or Oust XP for residual control. These tank mixtures may delay greenup.

Apply 8 to 64 fluid ounces of this product in a tank mix with 0.75 to 1.3 ounces of Outrider per acre. Read and follow all label directions for Outrider.

Apply 8 to 64 fluid ounces of this product per acre alone or in a tank mixture with 0.25 to 1 ounce per acre of Oust or Oust XP in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Use only in areas where Bermudagrass or bahiagrass are desirable ground covers and where some temporary injury or discoloration can be tolerated. To avoid delays in greenup and minimize injury, add no more than 1 ounce of Oust or Oust XP per acre on Bermudagrass and no more than 0.5 ounce of Oust or Oust XP per acre on bahiagrass and avoid treatments when these grasses are in a semi-dormant condition.

Actively Growing Bermudagrass

This product may be used to control or partially control many annual and perennial weeds for effective release of actively growing Bermudagrass. Apply 1 to 3 pints of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Use the lower rate when treating annual weeds below 6 inches in height (or runner length). Use the higher rate as weeds increase in size or as they approach flower or seedhead formation. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial species:

Bahiagrass	Fescue, tall	Trumpetcreeper
Bluestem, silver	Johnsongrass	Vaseygrass

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with Outrider for control or partial control of Johnsongrass and other weeds listed in the Outrider label. Use 9 to 32 fluid ounces of this product with 0.75 to 1.3 ounces of Outrider per acre. Use the higher rates of both products for control of perennial weeds or annual weeds greater than 6 inches in height.

This product may be tank-mixed with Oust or Oust XP. If tank-mixed, use no more than 1 to 2 pints of this product with 1 to 2 ounces of Oust or Oust XP per acre. Use the lower rates of each product to control annual weeds less than 6 inches in height (or runner length) that are listed in this label and the Oust or Oust XP label. Use the higher rates as annual weeds increase in size and approach the flower or seedhead stages. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial weeds:

Bahiagrass	Dallisgrass	Fescue, tall	Trumpetcreeper
Bluestem, silver	Dock, curly	Johnsongrass	Vaseygrass
Broomsedge	Dogfennel	Poorjoe	Vervain, blue

Use only on well-established Bermudagrass. Bermudagrass injury may result from the treatment, but regrowth will occur under moist conditions. Repeat applications of the tank mix in the same season are not recommended, since severe injury may occur.

Actively Growing Bahiagrass

For suppression of vegetative growth and seedhead inhibition of bahiagrass for approximately 45 days, apply 6 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Apply 1 to 2 weeks after full greenup or after mowing to a uniform height of 3 to 4 inches. This application must be made prior to seedhead emergence.

For suppression up to 120 days, apply 4 fluid ounces of this product per acre, followed by an application of 2 to 4 fluid ounces per acre about 45 days later. Make no more than 2 applications per year.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with Outrider for control or partial control of Johnsongrass and other weeds listed in the Outrider label. Use 6 fluid ounces of this product with 0.75 to 2 ounces of Outrider per acre. Use the higher rates of both products for control of perennial weeds or annual weeds greater than 6 inches in height. Use only on well-established bahiagrass.

A tank mixture of this product plus Oust or Oust XP may be used. Apply 6 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.25 ounce of Oust or Oust XP per acre 1 to 2 weeks following an initial spring mowing. Make only one application per year.

5.9 RANGELANDS

This product will control or suppress many annual weeds growing in perennial cool and warm-season grass rangelands, pastures, and industrial sites. Preventing weed seed production is critical to the successful control of annual grassy weeds invading these perennial grass sites. Follow-up applications, in sequential years should eliminate most of the viable seeds. Grazing of treated areas should be delayed to encourage growth of desirable perennials. Allowing desirable perennials to flower and reseed in the treated area will encourage successful transition.

Bromus: This product may be used to control or suppress downy brome *(Bromus tectorum)*, Japanese brome *(Bromus japonicus)*, soft chess *(Bromus mollis)*, cheatgrass *(Bromus secalinus)*, cereal rye and jointed goatgrass found in rangelands pastures and industrial sites. Apply 8 to 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre on a broadcast basis.

For best results, treatment should coincide with early seedhead emergence of the most mature plants. Delaying the application until this growth stage will maximize the emergence of other weedy grass flushes. Applications should be made to the same site each year until seed banks are depleted and the desirable perennial grasses can become reestablished on the site.

Medusahead: To control or suppress medusahead, apply 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre at the 3-leaf stage when plants are actively growing. Delaying applications beyond this stage will result in reduced or unacceptable control. Repeat applications in subsequent years may be necessary to eliminate the seedbank before reestablishing desirable perennial grasses. Applications may be made in the fall or spring.

Applications may be made using ground or aerial equipment. Aerial applications for these uses may be made using fixed wing or helicopter equipment. For aerial applications, apply in 2 to 10 gallons of water per acre. For applications using ground equipment, apply in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre.

Spot Treatment, Wiper Application

This product may be applied in rangeland, pastures or industrial sites as a spot treatment, or over the top of desirable grasses using wiper applicators to control tall weeds. Applications may be repeated in the same area at 30-day intervals.

For spot treatments or wiper application methods using rates of 3 quarts of this product per acre or less, the entire site or any portion of it may be treated. When spot treatments or wiper applications are made using rates above 3 quarts of this product per acre, no more than 10 percent of the total site may be treated at any one time. To achieve maximum performance, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 7 days after application before grazing livestock or harvesting for feed.

5.10 UTILITY SITES

In utilities, this product is recommended for use along electrical power, pipeline and telephone rights-of-way, and in other sites associated with these rights-of-way, such as substations, roadsides, railroads or similar rights-of-way that run in conjunction with utilities.

This product may be used in utility sties and substations for bare ground, trim-and-edge around objects, spot treatment of unwanted vegetation and to eliminate unwanted weeds growing in established shrub beds or ornamental plantings. This product may be used prior to planting a utility site to ornamentals, flowers, turfgrass (sod or seed), or beginning construction projects.

Repeated applications of this product may be used, as weeds emerge, to maintain bare ground.

This product is also recommended for use in preparing or establishing wildlife openings within these sites, maintaining access roads and for side trimming along utility rights-of-way.

For control of herbaceous weeds, use the lower recommended tank mixture rates. For control of dense stands or tough-to-control woody brush and trees, use the higher recommended rates.

Bare Ground, Trim-and-Edge

This product may be used in utility sites and substations for bare ground, trim-and-edge around objects, spot treatment of unwanted vegetation and to eliminate unwanted weeds growing in established shrub beds or ornamental plantings. This product may be used prior to planting a utility site to ornamentals, flowers, turfgrass (sod or seed), or beginning construction projects.

Repeated applications of this product may be used, as weeds emerge, to maintain bare ground.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with the following products provided that the specific product used is registered for application on these sites. Refer to the individual product's labels for approved sites and application rates.

2,4-D	Escort XP	pendimethalin	Telar DF
Arsenal	Garlon 3A	Plateau	Transline
atrazine	Garlon 4	Princep	Vanquish
Barricade 65WG	Krenite	Ronstar 50WP	Velpar DF
dicamba	Krovar I DF	Sahara DG	Velpar L
diuron	Oust	simazine	
Endurance	Oust XP	Surflan AS	
Escort	Outrider	Surflan WDG	

Ensure that Garlon 3A is thoroughly mixed with water according to label directions before adding this product. Have spray mixture agitating at the time this product is added to avoid spray incompatibility problems. For side trimming treatments, it is recommended that this product be used alone or in a tank mixture with Garlon 4.

5.11 CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAM (CRP)

This product may be used for renovation (rotating out of CRP), site preparation, postemergence weed control in dormant CRP grasses, or wiper application on CRP land.

Renovation (Rotating out of CRP), Site Preparation

This product may be used to prepare CRP land for crop production. Refer to Federal, State or local use guides for CRP renovation recommendations.

Postemergence Weed Control in Dormant CRP Grasses, Wiper Application

Apply this product to suppress competitive growth and seed production of undesirable vegetation on CRP land. Applications may be made using wiper applicators to control tall weeds, or as a broadcast or spot treatment to dormant CRP grasses. For selective applications with broadcast spray equipment, apply 8 to 12 fluid ounces of this product per acre in early spring before desirable CRP grasses, such as crested and tall wheatgrass, break dormancy and initiate green growth. Late fall applications can be made after desirable perennial grasses have reached dormancy.

Some stunting of CRP perennial grasses will occur if broadcast applications are made when plants are not dormant. No waiting period is required between application and grazing or harvesting for feed. Do not apply more than 3 quarts per acre per year onto CRP land.

5.12 GRASS SEED OR SOD PRODUCTION

This product may be used in grass seed and sod production for preplant, at-planting, preemergence, removal of established stands, renovation, site preparation, shielded spraying, wiper application, spot treatment, and creating rows in annual ryegrass.

Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting, Removal of Established Stands, Renovation, Site Preparation

This product controls most existing vegetation for purposes of renovating turf or forage grass seed areas or for establishing turfgrass grown for sod. It may also be used to destroy remaining undesired grass vegetation when production fields are converted to alternate species or crops. Make applications before, during, or after planting, or for renovation purposes. For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay planting to determine if any regrowth from escaped underground plant parts occurs. Where existing vegetation is growing under mowed turfgrass management, apply this product after omitting at least one regular mowing to allow sufficient growth for good interception of the herbicide spray. Where repeat treatments are necessary, sufficient regrowth must be attained prior to application. For warm-season grasses, such as Bermudagrass, summer or fall applications provide best control. Broadcast equipment may be used to control sod remnants or other unwanted vegetation after sod is harvested. Application rates up to 5 quarts per acre may be used to totally remove established stands of tough to kill grass species.

Do not disturb soil or underground plant parts before treatment. Tillage or renovation techniques such as vertical mowing, coring or slicing should be delayed for 7 days after application to allow proper translocation into underground plant parts. If application rates total 3 quarts per acre or less, no waiting period between treatment and feeding or livestock grazing is required. If the rate is greater than 3 quarts per acre, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting. Applications must be made prior to crop emergence in order to avoid crop injury.

