

9554.168


 Department of Agriculture
 STATE OF HAWAII


LICENSED

PERIOD 2015-2017 LIC. NO.

Acreage PRO™

LARGE PROPERTY LAWN WEED KILLER



CONTROLS DANDELION, CLOVER, THISTLE, PLANTAIN, HENBIT, CHICKWEED, AND MANY OTHER BROADLEAF WEEDS*

Treats up to 116,000 sq. ft.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Dimethylamine salt of 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid	30.56%
Dimethylamine salt of (+)-(R)-2-(2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxy)propionic acid	8.17%
Dimethylamine salt of dicamba (3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid)	2.77%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	58.50%
TOTAL	100.00%

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS:

2.38 lb 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid equivalent per gallon or 25.38%. 0.63 lb (+)-(R)-2-(2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxy)propionic acid equivalent per gallon or 6.75%. 0.21 lb 3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid equivalent per gallon or 2.30%.

Isomer Specific by AOAC Methods.

KEEP FROM FREEZING

NET CONTENTS:
ONE GALLON

*See inside booklet for a complete list of weeds controlled.

See attached booklet for complete Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use (including First Aid and Storage and Disposal).

**KEEP OUT OF
REACH OF CHILDREN
DANGER - PELIGRO**

Si Usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a Usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

867/2-2015



Acreage PRO™

LARGE PROPERTY LAWN WEED KILLER

→ Getting Started

→ Amount To Use:

Spot Treatment: Mix 1.1 to 1.5 fl. oz. in 1 gallon of water to treat 1,000 sq. ft.

Entire Lawn Treatments:

Pump-Style Sprayer: Mix 1.1 to 1.5 fl. oz. in 1 gallon of water to treat 1,000 sq. ft.

Tow-Behind Sprayer: Mix 1.1 to 1.5 fl. oz. in 1 gallon of water to treat 1,000 sq. ft.

→ **Coverage:** This one gallon bottle treats up to 116,000 sq. ft.



For questions or comments call toll-free **800.884.3179**
Mon.-Fri. 8:00 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. CST



or visit: **GordonsUSA.com**

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EPA EST. NO. 2217-KS-1

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CORPORATION
An Employee-Owned Company

See inside pages for complete
Precautionary Statements and
Directions for Use (including First
Aid and Storage and Disposal).



(ONE GALLON)



Acreage PRO

LARGE PROPERTY LAWN WEED KILLER

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KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER - PELIGRO

Si Usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a Usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

KEEP FROM FREEZING



READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FIRST.
OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS AND
FOLLOW DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

DANGER: Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are natural rubber. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

All mixers, loaders, applicators and other handlers must wear:

- protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, or safety glasses),
- long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- shoes and socks,
- chemical-resistant gloves made of any water-proof material such as barrier laminate, rubber (butyl, nitrile, neoprene and natural), polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) and Viton, and
- chemical-resistant apron when mixing or loading, cleaning up spills or equipment, or otherwise exposed to the concentrate.

User Safety Requirements

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent material that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with the product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

User Safety Recommendations

- Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. If pesticide gets on skin, wash immediately with soap and water.
- Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

First Aid

If in eyes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes.• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.• Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor.• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If on skin or clothing:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Take off contaminated clothing.• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Move person to fresh air.• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-877-800-5556 for emergency medical treatment advice.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates and may adversely affect non-target plants. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters or rinsate.

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination. Application around a cistern or well may result in contamination of drinking water or groundwater.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

1. Use Restrictions

- Do not enter or allow people (or pets) to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.
- Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.
- Not for use on turf being grown for sale or other commercial use as sod, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes. This product is to be applied to turfgrass and lawns on private and public grounds that are intended only for aesthetic purposes.
- For ground application only; aerial applications are not permitted.

2. Use Precautions

- The turfgrass tolerance to this product may vary and temporary turfgrass yellowing may occur. Adverse environmental conditions may reduce the selectivity on the turfgrass. Do not apply this product to stressed turf.
- Do not apply this product to St. Augustinegrass, bentgrass (creeping and colonial), carpetgrass, dichondra, legumes, and lawns where desirable clovers are present.
- Do not broadcast apply this product when temperatures are above 90°F, some injury may be expected with spot treatments when air temperatures exceed 90°F. Where state, county or local governments have more stringent temperature regulations, these regulations must be observed.
- To avoid turf injury, use only on turfgrass that is reasonably free of stress from diseases, insects, excess heat or cold, drought or excess rainfall/irrigation, shaded areas, nematodes, improper mowing or improper applications of fertilizer and pesticides. Injury can occur if this product is applied under any of these or other stress conditions. Under any of these stress conditions, any turf damage caused by the use of this product is beyond the control of the registrant and all risk is assumed by the buyer and/or user.
- Do not use this product on or near desirable plants, including contact of spray on exposed root systems or adventitious shoots within the dripline of desirable trees and shrubs, since injury may result.

3. Where to Use

This product provides broadleaf control in the following sites.

• Ornamental Turfgrass sites:

- **Residential/domestic sites** are defined as areas associated with the household or home life including apartment complexes, condominiums, and patient care areas of nursing homes, mental institutions, hospitals, or convalescent homes.
- **Ornamental turf sites** include turfgrass established around residences, parks, streets, retail outlets, cemeteries, industrial and institutional buildings, recreation areas, fairgrounds, areas adjacent to athletic fields and paved areas.
- **Non-cropland sites:** including farmyards, fencerows or fence lines, highway rights-of-way (principal, interstate, county, private, and unpaved roads): Roadsides, roadside ditches, road shoulders, road embankments, dividers, and medians.

4. How Much To Apply

Cool Season Turfgrasses: Annual bluegrass, annual ryegrass, Kentucky bluegrass, perennial ryegrass, tall fescue, and red or fine leaf fescues.

Warm Season Turfgrasses: Bahiagrass, buffalograss, common bermudagrass, hybrid bermudagrass, and zoysiagrass (Slight turf yellowing will disappear after about 1 week).

Spot Treatments: Mix 1.1 to 1.5 fl. oz. in 1 gallon of water to treat 1,000 sq. ft.

Entire Lawn Treatments:

- Pump Style Sprayer: Mix 1.1 to 1.5 fl. oz. in 0.5 to 1 gallon of water to treat 1,000 sq. ft.
- Tow-Behind Sprayers: Mix 1.1 to 1.5 fl. oz. in 1 gallon of water to treat 1,000 sq. ft.

Table 1. Spot Treatment of annual bluegrass, annual ryegrass, Kentucky bluegrass, perennial ryegrass, tall fescue, and red or fine leaf fescues, and bahiagrass, buffalograss, common bermudagrass, hybrid bermudagrass, and zoysiagrass (Slight turf yellowing will disappear after about 1 week)

Tank Size	Concentrate to add to tank	Coverage Area
1 gal	1.1 to 1.5 fl. oz.	1,000 sq. ft.

Table 2. Entire Lawn Treatment of annual bluegrass, annual ryegrass, Kentucky bluegrass, perennial ryegrass, tall fescue, and red or fine leaf fescues and bahiagrass, buffalograss, common bermudagrass, hybrid bermudagrass, and zoysiagrass (Slight turf yellowing will disappear after about 1 week)

Tank Size	Concentrate to add to tank	Coverage Area
1 gal	1.1 to 1.5 fl. oz.	1,000 sq. ft.
15 gal	16.5 to 22.5 fl. oz.	15,000 sq. ft.
25 gal	27.5 to 37.5 fl. oz.	25,000 sq. ft.