Shielded Sprayers
Apply 1 to 3 quarts of this product in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre to control weeds between grass seed rows. Uniform planting in straight rows aids in shielded sprayer applications. Best results are obtained when the grass seed crop is small enough to easily pass by the protective shields. Contact of this product in any manner with desirable vegetation may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator.

Wiper Application
This product may be applied over the top of desirable grasses using wiper applicators for the control of tall weeds.

Contact of this product in any manner with desirable vegetation may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator.

Spot Treatment
Apply a 1.5-percent solution of this product using hand-held spray equipment to control weeds within established vegetation prior to heading of grasses grown for seed. Hand-held equipment may be used to control sod remnants or other unwanted vegetation after sod is harvested.

The crop sprayed in the treated area will be killed. Take care not to spray or allow spray to drift outside the target area in order to avoid unwanted crop destruction.

Creating Rows in Annual Ryegrass
Apply 1 to 2 pints of this product per acre. Best results are obtained when applications are made before the ryegrass reaches 6 inches in height. Use the higher rate within the recommended range when ryegrass is greater than 6 inches in height.

Set nozzle heights to allow the establishment of the desired row spacing. Use of low-pressure nozzles, or drop nozzles designed to target the application over a narrow band are recommended.

Take care not to spray or allow spray to drift outside target area in order to avoid unwanted crop destruction.

Grower assumes all responsibility for crop losses resulting from misapplication of this product.

5.13 PASTURES

This product may be applied to any pasture grass (Gramineae family), including bahiagrass, Bermudagrass, bluegrass, brome, fescue, guineagrass, kikuyugrass, orchardgrass, pangola grass, ryegrass, timothy, and wheatgrass. Application can be made as a spot treatment, wiper application, preplant, preemergence, pasture renovation, or postemergent broadcast.

Preplant, Preemergence, Pasture Renovation
This product may be applied for weed control prior to planting or emergence of forage grasses. This product may also be applied to control perennial pasture species listed on this label prior to replanting.

If application rates total 3 quarts per acre or less, no waiting period between treatment and feeding or livestock grazing is required. If the rate is greater than 3 quarts per acre, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting.

Spot Treatment, Wiper Application
This product may be applied in pastures as a spot treatment, or over the top of desirable grasses using wiper applicators to control tall weeds. Applications may be repeated in the same area at 30-day intervals.

For spot treatments or wiper application methods using rates of 3 quarts of this product per acre or less, the entire field or any portion of it may be treated. When spot treatments or wiper application are made using rates above 3 quarts of this product per acre, no more than 10 percent of the total pasture may be treated at any one time. To achieve maximum performance, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 7 days after application before grazing livestock or harvesting for feed.

Postemergent Weed Control (Broadcast Treatments)
This product may be applied to pastures to suppress competitive growth and seed production of annual weeds and undesirable vegetation in pastures. For selective applications with broadcast spray equipment, apply 12 to 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre in early spring before desirable perennial grasses break dormancy and initiate green growth. Late fall applications can be made after desirable perennial grasses have reached dormancy.

Some stunting of perennial grasses will occur if broadcast applications are made when plants are not dormant. Use of higher application rates will cause stand reductions. No waiting period is required between application and grazing or harvesting for feed. Do not apply more than 3 quarts of this product per acre per year onto pasture grasses except for renovation uses as described previously in this section.

6.0 WEEDS CONTROLLED

Always use the higher rate of this product per acre within the recommended range when weed growth is heavy or dense or weeds are growing in an undisturbed (non-cultivated) area.
Reduced results may occur when treating weeds heavily covered with dust. For weeds that have been mowed, grazed or cut, allow regrowth to occur prior to treatment.
Refer to the following label sections for recommended rates for the control of annual and perennial weeds and woody brush and trees. For difficult to control perennial weeds and woody brush and trees, where plants are growing under stressed conditions, or where infestations are dense, this product may be used at 5 to 10 quarts per acre for enhanced results.

6.1 ANNUAL WEEDS

Use 1 quart per acre if weeds are less than 6 inches in height or runner length and 1.5 quarts to 4 quarts per acre if weeds are over 6 inches in height or runner length or when weeds are growing under stressed conditions. Use the higher rate for tough-to-control species regardless of the weed size at application. Treat tough-to-control weeds early when they are relatively small. This product may be tank mixed provided the tank-mix product is registered for use on the target site. Refer to the individual product labels for approved sites and application rates. For spray-to-wet applications, apply a 0.5 percent solution of this product to weeds less than 6 inches in height or runner length. For annual weeds over 6 inches tall, or for smaller weeds growing under stressed conditions, use a 1- to 2-percent solution. Use the higher rate for tough-to-control species or for weeds over 24 inches tall. Apply prior to seedhead formation in grass or bud formation in broadleaf weeds.

For low volume directed spray applications, use a 4- to 7-percent solution of this product. Spray coverage should be uniform with at least 50 percent of the foliage contacted. Coverage of the top one half of the plant is important for best results. To ensure adequate spray coverage, spray both sides of large or tall weeds when foliage is thick and dense or where there are multiple sprouts.

WEED SPECIES

Anoda, spurred
Barley*
Barnyardgrass*
Bittercress*
Bassia, fivehook
Black nightshade*
Bluegrass, annual*
Bluegrass, bulbous*
Brome, downy*
Brome, Japanese*
Browntop panicum*
Buttercup*
Carolina foxtail*
Carolina geranium
Castor bean
Cheatgrass*
Cheeseweed *(Malva parviflora)*
Chervil*
Chickweed*
Cocklebur*
Copperleaf, hophornbean
Corn*
Corn speedwell*
Crabgrass*
Dwarfdandelion*
Eastern mannagrass*
Eclipta*
Fall panicum*
Falsedandelion*
Falseflax, smallseed*
Fiddleneck
Field pennycress*
Filaree
Fleabane, annual*
Fleabane, hairy *(Conyza bonariensis)**
Fleabane, rough*
Florida pusley
Foxtail*
Goatgrass, jointed*
Goosegrass
Grain sorghum *(milo)**
Groundsel, common*
Hemp sesbania
Henbit
Horseweed/Marestail *(Conyza canadensis)*
Itchgrass*
Johnsongrass, seedling
Junglerice
Knotweed
Kochia
Lamb's-quarters*
Little barley*
London rocket*
Mayweed
Medusahead*
Morningglory *(Ipomoea spp)*
Mustard, blue*
Mustard, tansy*
Mustard, tumble*
Mustard, wild*
Oats
Pigweed*
Plains/Tickseed coreopsis*
Prickly lettuce*
Puncturevine
Purslane, common
Ragweed, common*
Ragweed, giant
Red rice
Russian thistle
Rye*
Ryegrass*
Sandbur, field*
Shattercane*
Shepherd's-purse*
Sicklepod
Signalgrass, broadleaf*
Smartweed, ladysthumb*
Smartweed, Pennsylvania*
Sowthistle, annual
Spanishneedles
Speedwell, purslane*
Sprangletop*
Spurge, annual
Spurge, prostrate*
Spurge, spotted*
Spurry, umbrella*
Starthistle, yellow
Stinkgrass*
Sunflower*
Teaweed/Prickly sida
Texas panicum*
Velvetleaf
Virginia copperleaf
Virginia pepperweed*
Wheat*
Wild oats*
Witchgrass*
Woolly cupgrass*
Yellow rocket

* When using field broadcast equipment (aerial applications or boom sprayers using flat-fan nozzles) these species will be controlled or partially controlled using 1 pint of this product per acre. Applications must be made using 3 to 10 gallons of carrier volume per acre. Use nozzles that ensure thorough coverage of foliage and treat when weeds are in an early growth stage.

6.2 PERENNIAL WEEDS

Best results are obtained when perennial weeds are treated after they reach the reproductive stage of growth (seedhead initiation in grasses and bud formation in broadleaves). For non-flowering plants, best results are obtained when the plants reach a mature stage of growth. In many situations, treatments are required prior to these growth stages. Under these conditions, use the higher application rate within the recommended range.

Ensure thorough coverage when using spray-to-wet treatments with hand-held equipment. For best results, use a 1.5-percent solution on harder-to-control perennials such as Bermudagrass, dock, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, milkweed and Canada thistle.

For low volume directed spray applications, use a 5- to 10-percent solution of this product. Spray coverage should be uniform with at least 50 percent of the foliage contacted. Coverage of the top one half of the plant is important for best results. To ensure adequate spray coverage, spray both sides of large or tall weeds when foliage is thick and dense or where there are multiple sprouts.

Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

WEED SPECIES	BROADCAST RATE (QT/A)	Hand-Held Spray-to-Wet % Solution
Alfalfa*	1	2
Alligatorweed*	4	1.5
Anise (fennel)	2 - 4	1 - 2
Bahiagrass	3 - 5	2
Beachgrass, European (Ammophila arenas)	–	5
Bentgrass*	1.5	2
Bermudagrass	5	2
Berrnudagrass, water (knotgrass)	1.5	2
Bindweed, field	4 - 5	2

(continued)

WEED SPECIES *(continued)*	BROADCAST RATE (QT/A)	Hand-Held Spray-to-Wet % Solution
Bluegrass, Kentucky	2	2
Blueweed, Texas	4 - 5	2
Brackenfern	3 - 4	1 - 1.5
Bromegrass, smooth	2	2
Bursage, woolly-leaf	–	2
Canarygrass, reed	2 - 3	2
Cattail	3 - 5	2
Clover; red, white	3 - 5	2
Cogongrass	3 - 5	2
Dallisgrass	3 - 5	2
Dandelion	3 - 5	2
Dock, curly	3 - 5	2
Dogbane, hemp	4	2
Fescue (except tall)	3 - 5	2
Fescue, tall	1 - 3	2
German ivy	2 - 4	1 - 2
Guineagrass	3	1
Horsenettle	3 - 5	2
Horseradish	4	2
Iceplant	2	1.5 - 2
Jerusalem artichoke	3 - 5	2
Johnsongrass	2 - 3	1
Kikuyugrass	2 - 3	2
Knapweed	4	2
Lantana	–	1 - 1.25
Lespedeza	3 - 5	2
Milkweed, common	3	2
Muhly, wirestem	2	2
Mullein, common	3 - 5	2
Napiergrass	3 - 5	2
Nightshade, silverleaf	2	2
Nutsedge; purple, yellow	3	1 - 2
Orchardgrass	2	2