5. How To Apply

5.1 Pump Style Sprayers



Ideal for spraying individual weeds

1. Add the appropriate amount of water and concentrate to the sprayer tank.
2. Close sprayer, shake well, and pump handle to pressurize.
3. Adjust nozzle to deliver a coarse spray pattern.
4. To broadcast over large areas: apply evenly to treated area.
5. To treat individual weeds: spray to wet weed leaf surfaces.
6. Re-pressurize the sprayer as needed to maintain a good spray pattern.

5.2 Tow-Behind Boom Sprayers



Ideal for treating large country and suburban lawns

1. To calibrate your application equipment consult your equipment owner's manual for speed and pressure settings required to deliver [0.5 to] 1 gallon of spray solution to treat 1,000 sq. ft.. For example, at 4 mph a sprayer might deliver 1/2 gallon per 1,000 sq. ft. at 40 psi.
2. To apply evenly, drive at a constant speed that delivers the prescribed amount of spray required for the area to be treated.
3. Mix the appropriate amount of product and water in the sprayer using the following tables as a guide.

Table 3. Pull Behind Sprayers: Application Guide For annual bluegrass, annual ryegrass, Kentucky bluegrass, perennial ryegrass, tall fescue, and red or fine leaf fescues, bahiagrass, buffalograss, common bermudagrass, hybrid bermudagrass, and zoysiagrass

Tank Size	Spray Volume	Coverage Area	Concentrate to add to tank
15 gal	0.5 gal/1000 sq. ft.	30,000 sq. ft.	33 to 45 fl. oz.
	1 gal/1000 sq. ft.	15,000 sq. ft.	16.5 to 22.5 fl. oz.
25 gal	0.5 gal/1000 sq. ft.	50,000 sq. ft.	55 to 75 fl. oz.
	1 gal/1000 sq. ft.	25,000 sq. ft.	27.5 to 37.5 fl. oz.

For spot treatments with Pull Behind Sprayers

See rates under How Much To Apply.

6. For Best Results

For all applications:

- Apply when weeds are young and actively growing.
- Generally, the lower application rates within the specified range will provide satisfactory control of sensitive weed species. The higher application rates within the specified range will be required for dense infestations of perennial weeds, for adverse/extreme environmental conditions, or for weeds hardened off or more mature.
- Fall applications can provide improved control for emerged winter annuals and perennials such as henbit, chickweed, clover and ground ivy.
- Spray when air temperatures are between 60° and 90°F with good soil moisture.
- Spot treatments during the summer may be appropriate for sparse infestations, or as a follow-up treatment, or any time broadleaf weeds are actively growing.
- Certain hard-to-kill weeds may need to be spot treated 30 days after a broadcast treatment.
- Extremes in environmental conditions e.g. temperature and moisture, soil conditions, and cultural practices may affect the activity of this product. Under warm moist conditions, herbicide symptoms may be accelerated. While under very dry conditions, the expression of herbicide symptoms is delayed, and weeds hardened off by drought are less susceptible to this product.

For newly seeded, sodded, sprigged, or plugged areas:

- Delay application of this product to grass seedlings until after the second mowing.
- The application of this product to newly sodded, sprigged, or plugged grasses should be delayed until 3 to 4 weeks after the sodding, sprigging, or plugging operations.
- Treated areas may be reseeded 3 weeks after application.

Warm-Season Turfgrasses:

- Do not apply to listed warm-season turfgrasses unless some turf injury can be tolerated. Do not apply this product to warm-season turfgrass during spring green-up or in the fall during the transition period between active growth and dormancy.
- This product may be applied to fully dormant bermudagrass, fully dormant Zoysiagrass, fully dormant buffalograss and fully dormant bahiagrass.

Irrigation:

- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- Rainfast in as little as 8 hours. Do not apply this product immediately before rainfall or irrigation.
- If possible, do not irrigate or water the turfgrass within 8 to 24 hours after application.
- If dry conditions exist, a scheduled irrigation or watering 24 hours before and 24 hours after application is recommended.

Mowing:

- For optimum results, delay mowing 2 days before and until 2 days after the application of this product.

7. Limitations

Broadcast applications to turfgrass:

The maximum application rate is 4.0 pints of product per 1 acre per application [1.19 lb 2,4-D ae, 0.33 lb MCP-p ae and 0.11 lb dicamba ae per acre per application]. The maximum number of broadcast applications is limited to 2 per year with a minimum of 30 days between applications. The maximum seasonal rate is 8.0 pints of product per 1 acre. [2.37 lb 2,4-D ae, 0.65 lb MCP-p ae and 0.22 lb dicamba ae per acre].

Spot treatments to turfgrass:

Spot treatment is defined as a treatment area no greater than 1,000 sq. ft. per acre. The maximum application rate is 1.5 fl. oz. per 1,000 sq. ft. per application [0.33 lb MCP-p acid equivalent per acre]. The maximum number of spot treatments is limited to 2 per year with a minimum of 30 days between applications.

8. Spray Drift Management

8.1 For Ornamental Turfgrass Sites

It is the responsibility of the applicator to avoid spray drift at the application site. Do not allow the herbicide solution to mist, drip, drift, or splash from treated areas onto desirable broadleaf plants as small amounts of this product can damage sensitive plants near the treated area. If desirable plants are accidentally sprayed, immediately rinsing leaves with water may reduce or eliminate plant damage.

8.2 For Non-Cropland Sites

A variety of factors including weather conditions (e.g., wind direction, wind speed, temperature, relative humidity) and method of ground application can influence pesticide drift. The applicator must evaluate all factors and make appropriate adjustments when applying this product.

Droplet Size

When applying sprays that contain 2,4-D mixed with other active ingredients that require a Medium or more fine spray, apply only as a Medium or coarser spray (ASAE Standard 572) or a volume mean diameter of 300 microns or greater for spinning atomizer nozzles.

Wind Speed

Do not apply at wind speeds greater than 10 mph. Only apply this product if the wind direction favors on-target deposition and there are not sensitive areas (including, but not limited to, bodies of water, known habitat for nontarget species, nontarget crops) within 250 feet downwind. If applying a Medium spray, leave one swath unsprayed at the downwind edge of the treated field.

Temperature Inversions

If applying at wind speeds less than 3 mph, the applicator must determine if: a) conditions of temperature inversion exist, or b) stable atmospheric conditions exist at or below nozzle height. Do not make applications into areas of temperature inversions or stable atmospheric conditions.

Susceptible Plants

Do not apply under circumstances where spray drift may occur to food, forage, or other plantings that might be damaged or crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use or consumption. Susceptible crops include, but are not limited to, cotton, okra, flowers, grapes (in growing stage), fruit trees (foliage), soybeans (vegetative stage), ornamentals, sunflowers, tomatoes, beans, and other vegetables, or tobacco. Small amounts of spray drift that might not be visible may injure susceptible broadleaf plants.

Other State and Local Requirements

Applicators must follow all state and local pesticide drift requirements regarding application of 2,4-D herbicides. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

Equipment

All ground application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers or surrogates. Do not apply with a nozzle height greater than 4 feet above the target site.