(continued)

WEED SPECIES *(continued)*	BROADCAST RATE (QT/A)	Hand-Held Spray-to-Wet % Solution
Pampasgrass	3 - 5	1.5 - 2
Paragrass	3 - 5	2
Pepperweed, perennial	4	2
Phragmites*	3 - 5	1 - 2
Poison hemlock	2 - 4	1 - 2
Quackgrass	2 - 3	2
Redvine*	2	2
Reed, giant	4 - 5	2
Ryegrass, perennial	2 - 3	1
Smartweed, swamp	3 - 5	2
Spurge, leafy*	–	2
Sweet potato, wild*	–	2
Thistle, artichoke	2 - 3	1 - 2
Thistle, Canada	2 - 3	2
Timothy	2 - 3	2
Torpedograss*	4 - 5	2
Trumpetcreeper*	2 - 3	2
Vaseygrass	3 - 5	2
Velvetgrass	3 - 5	2
Wheatgrass, western	2 - 3	2

* Partial control

6.3 WOODY BRUSH AND TREES

Apply this product after full leaf expansion, unless otherwise directed. Use the higher rate for larger plants and/or dense areas of growth. On vines, use the higher rate for plants that have reached the woody stage of growth. Best results are obtained when application is made in late summer or fall after fruit formation. In arid areas, best results are obtained when applications are made in the spring to early summer when brush species are at high moisture content and are flowering.

For best results when using hand-held equipment, use a 1.5-percent solution on harder-to-control woody brush and trees. For low volume directed-spray applications, apply a 5- to 10-percent solution of this product. Spray coverage should be uniform with at least 50-percent of the foliage contacted. Coverage of the top one-half of the plant is important for best results. To ensure adequate spray coverage, spray both sides of large or tall woody brush and trees, when foliage is thick and dense, or where there are multiple sprouts.

Symptoms may not appear prior to frost or senescence with fall treatments.

Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage, mowing or removal. Repeat treatments may be necessary to control plants regenerating from underground parts or seed. Some autumn colors on undesirable deciduous species are acceptable provided no major leaf drop has occurred. Reduced performance may result if fall treatments are made following a frost.

WEED SPECIES	BROADCAST RATE (QT/A)	Hand-Held Spray-to-Wet % Solution
Alder	3 - 4	1 - 1.5
Ash*	2 - 5	1 - 2
Aspen, quaking	2 - 3	1 - 1.5
Bearclover (Bearmat)*	2 - 5	1 - 2

(continued)

WEED SPECIES *(continued)*	BROADCAST RATE (QT/A)	Hand-Held Spray-to-Wet % Solution
Beech*	2 - 5	1 - 2
Birch	2	1
Blackberry	3 - 4	1 - 1.5
Blackgum	2 - 5	1 - 2
Bracken	2 - 5	1 - 2
Broom; French, Scotch	2 - 5	1.5 - 2
Buckwheat, California*	2 - 4	1 - 2
Cascara*	2 - 5	1 - 2
Catsclaw*	–	1 - 1.5
Ceanothus*	2 - 5	1 - 2
Chamise*	2 - 5	1
Cherry; bitter, black, pin	2 - 3	1 - 1.5
Coyote brush	3 - 4	1.5 - 2
Deerweed	2 - 5	1
Dogwood*	2 - 5	1 - 2
Elderberry	2	1
Elm*	2 - 5	1 - 2
Eucalyptus	–	2
Gorse*	2 - 5	1 - 2
Hasardia*	2 - 4	1 - 2
Hawthorn	2 - 3	1 - 1.5
Hazel	2	1
Hickory*	2 - 5	1 - 2
Honeysuckle	3 - 4	1 - 1.5
Hornbeam, American*	2 - 5	1 - 2
Kudzu	4	2
Locust, black*	2 - 4	1 - 2
Madrone resprouts *	–	2
Manzanita*	2 - 5	1 - 2
Maple, red	2 - 4	1 - 1.5
Maple, sugar	–	1 - 1.5
Monkey flower*	2 - 4	1 - 2
Oak; black, white*	2 - 4	1 - 2

(continued)

WEED SPECIES *(continued)*	BROADCAST RATE (QT/A)	Hand-Held Spray-to-Wet % Solution
Oak, post	3 - 4	1 - 1.5
Oak; northern, pin	2 - 4	1 - 1.5
Oak, Scrub*	2 - 4	1 - 1.5
Oak; southern red	2 - 3	1 - 1.5
Peppertree, Brazilian (Florida holly)*	2 - 5	1 - 2
Persimmon*	2 - 5	1 - 2
Pine	2 - 5	1 - 2
Poison ivy	4 - 5	2
Poison oak	4 - 5	2
Poplar, yellow*	2 - 5	1 - 2
Redbud, eastern	2 - 5	1 - 2
Rose, multiflora	2	1
Russian olive*	2 - 5	1 - 2
Sage, black	2 - 4	1
Sage, white*	2 - 4	1 - 2
Sage brush, California	2 - 4	1
Salmonberry	2	1
Saltcedar*	2 - 5	1 - 2
Sassafras*	2 - 5	1 - 2
Sourwood*	2 - 5	1 - 2
Sumac; laurel, poison, smooth, sugarbush, winged*	2 - 4	1 - 2
Sweetgum	2 - 3	1 - 1.5
Swordfern*	2 - 5	1 - 2
Tallowtree, Chinese	–	1
Tan oak resprouts*	–	2
Thimbleberry	2	1
Tobacco, tree*	2 - 4	1 - 2
Toyon*	–	2
Trumpetcreeper	2 - 3	1 - 1.5
Vine maple*	2 - 5	1 - 2
Virginia creeper	2 - 5	1 - 2
Waxmyrtle, southern*	2 - 5	1 - 2
Willow	3	1
Yerbasenta*	–	2

* Partial control

III. SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING

A	For use in dormant alfalfa	61
B	For the control of annual weeds in coastal bermudagrass pastures prior to spring growth or immediately after first cutting	61
C	For distribution and use only within South Dakota. For Non-selective control of listed annual weeds in small grain cropping systems	61
D	For control and management of glyphosate resistant horseweed (Marestail, *Conyza canadensis*) in cotton, corn and soybeans	62
E	Higher-rate postemergence use directions for weed control in Roundup Ready® canola	63
F	For limitations on aerial application in California only, including Fresno County	63
G	For aerial application in Arkansas only	64
H	For controlling barnyardgrass (*Echinochloa crus-galli*) in rice using renovation treatments in California only	64
I	For weed control applications in seed production of Roundup Ready® alfalfa	65
J	For applications to Roundup Ready® flex cotton in the state of Arizona only	66
K	Broadcast applications in Christmas tree plantations	67
L	For use for selective weed control on tolerant Pure Gold® tall fescue and Aurora Gold® fine fescue selections	67
M	FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer and Tank Mixtures for Non-Crop Areas	67
N	For ground and aerial application to brush and chaparral in California only	68
O	FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer for Conifer Release	69
P	To restrict use as a pre-plant burn down treatment on those agricultural crops other than forestland in the state of Mississippi	70

SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING

READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FOR
FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer
BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE USE DIRECTIONS CONTAINED IN THIS SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING.

When using FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer as permitted according to this supplemental labeling, read and follow all applicable directions, restrictions, and precautions on the label booklet provided with the pesticide container and on this supplemental labeling. This supplemental labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.

FARMWORKS 41% GLYPHOSATE PLUS CONCENTRATE WITH SURFACTANT GRASS & WEED KILLER

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

WARNING / AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.
(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)
In case of an emergency involving this product, call, day or night, 1-800-764-7661.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling.

This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of herbicide application.

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS (EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED FOR INDIVIDUAL ROUNDUP READY® CROPS), DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

See "GENERAL INFORMATION" and "MIXING" sections of the label booklet for FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer for essential product performance information.

Read the "Limit of Warranty and Liability" in the label booklet for FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer before using. These terms apply to this supplemental labeling and if these terms are not acceptable, return the product unopened at once.

Ragan and Massey, Inc.
101 Ponchatoula Parkway, Ponchatoula, LA 70454
985-386-6042
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EPA REG. NO. 86068-4-84009 • EPA EST. NO. 084840-LA-001

A. FOR USE IN DORMANT ALFALFA

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

This product will control or suppress many weeds, including quackgrass, downy brome and cheatgrass in dormant alfalfa.

Apply 8 to 12 fluid ounces per acre of this product. Apply in the spring to alfalfa that is dormant. Applications should be made after spring temperatures have warmed enough to encourage resumption of weed growth, but prior to initiation of trifoliate leaf expansion of the alfalfa. Applications made after expansion of the first trifoliate leaf of the alfalfa will cause growth reduction and reduced crop yield.

Do not use ammonium sulfate when spraying dormant alfalfa with FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer.

Do not use this product where a slight yield reduction in the first cutting of alfalfa cannot be tolerated.

Do not make more than one application per year.

Allow 36 hours after application before grazing livestock or harvesting.

Slight discoloration of the alfalfa may occur, but the alfalfa will regreen and regrow under moist soil conditions as effects of this product wear off.

Application of this product is limited to persons who have attended a training program. Application of this product can cause crop injury. Any crop injury is the sole responsibility of the applicator.

B. FOR THE CONTROL OF ANNUAL WEEDS IN COASTAL BERMUDAGRASS PASTURES PRIOR TO SPRING GROWTH OR IMMEDIATELY AFTER FIRST CUTTING

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

This product may be applied at 16 fluid ounces per acre to control the weeds listed below and most other winter annual grass and broadleaf weeds in established coastal Bermudagrass pastures.

Annual bluegrass	Johnsongrass, seedling	Sandbur, field
Cheat	Little barley	Sunflower
Crabgrass	Oats	Wheat
Henbit	Ryegrass, Italian	Wild mustard

TIMING OF APPLICATION

Applications prior to spring growth: Apply this product in either late winter or early spring but before new coastal Bermudagrass growth begins in the spring. Applications to new growth can damage the Bermudagrass.

Remove domestic livestock from the pasture before making the application. Wait 60 days after making this application before grazing or harvesting the treated area.

Applications following the first cutting: Apply this product after the first Bermudagrass cutting when the Bermudagrass has not yet begun to regrow. Applications made after regrowth has begun can damage the Bermudagrass.

Remove domestic livestock from the pasture before making the application. Wait 28 days after making this application before grazing or harvesting the treated area.

NOTE: ONLY ONE APPLICATION PER YEAR May be MADE TO ANY ONE FIELD. A SPRING APPLICATION PRIOR TO GROWTH AND AN APPLICATION FOLLOWING THE FIRST CUTTING MAY NOT BE MADE ON THE FIELD DURING THE SAME YEAR.

C. FOR DISTRIBUTION AND USE ONLY WITHIN SOUTH DAKOTA. FOR NON-SELECTIVE CONTROL OF LISTED ANNUAL WEEDS IN SMALL GRAIN CROPPING SYSTEMS

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Refer to the FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer label for rate recommendations and weeds controlled.

For ground applications, use 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre. For aerial applications, use 2 to 3 gallons of water per acre.

ATTENTION

AVOID DRIFT. EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS.

Do not allow the herbicide solution to mist, drip, drift, or splash onto desirable vegetation since minute quantities of this herbicide can cause severe damage or destruction to the crop, plants or other areas on which treatment was not intended. The likelihood of injury occurring from the use of this product is greatest when winds are gusty or in excess of 5 miles per hour or when other conditions, including lesser wind velocities will allow spray drift to occur. When spraying, avoid combinations of pressure and nozzle type that will result in splatter or fine particles (mist) that are likely to drift. AVOID APPLYING AT EXCESSIVE SPEED OR PRESSURE.

NOTE: To prevent injury to adjacent desirable vegetation, appropriate buffer zones must be maintained.

Adjust boom height on ground equipment to prevent streaked, overlapped or uneven applications. Coarse sprays are less likely to drift, therefore, do not use nozzles or nozzle configurations that dispense spray as fine spray droplets.

In aerial applications, do not angle nozzles forward into the airstream and do not increase spray volume by increasing nozzle pressure.

Ensure uniform application. Use appropriate marking devices when applying herbicides by air.

Avoid spraying when weeds are subject to moisture stress, when dust is on foliage, or when straw canopy covers the weeds.

Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear, after each day of spraying to remove residue of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PRODUCT TO UNCOATED STEEL SURFACES MAY RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FAILURE OF PART. LANDING GEAR IS MOST SUSCEPTIBLE. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint) which meets aerospace specification MIL-C-38413 may prevent corrosion.

D. FOR CONTROL AND MANAGEMENT OF GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT HORSEWEED (MARESTAIL, *Conyza Canadensis*) IN CROP AND NON-CROP AREAS.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

For ground applications, use 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. For aerial applications, use 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre. **For tank-mix recommendations, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the product labels, supplemental labeling or fact sheets published separately for all herbicides used.**

COTTON:

Preplant:
For control of horseweed, apply this product (32 fluid ounces per acre) in a tank-mix with Clarity® (8 fluid ounces per acre). This application must be made 21 to 35 days before planting and before horseweed reaches 6 inches in height. In order to avoid crop injury, a minimum interval of 21 days during which there is at least 1 inch of cumulative rainfall must be observed between Clarity application and planting of cotton.

2,4-D may be included in the tank-mixture with this product. Refer to the 2,4-D product label for the time intervals that are required between application and planting and other geographic use restrictions.

Post-directed (Roundup Ready® Cotton and Roundup Ready® Flex cotton® varieties only):
Management of early season weed competition and the development of a crop height differential between cotton and horseweed is often achieved by a combination of preplant burndown and post emergence over-the-top and/or directed applications of this product. These measures enhance the development of a height differential that is necessary to successfully make post-directed treatments. In-crop post-directed applications of MSMA (2 pounds active ingredient per acre) tank-mixed with diuron (0.5 to 0.75 pounds active ingredient per acre) should be made when the temperature is 80°F or higher.

SOYBEANS:

Preplant:
It is strongly encouraged that horseweed be controlled prior to planting. Apply a tank mixture of this product (32 fluid ounces per acre) with 2,4-D (0.5 pounds a.i. per acre) before horseweed exceeds 6 inches in height. See the 2,4-D product label for time intervals that are required between application and planting.

In-crop (Roundup Ready® Soybean varieties only):
This treatment should be used as a salvage treatment only for a horseweed infestation that was not controlled prior to planting. At the time of treatment, horseweed should not exceed 6 inches in height. Apply a tank mixture of this product (32 fluid ounces per acre) with FirstRate® (0.3 ounces per acre). Application should be made between full emergence of the first trifoliate leaf and 50% flowering stage of soybeans.

CORN:

Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence:
Apply a tank mixture of this product (32 fluid ounces per acre) plus 2,4-D (0.5 pounds of a.i. per acre) before horseweed exceeds 6 inches in height. See the 2,4-D product label for time intervals that are required between application and planting.

Dicamba may be included in the tank-mixture with this product. Refer to the dicamba product label for the time intervals that are required between application and planting and other geographic use restrictions.

Atrazine (1 to 2 pounds active ingredient per acre) may be included in the tank-mixture to provide residual control. Refer to the atrazine product label for specific use instructions.

In-crop (Roundup Ready® Corn hybrids only):
Apply a tank-mixture of this product (32 fluid ounces per acre) plus Clarity (8 to 16 fluid ounces per acre) or 2,4-D (0.5 to 1.0 pound active ingredient per acre) between corn emergence and the 5-leaf stage of growth (approximately 8 inches tall).

Dicamba may be included in the tank-mixture with this product. Refer to the dicamba product label for the time intervals that are required between application and planting and other geographic use restrictions.

TREE AND VINE CROPS:

Orchards (Pome Fruit, Stone Fruit and Tree Nuts)
Apply 2 quarts of this product plus 2,4-D (18 fluid ounces per acre Dri-Clean® or 2 pints per acre Orchard Master® CA) before marestail exceeds 6 inches in height. A carrier volume of 15 gallons per acre is recommended. Follow labeling for the 2,4-D product with regard to directions for use, precautionary statements and applicable schedules. Further local restrictions may apply.

VINE CROPS (GRAPES ONLY):

Apply 2 quarts of this product per acre plus 2,4-D (18 fluid ounces per acre Dri-Clean®) before marestail exceeds 6 inches in height. A carrier volume of 15 gallons per acre is recommended. Follow Dri-Clean® labeling in regard to directions for use, precautionary statements and applicable schedules. Further local restrictions may apply. Also, residual herbicides such as diuron may provide additional preemergence control.

GENERAL NON-CROP AREAS:

Apply a tank mixture of this product (1 quart per acre) before horseweed exceeds 6 inches in height. Control may be enhanced by making applications when horseweed is still in the rosette stage of growth. This product may be tank-mixed with the following products provided that the specific product is registered for use on the target site. Refer to these product labels for approved sites and application rates. Read and carefully observe the cautionary

statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the mixture.

- 2,4-D
- Crossbow™ L
- dicamba
- Gallery™ 75 DF
- Krovar® I DF
- Landmark™ II MP
- Landmark™ MP
- Milestone™
- Overdrive
- Telar™ DF
- Transline
- Vanquish®
- Velpar DF

E. HIGHER-RATE POSTEMERGENCE USE DIRECTIONS FOR WEED CONTROL IN ROUNDUP READY® CANOLA

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-planting, Preemergence, Postemergence (In-crop).

DO NOT USE THIS PRODUCT ON CANOLA WITH A ROUNDUP READY® GENE PLANTED IN THE FOLLOWING STATES: ALABAMA, DELAWARE, FLORIDA, GEORGIA, KENTUCKY, MARYLAND, NEW JERSEY, NORTH CAROLINA, SOUTH CAROLINA, TENNESSEE, VIRGINIA AND WEST VIRGINIA.

Maximum Allowable Combined Application Quantities Per Season	
Preplant, At-planting, Preemergence applications	2 quarts per acre
Total in-crop application from emergence to 6-leaf stage	2 quarts per acre

Preplant, At-planting, Preemergence
USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting.

Postemergence (In-crop)
USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied postemergence to Roundup Ready® canola from emergence through the 6-leaf stage of development. Applications made during bolting or flowering may result in crop injury and yield loss. To maximize yield potential, make applications early to eliminate competing weeds.

Weeds Controlled: For specific rates of application and instructions, refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTIONS" in this label.

Single Application - Apply 16 to 32 fluid ounces per acre no later than the 6-leaf stage for the control of annual weeds. Avoid overlapping applications that may result in temporary yellowing, delayed flowering, and or growth reduction. Similar injury may result when applications of more than 16 fluid ounces per acre are applied after the 4-leaf stage.

Sequential Application - Apply 32 fluid ounces per acre to 1- to 3-leaf canola followed by a sequential application at a minimum interval of 10 days, but no later than the 6-leaf stage. Sequential applications are recommended for early emerging annual weeds and perennial weeds such as Canada thistle and quackgrass or when controlling weeds with multiple application times.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY® CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready® crops. No more than two over-the-top broadcast applications may be made from crop emergence through the 6-leaf stage of development and the total in-crop application should not exceed 64 fluid ounces per acre. Allow a minimum of 60 days between last application and canola harvest.

F. FOR LIMITATIONS ON AERIAL APPLICATION IN CALIFORNIA ONLY, INCLUDING FRESNO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

All labeled treatments may be made by aerial equipment where appropriate, provided that the applicator complies with the precautions and restrictions specified on this supplemental labeling and in the product label booklet. Refer to Aerial Equipment in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of the product label for additional information. Refer to the individual use site section of the product label, or to other supplemental labeling for specific use instructions.