9. Weeds Killed		
Amaranth, purple	Buckhorn	Clover, red
Amaranth, slender	Bullnettle	Clover, strawberry
Aster, heath	Burclover	Clover, yellow sweet
Aster, white heath	Burdock	Clover, white sweet
Aster, purple	Burweed, lawn	Clover, white
Aster, white prairie	(spurweed)	Cockle
Artichoke	Buttercup, bulbous	Cocklebur
Austrian fieldcress	Buttercup, creeping	Cocklebur, oriental
Bedstraw, Catchweed	Buttonweed, common	Cocklebur, spiny
Bedstraw, smooth	(poorjoe)	Common mullein
Bedstraw, Northern	Buttonweed, virginia	Corn Spurry
Bedstraw, pineywoods	Carolina geranium (wild)	Creeping Beggarweed
Beggarticks, hairy	Carpetweed	Creeping Jenny
Betony, Florida	Catnip	(Creeping Charlie)
Bindweed, Field	Catsear, spotted (false	Cupid shaving brush
Bindweed, Hedge	dandelion)	Cudweed
Bitter Wintercress	Chamber bitter	Daisy, English
Bittercress, hairy	Chickweed, common	Daisy, oxeye
Bitterweed	Chickweed, mouseear	Dandelion, common
Black-eyed Susan	Chickweed, sticky	Dandelion, false
Black Medic	Chicory	Day flower
Blood flower milkweed	Cinquefoil	Deadnettle
Blue lettuce	Clover, crimson	Dichondra
Brassbuttons	Clover, alyce	Dock, broadleaf
Bristly oxtonge	Clover, hop	Dock, curly
Broomweed	Clover, rabbit foot	<i>(cont. on next page)</i>

9. Weeds Killed (cont.)

Dogbane	Kochia	Pennycress (frenchweed)
Dogfennel	Lambsquarters	Pepperweed, perennial
Dollarweed (Pennywort)	Lespedeza	Pepperweed, virginia (Peppergrass)
Dove weed	Mallow, alkali	Pigweed, prostrate
Elderberry	Mallow, bristly	Pigweed, redroot
Falseflax	Mallow, common	Pigweed, russian
False sunflower	Mallow, dwarf	Pigweed, smooth
Fiddleneck	Mallow, venice	Pigweed, tumble
Filaree, redstem	Marcela	Pineapple weed
Filaree, whitestem	Matchweed	Plains coreopsis (tickseed)
Fleabane, daisy (annual)	Mexicanweed	Plantain, blackseed
Fleabane, rough	Moneywort	Plantain, bracted
Galinsoga, hairy	Morningglory, bigroot	Plantain, broadleaf
Galinsoga, smallflower	Morningglory, ivyleaf	Plantain, buckhorn
Goldenrod	Morningglory, mexican	Plantain, hoary
Ground ivy	Morningglory, red	Plantain, narrowleaf
Groundsel	Morningglory, tall	Plantain, slender
Gumweed	Morningglory, woolly	Plantain, woolly
Hairy fleabane	Mugwort	Poison ivy
Hawkweed, meadow	Mustard, ball	Poison oak
Hawkweed, mouseear	Mustard, black	Pokeweed
Hawkweed, orange	Mustard, blue	Prairie Sunflower
Hawkweed, yellow	Mustard, hedge	Prickly lettuce (compass plant)
Healall	Mustard, Indian,	Prickly sida
Heartleaf drymary	Mustard, tansy	Prostrate knotweed
Hemp	Mustard, tumble	Puncturevine
Henbit	Mustard, white	Purslane, common
Hoary cress	Mustard, wormseed	Pusley, brazil
Horsenettle	Nettle, stinging (burning)	Pusley, florida
Horseweed	Nettle, tall	Pusley, large flower
Jimsonweed	Nettle, wood	
Johnny Jump-up violet	Parsley-piert	
Knawel	Parsnip	
Knotweed, prostrate	Pearlwort	

(cont. on next page)