AVOID DRIFT-DO NOT APPLY WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITION WHICH FAVORS DRIFT. DRIFT MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO ANY VEGETATION CONTACTED TO WHICH TREATMENT IS NOT INTENDED. TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION. APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED.

Use the following guidelines when aerial applications are made near crops or desirable perennial vegetation after bud break and before total leaf drop, and/or near other desirable vegetation or annual crops:

1. Do not apply within 100 feet of all desirable vegetation or crop(s).
2. If wind up to 5 miles per hour is blowing toward desirable vegetation or crop(s), do not apply within 500 feet of the desirable vegetation or crop(s). Winds blowing from 5 to 10 miles per hour toward desirable vegetation or crop(s) may require buffer zones in excess of 500 feet.
3. Do not apply when winds are in excess of 10 miles per hour or when inversion conditions exist.
4. Apply by air only to nonresidential areas.

When applied as recommended under the conditions described, this product controls annual and perennial weeds as listed in the label booklet.

When tank mixing this product with 2,4-D, only 2,4-D amine formulations may be used for aerial applications in California. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D amine formulations may be applied by air in California for fallow and reduced tillage systems, and alfalfa and pasture renovation applications only. This product when tank mixed with dicamba, may not be applied by air in California.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR FRESNO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA

The following information applies only from February 15 through March 31 within the following boundaries of Fresno County, California.

North: Fresno County line
South: Fresno County line
East: State Highway 99
West: Fresno County line

Always read and follow the label directions and precautionary statements for all products used in the aerial application.

Observe the following directions to minimize off-site movement during aerial application of this product. Minimization of off-site movement is the responsibility of the grower, Pest Control Advisor and aerial applicator.

Written Recommendations

A written recommendation MUST be submitted by or on behalf of the applicator to the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner 24 hours prior to the application. This written recommendation MUST state the proximity of surrounding crops, and that conditions of each manufacturer's product label and this label have been satisfied.

Aerial Applicator Training and Equipment

Aerial application of this product is limited to pilots who have successfully completed a Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner and California Department of Pesticide Regulation approved training program for aerial application of herbicides. All aircraft must be inspected, critiqued in flight and certified at a Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner approved fly-in. Test and calibrate spray equipment at intervals sufficient to insure that proper rates of herbicides and adjuvants are being applied during commercial use.

Applicator must document such calibrations and testing. Demonstration of performance at Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner approved fly-ins constitutes such documentation, or other written records showing calculations and measurements of flight and spray parameters acceptable to the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner.

Applications at Night - Do not apply this product by air earlier than 30 minutes prior to sunrise and/or later than 30 minutes after sunset without prior permission from the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner.

Note: For aerial application from April 1 through February 14, refer to the other sections of this supplemental label.

G. FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN ARKANSAS ONLY

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

AVOID DRIFT. DO NOT APPLY INTO STILL AIR WHERE THERE IS A TEMPERATURE INVERSION LAYER LOW ENOUGH FOR FINE SPRAY PARTICLES TO BECOME SUSPENDED AND MOVE OUTSIDE THE TARGET AREA WHEN THE INVERSION LAYER MOVES. DO NOT APPLY WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITION THAT FAVORS DRIFT. DRIFT IS LIKELY TO CAUSE DAMAGE TO ANY VEGETATION CONTACTED TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION, APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED.

Use the recommended rate of this product in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

Use sufficient carrier volume and appropriate equipment set-up to form droplets large enough to avoid drift potential. Coarse droplets in the 300 to 500 (VMD) micron range are recommended.

Applications should typically be made with the nozzle release point at 8 to 15 feet above the top of the target plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety.

The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 75 percent of the length of the wingspan or rotor. In many cases, reducing this distance to 65 percent of the length of the wingspan or rotor will improve drift-control without affecting the swath width.

Nozzles must always discharge backward parallel with the air stream and never discharge downwards more than 45 degrees on fixed wing aircraft or forward of the prevailing airflow on rotary winged aircraft. Avoid the use of nozzles with wide-angle discharge.

Do not apply this product when winds are in excess of 10 mph.

Do not apply when there is a low-level inversion where fine spray particles could be suspended in still air and move outside the target area when the inversion layer moves. These conditions may occur when wind speeds are less than 2 mph.

Use the following guidelines when applications are made near crops or other desirable vegetation:

1. Do not apply within 100 feet of any desirable vegetation or crops.
2. If wind up to 5 mph is blowing toward desirable vegetation or crops, do not apply within 500 feet upwind of the desirable vegetation or crops.
3. Winds blowing from 5 to 10 mph toward desirable vegetation or crops will likely require buffer zones in excess of 500 feet.

H. FOR CONTROLLING BARNYARDGRASS (*ECHINOCHLOA CRUS-GALLI*) IN RICE USING RENOVATION TREATMENTS IN CALIFORNIA ONLY

DIRECTIONS FOR USE Renovation Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a renovation treatment in rice crops to control barnyardgrass infestations using ground broadcast spray or hand-held equipment. Renovation is defined as herbicide treatment that will produce crop and weed destruction in an entire field or contiguous area treated within a field. Follow the application methods and recommended treatment rates in the label booklet for FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer herbicide.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Crop sprayed in treated area will be killed. Take care not to spray or allow spray to drift outside the target area in order to avoid unwanted crop destruction. The rice straw and stubble from the treated area, including a 25-foot buffer zone on all sides, shall not be used for grazing, animal bedding or any feed purposes.

Aerial applications are not permitted for rice renovation using this supplemental label.

I. FOR WEED CONTROL APPLICATIONS IN SEED PRODUCTION OF ROUNDUP READY® ALFALFA

General Information

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS (EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED FOR INDIVIDUAL ROUNDUP READY® CROPS), DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

See "GENERAL INFORMATION" and "MIXING" sections of the label booklet for FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer for essential product performance information.

The Roundup Ready® designation indicates that the alfalfa contains a patented gene that provides tolerance to this product. Information on Roundup Ready® alfalfa varieties may be obtained from your seed supplier. Roundup Ready® crop varieties must be purchased from an authorized licensed seed supplier.

See the "ROUNDUP READY® CROPS" section of the FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer label booklet for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready® crops. Do NOT combine the instructions in this supplemental label with other recommendations listed in the "PASTURE GRASSES, FORAGE LEGUMES, AND RANGELANDS" section of the FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer label booklet intended for alfalfa varieties that do not contain a glyphosate tolerance gene.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

This product will control many troublesome emerged weeds with over-the-top applications in Roundup Ready® alfalfa grown for seed. Over-the-top applications may be made from emergence through the late vegetative stage, and spot treatments may be made from early bud stage through seed harvest.

For ground applications with broadcast equipment, apply this product in 3 to 40 gallons of spray solution per acre. Carefully select proper nozzle and spray pressure to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with ground application equipment, use flat fan nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

For aerial application: Use the recommended rates of this product in 3 to 15 gallons of spray solution per acre.

DO NOT EXCEED 2 QUARTS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE WHEN MAKING APPLICATIONS BY AIR. FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN CALIFORNIA, REFER TO THE FEDERAL SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN THAT STATE. AVOID DRIFT. EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS WHICH DO NOT CONTAIN THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE.

Do not apply during low-level inversion conditions, when winds are gusty or under any other conditions that favor drift. Drift may cause damage to any vegetation contacted to which treatment is not intended. To prevent injury to adjacent desirable vegetation, appropriate buffer zones must be maintained.

See the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of the label booklet for procedures to avoid spray drift that may cause injury to any vegetation not intended for treatment.

Sprayer Preparation: It is important that sprayer and mixing equipment be clean and free of pesticide residue before making applications of this product to Roundup Ready® alfalfa. Follow the cleaning procedures specified on the label of the product(s) used. Alfalfa can be very sensitive to many herbicides at extremely low concentrations and care should be taken to thoroughly clean all equipment prior to use.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-planting, Preemergence, Postemergence and Post-harvest of seed

Maximum Application Rates	
Combined total per year for all applications	8 quarts per acre
Total Preplant, At-planting and Preemergence applications	2 quarts per acre
Total in-crop application rate from emergence through the late Vegetative stage	6 quarts per acre
Spot-treatment during early bud stage through seed harvest (See the "Spot Treatment after late vegetative stage" section and the "PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS" section of this label for complete instructions)	Apply spray-to wet; do not apply to the point of runoff

There are no rotational crop restrictions following applications of this product. For any crop NOT listed in the label booklet, applications must be at least 30 days prior to planting.

Over-the-top applications: Broadcast applications of this product may be made using ground or aerial application equipment over the top of Roundup Ready® alfalfa from emergence through the late vegetative stage. Do not make broadcast applications of this product between the initiation of alfalfa budding and the harvest of seed. Any single over-the-top broadcast application of this product should not exceed 2 quarts per acre. Sequential applications of this product should be at least 7 days apart.

Due to the biology and breeding constraints of alfalfa, up to 10% of the seedlings are susceptible and will not survive or thrive after the first application of this product. A single application of at least 1 quart per acre of this product should be applied at or before the 3 to 4 trifoliate growth stage to eliminate the effects of stand gaps created by the loss of non Roundup Ready® plants.

Spot Treatment after late vegetative stage: For late emerging weeds, this product may be applied as a spot treatment in Roundup Ready® alfalfa grown for seed, during the early bud stage through seed harvest. Applications made during this stage may result in reduced seed yield and quality and are the responsibility of the grower. Make applications on a spray-to-wet basis. Do not spray to the point of runoff. If a spot treatment is made after the late vegetative stage, harvested seed must not be used for alfalfa sprout production.

Post-harvest applications: Following harvest of Roundup Ready® alfalfa seed, the stand may be managed for forage and hay production. Refer to the Roundup Ready® alfalfa section of the label booklet FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer for rates and timing of applications for forage and hay production.

Weeds controlled: For specific rates of application and instructions for control of various annual and perennial weeds, refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and the "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" in the FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer label booklet. Some weeds with multiple germination times or suppressed (stunted) weeds may require a second application of this product for complete control. The second application should be made after some re-growth of weeds has occurred.

In addition to those weeds listed in the FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer label booklet, this product will suppress or control the parasitic weed, Dodder *(Cuscuta spp)* in Roundup Ready® alfalfa seed production. Repeat applications may be necessary for complete control.

Tank mixtures with other herbicides, insecticides, or fungicides may result in crop injury or reduced weed control and are NOT recommended for over-the-top applications of this product.

PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS: Do not make over-the-top broadcast applications of this product between the initiation of alfalfa budding and the harvest of Roundup Ready® alfalfa seed. The use of harvested Roundup Ready® alfalfa seed is not suitable for, and is not recommended for, production of alfalfa sprouts.

Read the "LIMIT OF WARRANTY OR LIABILITY" in the label booklet before using. For (in-crop) over-the-top uses on Roundup Ready® crop varieties, crop safety and weed control performance are not warranted by Ragan and Massey, Inc. when this product is used in conjunction with "brown bag" or "bin run" seed saved from previous year's production and replanted. These terms apply to this supplemental labeling and if these terms are not acceptable, return the product unopened at once.

J. FOR APPLICATIONS TO ROUNDUP READY® FLEX COTTON IN THE STATE OF ARIZONA ONLY

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

GENERAL INFORMATION

The use of the over-the-top applications described in this label on other than Roundup Ready® Flex cotton will cause crop injury and reduced yields. Drift of this product from applications made to Roundup Ready® Flex cotton onto adjacent fields of post 4-leaf (node) Roundup Ready® cotton may cause extensive injury including boll loss, delayed maturity and/or yield loss.

NOTE: The instructions provided in this supplemental label are specific to, and should only be used with varieties designated as Roundup Ready® Flex cotton. DO NOT combine the instructions in this supplemental label with those in the "Roundup Ready® Cotton" or "Roundup Ready® Flex Cotton" sections found in the label booklet for FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer, or with any other Roundup Ready® cotton or Roundup Ready® Flex cotton instructions on labeling for this or other glyphosate-containing product. See "Maximum Use Rate" in the "GENERAL INFORMATION" section of the label booklet for FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer for additional information.

ROUNDUP READY® FLEX COTTON VARIETIES MUST BE PURCHASED FROM AN AUTHORIZED LICENSED SEED SUPPLIER. THE DESIGNATION "ROUNDUP READY® INDICATES THE COTTON VARIETY CONTAINS A PATENTED PROPRIETARY TRAIT.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Postemergence (In-crop), Preharvest.

Maximum Allowable Combined Application Quantities Per Season	
Combined total per year for all applications	8 quarts per acre
Calculate the combined rate to be used for all preplant, in-crop and preharvest applications, to ensure that the total does not exceed the maximum allowed rate per acre per year shown above.	
Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence applications	5 quarts per acre
Total In-Crop applications from ground cracking to 60% percent open bolls	6 quarts per acre
Maximum allowed from 60 percent bolls open to 7 days prior to harvest	2 fluid ounces per acre

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY® CROPS" section of the FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer label booklet for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready® crops.

Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting Roundup Ready® Flex cotton.

Postemergence (In-Crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: When applied in accordance with this label. FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer will control labeled annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in Roundup Ready® Flex cotton. To maximize yield potential, spray cotton early to eliminate competing weeds. Many perennial weeds will be controlled or suppressed with one or more applications of this product. In general, an initial application of 1 quart per acre on 1 to 3 inch tall annual grass and broadleaf weeds is recommended. This product may be applied by ground application equipment at rates up to 2 quarts per acre per application postemergence to Roundup Ready® Flex cotton. In addition to broadcast applications, post-directed equipment may be used to achieve weed coverage.

NOTE: For specific rates of application and instructions, refer to the "ANNUAL" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLES" in the label booklet tor FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: The maximum rate for any single in-crop application of this product is 2 quarts per acre made using ground application equipment. **In-crop application rates above 1 quart per acre made alone, or with the addition of other crop chemical products containing surfactant, may cause a crop response, including leaf speckling or leaf necrosis.** Do not exceed a maximum rate of 3 pints per acre of this product when making applications by air. Between layby and 60 percent open bolls, the maximum combined total rate of this product that may be applied is 2 quarts per acre. The maximum combined total of all applications made from crop emergence to 60 percent open bolls must not exceed 6 quarts per acre.

Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for preharvest annual and perennial weed control as a broadcast treatment to Roundup Ready® Flex cotton after 60 percent boll crack. Up to 2 quarts of this product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment. **NOTE:** This product will not enhance the performance of harvest aids when applied to Roundup Ready® Flex cotton.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of Roundup Ready® Flex cotton. Do not apply this product over-the-top beyond first bloom to cotton grown for seed.

ATTENTION: USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL DIRECTIONS IS EXPECTED TO RESULT IN NORMAL GROWTH OF ROUNDUP READY® FLEX COTTON. HOWEVER, DUE TO THE SENSITIVITY OF COTTON FRUITING TO VARIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS, AGRONOMIC PRACTICES AND OTHER FACTORS, IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO ELIMINATE ALL RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PRODUCT, EVEN WHEN APPLICATIONS

ARE MADE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE LABEL SPECIFICATIONS. IN SOME CASES, THESE FACTORS CAN RESULT IN BOLL LOSS, DELAYED MATURITY AND/OR YIELD LOSS.

K. BROADCAST APPLICATIONS IN CHRISTMAS TREE PLANTATIONS

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

NOTE: IF IMPROPERLY APPLIED, THIS PRODUCT HAS THE POTENTIAL TO CAUSE SEVERE CHRISTMAS TREE INJURY. FOLLOW ALL LABEL DIRECTIONS.

This product may be applied as a broadcast spray over established Christmas trees. Ensure that adequate buffers are maintained to prevent drift onto nearby desirable crops or vegetation. Read the entire "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of the FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer label booklet for additional application precautions.

This application is approved for the following Christmas tree species:

Douglas fir *(Pseudotsuga menziesii)*

Fir species *(Abies spp.)*

Spruce species *(Picea spp.)*

Applications may be made only after trees have completed at least a full growing season since planting or transplanting. Applications should not be made within 1 full year prior to tree harvest.

Applications may only be made in the fall after the formation of final conifer resting buds. Final resting buds must be fully hardened and in the dormant stage. Applications made at any other time may result in unacceptable Christmas tree injury.

Avoid spray pattern overlap, as injury may occur.

Apply 1 quart of this product per acre in 5 to 30 gallons of water per acre.

NOTE: DO NOT ADD SURFACTANTS, ADDITIVES CONTAINING SURFACTANTS, OR ANY OTHER ADDITIVES TO THIS PRODUCT AS SEVERE CHRISTMAS TREE INJURY MAY RESULT.

This product may be used at rates from 1 to 2 quarts per acre in some areas. Consult your local representative or supplier for specific recommendations if you require rates greater than 1 quart per acre.

Drift control additives may increase Christmas tree injury and their use is not recommended.

The use of other herbicides tank mixed with this product is not recommended since severe Christmas tree injury may result.

L. FOR USE FOR SELECTIVE WEED CONTROL ON FARMWORKS 41% GLYPHOSATE PLUS CONCENTRATE WITH SURFACTANT TOLERANT PURE GOLD® TALL FESCUE AND AURORA GOLD FINE FESCUE SELECTIONS

FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer Tolerant Tall Fescue Selections For Seed Production

Use this product on FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer tolerant tall and fine fescue grown for seed production only.

This product may be applied at rates of 4 to 16 fluid ounces per acre as a postemergence spray on FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer tolerant tall fescue selections. See the label booklet for application instructions, rate recommendations, weeds controlled and proper growth stage of weeds.

When applied postemergence, this product will control or suppress the following weeds: annual bluegrass mustards, downy brome, cheatgrass, chickweed, pennycress, fleabane, shepherd's-purse, sowthistle, wild oat, dandelion, quackgrass, and Canada thistle. See the FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer label booklet for a complete list of weeds controlled or suppressed.

NOTE: The recommended rate for this use will limit the level of control of certain species of weeds.

NOTE: Some crop discoloration and yellowing may occur at higher rates of application with FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer tolerant tall and fine fescue selections. Reduction in stand of these selections may occur under stress conditions.

Timing Of Applications

Applications can be made 6 weeks after germination and to established crops after growth resumes in the Fall until onset of dormancy and in the Spring after dormancy break until 60 days prior to harvest.

Avoid spraying during or within two weeks after periods when air temperatures fall below 25°F.

Remove domestic livestock from the seed production field prior to application. Wait 60 days after making this application before grazing or harvesting the treated area.

NOTE: Only two applications per crop growth cycle may be made to any one site. If two applications are required, only one Fall and one Spring application may be made during one 12 month cycle.

M. FARMWORKS 41% GLYPHOSATE PLUS CONCENTRATE WITH SURFACTANT GRASS & WEED KILLER AND TANK MIXTURES FOR NON-CROP AREAS

Do not allow spray mixtures of this herbicide to mist, drip, drift or splash onto desirable vegetation since injury or destruction may occur. Do not apply when wind or other conditions favor drift.

See the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of the FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer label booklet for rate recommendations. For difficult to control species, where dense stands occur, or where conditions for control are not ideal, 5 to 10 quarts per acre of this product may be used for improved results.

ARE MADE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE LABEL SPECIFICATIONS. IN SOME CASES, THESE FACTORS CAN RESULT IN BOLL LOSS, DELAYED MATURITY AND/OR YIELD LOSS.

K. BROADCAST APPLICATIONS IN CHRISTMAS TREE PLANTATIONS

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

NOTE: IF IMPROPERLY APPLIED, THIS PRODUCT HAS THE POTENTIAL TO CAUSE SEVERE CHRISTMAS TREE INJURY. FOLLOW ALL LABEL DIRECTIONS.

This product may be applied as a broadcast spray over established Christmas trees. Ensure that adequate buffers are maintained to prevent drift onto nearby desirable crops or vegetation. Read the entire "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of the FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer label booklet for additional application precautions.