9. Weeds Killed (cont.)

Ragweed, bur	Spurge, prostrate	Virginia creeper
Ragweed, common	Spurweed	Western clematis
Ragweed, lancleaf	Star of Bethlehem	Western salsify
Ragweed, western	Strawberry, India mock	Wild aster
Redstem filaree	Tansy ragwort	Wild buckwheat
Rough cinquefoil	Tanweed	Wild carrot
Scarlet pimpernel	Thistle, blessed	Wild four-o'clock
Shepherd's purse	Thistle, bull	Wild garlic
Smartweed, ladysthumb	Thistle, canada	Wild lettuce
Smartweed, pale	Thistle, flodman (prairie)	Wild marigold
Smartweed, pennsylvania	Thistle, musk	Wild mustard (yellow rocket)
Smooth chaff-flower	Thistle, platte	Wild onion
Smoothdock	Thistle, plumeless	Wild parsnip
Sorrel, red (sheep)	Thistle, russian	Wild radish
Sowthistle, annual	Thistle, scotch	Wild rape
Sowthistle, spiny	Thistle, wavyleaf	Wild strawberry
Spanish needles	Thistle, yellow (horrible)	Wild sweet potato
Speedwell, bi-lobed	Trailing crownvetch	Wild violet
Speedwell, common	Velvetleaf	Woodsorrel, creeping
Speedwell, corn	Vervain, blue	Woodsorrel, violet
Speedwell, ivyleaf	Vervain, hoary	Woodsorrel, yellow (Oxalis)
Speedwell, persian	Vervain, prostrate	Woolly croton
Speedwell, purslane	Vervain, tall	Wormseed
Speedwell, slender	Vetch, bird	Yarrow, common
Speedwell, snow	Vetch, hairy	Yarrow, western
Speedwell, thymeleaf	Vetch, milk	Yarrow, yellow
Spiny amaranth	Vetch, narrowleaf	
Spurge, spotted	Vetch, wild	

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container in a locked storage area inaccessible to children or pets. Keep from freezing.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

IMPORTANT: Read this LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER before buying or using this product. By opening and using this product, buyer and all users agree to accept the terms of this LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER in their entirety and without exception. If the terms are not acceptable, return this product unopened immediately to the point of purchase, and the purchase price will be refunded in full.

It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with use of this product. Damage to the treated article, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences can result from use of the product under abnormal conditions such as weather, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, etc. Such factors and conditions are beyond the control of the manufacturer, and **BY PURCHASING AND USING THIS PRODUCT THE BUYER AND ALL USERS OF THIS PRODUCT AGREE TO ACCEPT ALL SUCH RISKS.** Buyer and all users further agree to assume all risks of

loss or damage from the use of the product in any manner that is not explicitly set forth in or that is inconsistent with label instructions, warnings and cautions.

The manufacturer warrants only that this product conforms to the chemical description given on the label, and that the product is reasonably suited for the labeled use when applied according to the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks described below. **TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE HEREBY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED.**

THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF BUYER AND ALL USERS OF THIS PRODUCT, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF THE MANUFACTURER, FOR ANY AND ALL LOSSES, DAMAGES, OR INJURIES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER OR NOT BASED IN CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY IN TORT OR OTHERWISE, SHALL BE LIMITED, AT THE MANUFACTURER'S OPTION, TO REPLACEMENT OF OR THE REPAYMENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE FOR THE QUANTITY OF PRODUCT WITH RESPECT TO WHICH DAMAGES ARE CLAIMED. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, IN NO CASE SHALL THE MANUFACTURER BE LIABLE FOR INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, OR SPECIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT. The Manufacturer must be promptly notified in writing of any claims, whether based in contract, tort, negligence, strict liability, or otherwise, to be eligible to receive either remedy stated above.

The terms of this LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements at the point of sale or elsewhere. No employee or agent of the manufacturer or seller is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of this Limited Warranty and Disclaimer in any manner.

867/2-2015 AP112014
EPA REG. NO. 2217-694
EPA EST. NO. 2217-KS-1

MANUFACTURED BY
PBI/GORDON CORPORATION
1217 WEST 12TH STREET
KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI 64101
www.GordonsUSA.com



**READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FIRST.
OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS AND
FOLLOW DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY.**

PEEL HERE TO OPEN ▲

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

DANGER: Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

First Aid	
If in eyes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes.• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.• Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor.• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If on skin or clothing:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Take off contaminated clothing.• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Move person to fresh air.• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-877-800-5556 for emergency medical treatment advice.	
NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.	

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