This application is approved for the following Christmas tree species:

Douglas fir *(Pseudotsuga menziesii)*

Fir species *(Abies spp.)*

Spruce species *(Picea spp.)*

Applications may be made only after trees have completed at least a full growing season since planting or transplanting. Applications should not be made within 1 full year prior to tree harvest.

Applications may only be made in the fall after the formation of final conifer resting buds. Final resting buds must be fully hardened and in the dormant stage. Applications made at any other time may result in unacceptable Christmas tree injury.

Avoid spray pattern overlap, as injury may occur.

Apply 1 quart of this product per acre in 5 to 30 gallons of water per acre.

NOTE: DO NOT ADD SURFACTANTS, ADDITIVES CONTAINING SURFACTANTS, OR ANY OTHER ADDITIVES TO THIS PRODUCT AS SEVERE CHRISTMAS TREE INJURY MAY RESULT.

This product may be used at rates from 1 to 2 quarts per acre in some areas. Consult your local representative or supplier for specific recommendations if you require rates greater than 1 quart per acre.

Drift control additives may increase Christmas tree injury and their use is not recommended.

The use of other herbicides tank mixed with this product is not recommended since severe Christmas tree injury may result.

L. FOR USE FOR SELECTIVE WEED CONTROL ON FARMWORKS 41% GLYPHOSATE PLUS CONCENTRATE WITH SURFACTANT TOLERANT PURE GOLD® TALL FESCUE AND AURORA GOLD FINE FESCUE SELECTIONS

FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer Tolerant Tall Fescue Selections For Seed Production

Use this product on FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer tolerant tall and fine fescue grown for seed production only.

This product may be applied at rates of 4 to 16 fluid ounces per acre as a postemergence spray on FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer tolerant tall fescue selections. See the label booklet for application instructions, rate recommendations, weeds controlled and proper growth stage of weeds.

When applied postemergence, this product will control or suppress the following weeds: annual bluegrass mustards, downy brome, cheatgrass, chickweed, pennycress, fleabane, shepherd's-purse, sowthistle, wild oat, dandelion, quackgrass, and Canada thistle. See the FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer label booklet for a complete list of weeds controlled or suppressed.

NOTE: The recommended rate for this use will limit the level of control of certain species of weeds.

NOTE: Some crop discoloration and yellowing may occur at higher rates of application with FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer tolerant tall and fine fescue selections. Reduction in stand of these selections may occur under stress conditions.

Timing Of Applications

Applications can be made 6 weeks after germination and to established crops after growth resumes in the Fall until onset of dormancy and in the Spring after dormancy break until 60 days prior to harvest.

Avoid spraying during or within two weeks after periods when air temperatures fall below 25°F.

Remove domestic livestock from the seed production field prior to application. Wait 60 days after making this application before grazing or harvesting the treated area.

NOTE: Only two applications per crop growth cycle may be made to any one site. If two applications are required, only one Fall and one Spring application may be made during one 12 month cycle.

M. FARMWORKS 41% GLYPHOSATE PLUS CONCENTRATE WITH SURFACTANT GRASS & WEED KILLER AND TANK MIXTURES FOR NON-CROP AREAS

Do not allow spray mixtures of this herbicide to mist, drip, drift or splash onto desirable vegetation since injury or destruction may occur. Do not apply when wind or other conditions favor drift.

See the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of the FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer label booklet for rate recommendations. For difficult to control species, where dense stands occur, or where conditions for control are not ideal, 5 to 10 quarts per acre of this product may be used for improved results.

TANK MIXTURES

This product provides control of the emerged weeds listed in the label booklet. When applied as a tank mixture, the following herbicides will provide preemergence and/or postemergence control of the weeds listed in the individual product labels.

The following list of products may be tank mixed with this product. Any recommended rate of this product may be used in a tank mixture with these products.

Tank-mix Product	Rate per Acre
Aresenal*	0.5 to 4 pints
Banvel	1 to 4 pints
2,4-D	0.5 to 1 pound
Garlon™ 3A	1 to 6 pints
Garlon 4	1 to 6 pints
Diuron	4 to 8 pounds
Diuron + 2,4-D	4 to 8 pounds + 0.5 to 1 pound
Diuron + Garlon 3A	4 to 10 pounds + 1 to 2 pints
Diuron + Garlon 4	4 to 10 pounds + 1 to 2 pints
Hyvar™ X	4 to 8 pounds
Hyvar X + 2,4-D	4 to 8 pounds + 0.5 to 1 pound
Hyvar X + Garlon 3A	4 to 8 pounds + 1 to 2 pints
Hyvar X + Garlon 4	4 to 8 pounds + 1 to 2 pints
Krovar™ 1 DF	4 to 6 pounds
Krovar 1 DF + 2,4-D	4 to 6 pounds + 0.5 to 1 pound
Krovar 1 DF + Garlon 3A	4 to 6 pounds + 1 to 2 pints
Krovar 1 DF + Garlon 4	4 to 6 pounds + 1 to 2 pints
Oust™	2 to 6 ounces
Oust+2,4-D	2 to 6ounces + 0.5 to 1 pound
Oust + Garlon 3A	2 to 6 ounces + 1 to 2 pints
Oust + Garlon 4	2 to 6 ounces + 1 to 2 pints
Spike™ 80W	2 to 5 pounds
Spike 80W + 2,4-D	2 to 5 pounds + 0.5 to 1 pound
Spike 80W + Garlon 3A	2 to 5 pounds + 1 to 2 pints
Spike 80W + Garlon 4	2 to 5 pounds + 1 to 2 pints

* Arsenal is not approved for use in the state of California.

Refer to the individual product labels for specific non-crop sites, rates, carrier volumes and precautionary statements.

Read and carefully observe the label claims, cautionary statements, recommended use rates and all other information on the labels of all products used in these tank mixtures. Use according to the most restrictive label directions for each product in the mixture.

Maintain good agitation at all times during the mixing process. Ensure that the tank-mix products are well mixed with the spray solution before adding this product.

Mix only the quantity of spray solution that can be used during the same day. Tank mixtures allowed to stand overnight may result in reduced weed control.

Maintain good agitation at all times until the contents of the tank are sprayed. If the spray mixture is allowed to settle, thorough agitation is required to resuspend the mixture before spraying is resumed.

When used in combination as recommended on this label, the liability of Ragan and Massey, Inc. shall in no manner extend to any damage, loss or injury not solely and directly caused by the inclusion of this product in such combination use.

Read "LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY" in the label booklet before using this product. Those terms apply to this supplemental labeling and, if those terms are not acceptable, return the product unopened at once.

Arsenal is a trademark of American Cyanamid Company.

Banvel is a trademark of Sandoz Crop Protection Corporation.

Garlon and Spike are trademarks of Dow AgroSciences LLC.

Hyvar, Krovar and Oust are trademarks of E. I duPont de Nemours and Company.

N. FOR GROUND AND AERIAL APPLICATIONS TO BRUSH AND CHAPARRAL IN CALIFORNIA ONLY

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Repeat treatments may be necessary to control weeds regenerating from underground parts or seeds.

Nonionic surfactants which are labeled for use with herbicides may be used to improve wetting of foliage. Do not reduce rates of FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer when adding surfactant. Read and carefully observe surfactant rates, cautionary statements, and other information appearing on the surfactant label.

TIMING OF APPLICATION: Apply this product as a broadcast spray when plants are actively growing for partial control of undesirable vegetation listed on this label. Best results are obtained when application is made in the spring to early summer when brush species are at a high moisture content and flowering.

This product may be used as recommended for:

- Aid to burning treatment to establish and maintain fuel breaks
- Establishing fire perimeters and black lines
- Aid to prescribed burning
- Along fire roads and rights-of-way

APPLICATION RECOMMENDATION: Apply 2 quarts of this product per acre for partial control of the following emerged brush and chaparral species:

Ceanothus	Sage
Ceanothus spp.	*Salvia* spp.
Chamise	Scrub oak
Adenostoma fasciculatum	*Quercus dumosa*

Ground applications should be applied in 3 to 40 gallons of total spray solution per acre.

Aerial applications (helicopter only) should be applied in 3 to 15 gallons of total spray solution per acre. Avoid direct application to any body of water.

AVOID DRIFT-DO NOT APPLY WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITION WHICH FAVORS DRIFT. DRIFT MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO ANY VEGETATION CONTACTED TO WHICH TREATMENT IS NOT INTENDED. TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION, APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED.

For aerial application of this product, please see the supplemental label directions for aerial application in California.

O. FARMWORKS 41% GLYPHOSATE PLUS CONCENTRATE WITH SURFACTANT GRASS & WEED KILLER FOR CONIFER RELEASE

DIRECTIONS FOR USE AERIAL

APPLICATION

This product may be applied using aerial spray equipment for conifer release treatments. See the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT and TECHNIQUES" part of the "MIXING, ADDITIVES and APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS" section of the label booklet for FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer herbicide for information on how to properly spray this product by air.

DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT BY AIR TO RIGHTS-OF-WAY SITES IN THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

CONIFER RELEASE

For release, apply only where conifers have been established for more than one year. Vegetation should not be disturbed prior to treatment or until visual symptoms appear after treatment. Symptoms of treatment are slow to appear, especially in woody species treated in late fall. Injury may occur to conifers treated for release, especially where spray patterns overlap or the higher rates are applied or when applications are made during periods of active conifer growth. **Do not use additional surfactant with conifer release applications.**

Applications must be made after formation of final conifer resting buds in the fall or prior to initial bud swelling in spring. Some autumn colors on undesirable deciduous species are acceptable provided no major leaf drop has occurred. Use the following rates for conifer release to control or partially control the weeds listed in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of the label booklet for FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer herbicide.

For release of the following conifer species:

Douglas Fir	**Pines***
Pseudotsuga menziesii	*Pinus spp.*
Fir	**Spruce**
Abies spp.	*Picea spp.*
Hemlock	
Tsuga spp.	

* Includes all species except eastern white pine, loblolly pine or slash pine.

Apply 1.5 to 2 quarts of this product per acre except in Washington and Oregon, west of the crest of the Cascade Mountains. For spring treatments west of the crest of the Cascade Mountains, apply 1 quart of this product per acre before conifer bud swell for control of annual weeds. For fall treatments in Washington and Oregon, west of the crest of the Cascade Mountains, apply 1 to 1.5 quarts of this product per acre before any major leaf drop of deciduous species.

For release of western hemlock apply 1 quart of this product per acre.

For release of the following conifer species:

Loblolly pine	**Slash pine**
Pinus taeda	*Pinus elliottii*
Eastern white pine	
Pinus strobus	

Late Season Application - Apply 1.5 to 2 quarts of this product in a minimum of 5 gallons of spray solution per acre during early autumn. Applications made prior to September 1 or when conditions are conducive to rapid growth of conifers will result in potential for increased injury in the form of tip and/or needle burn. Injury may decrease with later application. Some autumn colors are acceptable at time of application. Apply prior to frost or leaf drop of undesirable plants. Applications made according to label direction will release loblolly pine, eastern white pine and slash pine by reducing competition from the following species:

Ash *Fraxinus spp.*	**Oak, black** *Quercus velutina*	**Sassafras** *Sassafras albidum*
Cherry, black *Prunus serotina*	**Oak, post** *Quercus stellata*	**Sourwood** *Oxydendrum arboreum*
Cherry, pin *Prunus pensylvanica*	**Oak, southern red** *Quercus falcata*	**Sumac, poison** *Rhus vernix*
Elm *Ulmus spp.*	**Oak, white** *Quercus alba*	**Sumac, smooth** *Rhus glabra*
Hawthorn *Crataegus spp.*	**Persimmon** *Diospyros spp.*	**Sumac, winged** *Rhus copallina*
Locust, black *Robina pseudoacacia*	**Poplar, yellow** *Liriodendron tulipfera*	**Sweetgum** *Liquidambar styraciflua*
Maple, red *Acer rubra*		

Apply only to those sites where woody brush and trees listed in this label constitute the majority of the undesirable species.

FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer HERBICIDE PLUS OUST TANK MIXTURES FOR CONIFER RELEASE FROM HERBACEOUS WEEDS

To release loblolly pines from herbaceous weeds, tank mixtures of this product with Oust will provide control of annual weeds listed in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of the label booklet for FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer herbicide and the Oust label, and partial control of the perennial weeds listed below.

Apply 16 to 24 fluid ounces of FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer herbicide with 2 to 4 ounces of Oust in 10 to 30 gallons of spray solution per acre. Make application to actively growing weeds as a broadcast spray over the top of the young loblolly pines.

This product plus Oust tank mixtures may not be applied by air in California.

This tank mixture may be applied using aerial equipment. When applying by air, use the recommended rate in 5 to 15 gallons of spray solution per acre.

For control of annual weeds below 12 inches in height (or runner length on annual vines), use the low rates of both products. Use the higher rates of both products when annual weeds are in more advanced stages of growth and approaching flower or seed formation.

Use the higher rates of both products for partial control of the following perennial weeds. Use the lower rates for suppression of growth.

Bahiagrass *Paspalum notatum*	**Johnsongrass**** *Sorghum halepense*
Broomsedge *Andropogon virginicus*	**Poorjoe**** *Diodia teres*
Dock,curly Rumex crispus	**Trumpetcreeper*** Campsis radicans
Dogfennel *Eupatorium capilliforium*	**Vaseygrass** *Paspalum urvillei*
Fescue, tall *Festuca arundinacea*	**Vervain, blue** *Verbena hastata*

*Suppression at the higher rates only.

**Control at the higher rates.

Pine damage may occur or can be accentuated if treatment takes place when young trees are under stress from drought, flood water, insects or disease.

Read and observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used.

Oust is a trademark of E.I. duPont de Nemours and Company.

P. TO RESTRICT USE AS A PRE-PLANT BURN DOWN TREATMENT ON THOSE AGRICULTURAL CROPS OTHER THAN FORESTLAND IN THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI

Aerial Application Restrictions

Aerial application is prohibited in Zone I, south of Highway 8 in the counties listed below, from March 15 through April 30, except by permit from an authorized employee of the Mississippi Department of Agriculture and Commerce, Bureau of Plant Industry (Ph. 1-888- 257-1285).

Aerial application is prohibited in Zone II, north of Highway 8 in the counties listed below, from March 25 through April 30, except by permit from an authorized employee of the Mississippi Department of Agriculture and Commerce, Bureau of Plant Industry (Ph. 1-888-257-1285).

The Bureau of Plant Industry may at anytime, based on current planting and environmental conditions modify the above restrictions for either zone or county therein.

Zone I: South of Highway 8 in the counties of Bolivar, Sunflower, Leflore, and Grenada plus the entire counties of Carroll, Holmes, Humphreys, Washington, Sharkey, Issaquena, Yazoo and Warren.

Zone II: North of Highway 8 in the counties of Bolivar, Sunflower, Leflore and Grenada plus the entire counties of Tallahatchie, Tate, Quitman, Coahoma, Tunica, Panola and Desoto.

IV. LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

Ragan and Massey, Inc. warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth in the Complete Directions for Use label booklet ("Directions") when used in accordance with those Directions under the conditions described therein. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, NO OTHER EXPRESS WARRANTY OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR MERCHANTABILITY IS MADE. This warranty is also subject to the conditions and limitations stated herein.

Buyer and all users shall promptly notify Ragan and Massey, Inc. of any claims whether based in contract, negligence, strict liability, other tort or otherwise.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, buyer and all users are responsible for all loss or damage from use or handling which results from conditions beyond the control of Ragan and Massey, Inc., including, but not limited to, incompatibility with products other than those set forth in the Directions, application to or contact with desirable vegetation, failure of this product to control weed biotypes which develop resistance to glyphosate, unusual weather, weather conditions which are outside the range considered normal at the application site and for the time period when the product is applied, as well as weather conditions which are outside the application ranges set forth in the Directions, application in any manner not explicitly set forth in the Directions, moisture conditions outside the moisture range specified in the Directions, or the presence of products other than those set forth in the Directions in or on the soil, crop or treated vegetation.

Ragan and Massey, Inc. does not warrant any product reformulated or repackaged from this product except in accordance with Ragan and Massey, Inc.'s stewardship requirements and with express written permission from Ragan and Massey, Inc. .

For in-crop (over-the-top) uses on Roundup Ready® crops, crop safety and weed control performance are not warranted by Ragan and Massey, Inc. when this product is used in conjunction with "brown bag" or "bin run" seed saved from previous year's production and replanted.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE LIMIT, OF THE LIABILITY OF RAGAN AND MASSEY, INC. OR ANY OTHER SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED IN CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY, OTHER TORT OR OTHERWISE) SHALL BE THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID BY THE USER OR BUYER FOR THE QUANTITY OF THIS PRODUCT INVOLVED, OR, AT THE ELECTION OF RAGAN AND MASSEY, INC. OR ANY OTHER SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF SUCH QUANTITY, OR, IF NOT ACQUIRED BY PURCHASE, REPLACEMENT OF SUCH QUANTITY TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICAPLE LAW, IN NO EVENT SHALL RAGAN AND MASSEY, INC. OR ANY OTHER SELLER BE LIABLE FOR ANY INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES.

Upon opening and using this product, buyer and all users are deemed to have accepted the terms of this LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY which may not be varied by any verbal or-written agreement. If terms are not acceptable, return at once unopened.

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All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

EPA REG. NO. 86068-4-84009 • EPA EST. NO. 084840-LA-001

DISTRIBUTED BY:

Ragan and Massey, Inc.

101 Ponchatoula Parkway, Ponchatoula, LA 70454

985-386-6042

FARMWORKS® is a trademark of Tangi•Pac, L.L.C.

FARMWORKS™ 41% GLYPHOSATE PLUS CONCENTRATE WITH SURFACTANT GRASS & WEED KILLER

PEEL BACK BOOK HERE AND RESEAL AFTER OPENING

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

*Glyphosate, N-(phosphonomethyl)glycine, in the form of its isopropylamine salt:	41.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	59.0%
TOTAL:	100.0%

* Contains 480 grams per liter or 4 pounds per U.S. gallon of the active ingredient glyphosate, in the form of its isopropylamine salt. Equivalent to 356 grams per liter or 3 pounds per U.S. gallon of the acid, glyphosate.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

WARNING / AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through skin. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

FIRST AID	
IF IN EYES	• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes then continue rinsing eye. • Call a Poison Control Center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF INHALED	• Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. • Call a Poison Control Center or doctor for further treatmant advice.
IF SWALLOWED	• Call a Poison Control Center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a Poison Control Center or doctor. • Do not give anything to an unconscious person.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. This product is identified as FARMWORKS 41% Glyphosate Plus Concentrate with Surfactant Grass & Weed Killer, EPA Registration No. 86068-4-84009. You may also contact 1-800-764-7661, collect day or night, for emergency medical treatment information.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes plus socks, and protective eyewear. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.
When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:
- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Domestic Animals: This product is considered to be relatively non-toxic to dogs and other domestic animals; however, ingestion of this product or large amounts of freshly sprayed vegetation may result in temporary gastrointestinal irritation (vomiting, diarrhea, colic, etc.). If such symptoms are observed, provide the animal with plenty of fluids to prevent dehydration. Call a veterinarian if symptoms persist for more than 24 hours.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Spray solutions of this product should be mixed, stored and applied using only stainless steel, aluminum, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers. DO NOT MIX, STORE OR APPLY THIS PRODUCT OR SPRAY SOLUTIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN GALVANIZED STEEL OR UNLINED STEEL (EXCEPT STAINLESS STEEL) CONTAINERS OR SPRAY TANKS. This product or spray solutions of this product react with such containers and tanks to produce hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible gas mixture. This gas mixture could flash or explode, causing serious personal injury, if ignited by open flame, spark, welder's torch, lighted cigarette or other ignition source.

EPA REG. NO. 86068-4-84009 **See attached booklet for Directions for Use.** EPA EST. NO. 084840-LA-001

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